Austra . Sch. 15 Indonesse . Rg 2500 Portugal . Ext 65 Bahren . But. 0 650 Bahren . But. 5 00 Bahguna . But. 5 00 Japan . Y550 Supan . Rt. 5 00 Supano . St 4.10 Supano . St 54.10 Supano . St 6.50 S

# FINANCIALTIMES

**EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER** 

Tuesday October 18 1983

Lebanon: the key role played by Syria, Page 19

#### **NEWS SUMMARY**

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BUSINESS

unit of the British Leyland group, is planning to re-enter the U.S. mar-ket, which it left two years ago.

• COFFEE prices rebounded in London, with a £28.5 rise to £1,902

(\$2,857.35) a tonne in the January

COFFEE

LONBON Zad Position Futures

DOLLAR fell to DM 2-603 (from DM 2-6185), FFr 7-955 (FFr 7-9975) and SwFr 2-11 (SwFr 2-121), but

rose to Y233 (Y232.8). Its Bank of

England trade-weighted index fell from 1264 to 125.9. In New York it closed at DM 2.5842; FFr 7.9025; SwFr 2.0055 and Y232.07. Page 45

● GOLD fell \$4.625 in London to

\$394,625. In Frankfort it closed

\$4.125 lower at \$394.625, and in Zu-

rich it fell \$5 to \$394.5. In New York

the Comex October settlement price

• LONDON: FT Industrial Ordi-

nary index eased by 0.9 to 677.6.

showed small increases, Report, FT

Share Information Service. Pages

● TOKYO: Nikkei Dow index rose 36.56 to 9.420.9. Stock Exchange in-

dex closed 2.97 up at 685.78. Report, Page 35. Leading prices, other ex-changes, Page 38.

press the Soviet Union to pay more

for their agricultural produce and to

guarantee energy and raw materials supply. Comecon talks open to-

• CHASE MANHATTAN, third

largest U.S. banking group, reported third-quarter earnings 11.5 per cent lower at \$108m, and blamed

Brazilian and Venezuelan loan re-

■ AMERICAN EXPRESS reported

third-quarter earnings a less-than-

expected 11 per cent up at \$180m.

● LOCKHEED, the U.S. aerospace

group, reported third-quarter earn-

ings 8 per cent higher at a net \$59.6m. Page 21

• MCDONNELL DOUGLAS air-

craft production in the U.S. is likely

to stop because of a walk-out by

7,000 workers. Page 5

payment delays. Page 21

day, Page 2

agricultural equipment.

brokers and agents.

Government securities

was \$397.A. Page 44

No. 29,148

#### U.S. man Austin on missile Morris spying returns charge to U.S.

The U.S. has charged an American citizen with selling secrets about the Minuteman missile and ballisplanning to re-enter the U.S. martic missile defence systems for more than \$250,000 to a Polish spy, for relay to the Soviet Union. The man is a Californian, James Harper, who was arrested on Satur-

day and arraigned yesterday. An army expert said the material described U.S. plans to enable Min-uteman to survive a Soviet nuclear first strike. Harper's spying was said to have gone on from May 1979 until the present. The damage done

#### South African raid

is said to be incalculable.

South African forces carried out a new raid on Maputo, the Mozambique capital, attacking the offices of the black nationalist African National Congress. Mozambique said

five people were injured. South African Defence Minister General Magnus Malan said the raid followed the sabotage attack by the ANC on a fuel depot in Transvaal last week. Page 4

#### Mozambique crisis

Thousands of people are in danger of dying in southern Mozambique, following a second consecutive year of drought, said an official report.

of drought, said an official report.

OSTERLING edged up 15 points to \$1.5015 and to \$7350 (\$7349.5), but eased to Dm 3.91 (DM 3.93). FFr
Shelling and sniping broke out in at least three war zonmander col
The U.S. Marines commander col
Tim Geraghty said that the gunmen who killed two of his men in Beisnt

OSTERLING edged up 15 points to \$1.5015 and to \$7350 (\$7349.5), but eased to Dm 3.91 (DM 3.93). FFr

1.925 (\$FFr 11.95), and \$5.8Fr

2.725 (\$W\$Fr 3.185) Its trade weighting closed unchanged from Friday's \$3.6. In New York it closed at \$1.5040. Page 45 who killed two of his men in Beisut at \$1.5040. Page 45 recently were newly arrived infil-trators who aimed to sabotage peace efforts. Page 4

#### Shamir folled

Plans of Israeli Premier Yitzhak Shamir to name his new Finance Minister, believed to be right-wing economist Yigal Cohen-Orgad, were thwarted by inter-party rivalries.

#### Philippines reforms

Philippines ruling New Society Movement (KBL) agreed to adopt electoral reforms to encourage op-ponents of President Ferdinand Marcos to contest next year's elec-

#### Wind power start

World's largest wind power plant, • RAST European countries will 150 metres high, with 100 metre sails, started operating at Brunsbüttel, near the mouth of the Elbe. West Germany.

Falkiands crash A British air force Phantom jet

crashed in the Falkland Islands,

#### killing its two crew.

Baptists for trial

#### Two Latvian Baptists are to stand trial in Riga for anti-Soviet activi-

Shooting in Punjab Gunmen shot dead a policeman and

# wounded another in India's trou-bled Punjab state.

Oriels win series Baltimore Oriels beat Philadelphia Phillies 5-0 to win U.S. baseball's World Series by four games to one.

Lucca, Italy, Bandits broke into a house and kidnapped a 17-month-

French Marxist Manes Sperber, 77. won the German Book Publishers' peace prize at Frankfurt.

• FISONS, the UK health care and agriculture group intends to raise \$15m from U.S. financial institu-Raymond Aron, French right-wing philosopher and writer, 78, died in tions. Page 26 Paris. Page 2

# EEC seeks early move to reduce trade barriers

BY PAUL CHEESERIGHT IN LUXEMBOURG

The EEC is to explore with the world's major trading nations the possibility of accelerating planned tariff cuts in an attempt to give substance to declarations first to halt and then to roll back protectionism.

last month attended by the trade

reservations about oursuing the in-

itiative. France has also been in the

forefront of moves to take a more

aggressive stand against Japanese

But it will continue to maintain at the beginning of each of the next its restrictions on Japanese imports and yesterday decided in principle to double its tariff to 19 per cent on

compact disc players. These moves emerged yesterday from a meeting of the EEC Council

of Ministers in Luxembourg.
Ministers gave Mr Wilhelm Haf-erkamp, the Commissioner in charge of external relations, author-sion's scheme it would be prepared ity to pursue a Commission scheme to drop this reservation.
which would involve industrialised nations in speeding tariffs cuts, agreed during the 1970s Tokyo Round of multilateral trade negotiations, when their economic growth rates reach 2 per cent à year. This is the first tangible initiative

to reduce trade barriers internationally since leading economic powers committed themselves at their Williamsburg summit last May to reverse protectionism as recovery takes place.

against Japan could kill the tariff initiative. Japan is believed to be If the scheme wins agreement it showing unusual interest in the would mean immediate action by

proposal.
Discussions about EEC relations the U.S. and Japan whose growth rates are higher than that of the with Japan led to no fresh ideas on EEC. Hitherto the EEC has made how to reduce the EEC trade deficit, its share of cuts due from 1985 to estimated at \$12bn for 1983. But the Commission is to negotiate with Ja-pan, with the aim of continuing ex-1987 conditional on its own economic health, but under the Commisisting Japanese export restraints on products like video cassette recorders and colour televisions. The idea of speedier tariff cuts

The raising of the tariffs on comwas floated at a meeting in Ottawa pact disc players, which Germany opposed but which can be decided ministers of Canada, the U.S. and Japan, and by Mr Haferkamp. The by majority vote, suggests that the EEC is trying to provoke Japan into initial reaction is said to have been further measures to boost imports.

Ministers decided not to pursue Within the EEC only France had in the immediate future the EEC complaint in the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade against Japan's trading policies.

EEC demands steel compensa-tion; Spain and Portugal's acces-sion, Page 20; plastics price-fixing probe, Page 7

# Bundesbank calls for boost in investment

Hong Kong markets

HONG KONG's currency markets trage process which, the Govern-

reacted uncertainly yesterday to ment says, is at the heart of their the Government's weekend support strategy to keep the free market measures for the currency. These

ernment.

remain uncertain

BY ALAIN CASS, ASIA EDITOR, IN HONG KONG

BY JOHN DAVIES IN FRANKFURT WEST GERMAN companies must boost their profits and investment urther to provide the basis for sustained economic growth and more jobs, according to the Bundesbank,

the country's central bank. It said that both profits and gross investment - including replacement of depreciated equipment and build-ings - recovered in the first half of this year, but were still unsatisfac-

At the same time, the Bundesbank confirmed that the money supply increased last month at the

same pace as in August.
The money supply has grown at an annual rate of 8 per cent, seasonally adjusted, since the fourth quarter of last year. This is generally re-garded as within a comfortable distance of the 4 to 7 per cent target

range. The Bundesbank said in its monthly report yesterday that gross investment by business un-

centred around the pegging of new currency notes at HK\$7.80 to the U.S. dollar, ending nearly 10 years of floating exchange rates.

At the close of trading, the cur-

rency was valued at HK57,90-HK58,00 to the U.S. dollar.

sion over how the measures an-

nounced on Saturday would work in

It also reflected continuing con-

cern over Hong Kong's political fu-

ture, and, in particular, the outcome

of the fifth round of talks between Britain and China, which start in

The colony's stock market, how-

welcome. The Hang Seng index

ended the day 33.04 points up on

Sir John Bremridge, the colony's

Financial Secretary, acknowledged

in a statement yesterday that there

was "confusion and misunderstand-

ing." But he added that the markets

ever, gave the measures a cautious

Peking on Wednesday.

last week's close at 771.55.

dertakings outside the banking and building sectors was up 4.5 per cent in the first half of this year, compared with the same period last

The increase in this investment outstripped the growth of gross na-tional product (GNP) for the first time since recession took firm hold two years ago. Even so, investment made by

these businesses amounted to only 11 per cent of GNP, and after de-ducting expenditure which merely offset depreciation, it amounted to only 1.5 per cent of GNP. This is the lowest net investment

ratio in post-war history, apart from a short spell after the first oil crisis of 1973-74. The net investment ratio was 4 per cent on average in the 1970s and 6 per cent in the 1960s.

The Bundesbank said that the Continued on Page 20 Invisibles deficit narrows, Page 3

Arbitrage is the process by which

money dealers profit by the differ-ence between the buying and sell-

ing price of a currency.

Hong Kong's two note-issuing

banks, the Hongkong and Shanghai

day from clients wanting to know

how the measures worked. Satur-

day's measures also included the

abolition of the tax on interest on

locally held Hong Kong dollar de-

Officials were stressing yester

The measures only apply to deal-

ings between the two note-issuing

banks and the Government's ex-

change fund, which holds the col-

Lex, Page 20

#### Space film may be launch pad for Glenn campaign By Reginald Dale in Washington

IF \$40m of Hollywood money has anything to do with it, the first seven American astronauts are poised for a sensational comeback as national cult heroes – just 22 years after they started hurtling perilously into space in a frantic bid to catch up with the Russians.

Later this week, American film-goers will get their first chance to see a spectacular new real-life epic chronicling the exploits of the astro-nauts – and the test pilots who went before them - as they competed to show that they had "the right stuff" to climb to the apex of their often fatally dangerous careers.

The Right Stuff is the title of the 3 hour 10 minute film, based on a 1979 best-selling book by the American writer, Tom Wolfe.

As it was launched with elaborate fanfare in Washington at the week-end; it was not just film critics who were jockeying for invitations to the première. It may be, as its promoters are hoping, the Oscarwinning American film of the year. More important, in Washington's eyes, it will also make political history. The principal character, Mr John Glenn (played by actor Ed Harris), just happens to be running for President

Never before has a full length film starring a presidential candidate appeared in the middle of a campaign. President Ronald Rea-gan's famous "old movies" in which he was the actor not the acutal hero, bear no comparison. Despite intense speculation by pundits and pollsters, nobody can say with any certainty whether or not it will aid Mr Glenn's bid for the Democratic presidential pomination next year. or even, if he succeeds, help elevate

Thin trading mostly by small inBank and the Chartered Bank, him to the White House. The film - conceived long before Mr Glenn launched his run - is unabashedly American macho. Mr Wolfe believes that the Kennedyera astronauts, untainted by the trauma of Vietnam that was to follow, are the "last true American

day that the new measures worked out in close co-operation with Bank That is how the film portrays them, against a background of draof England officials, do not mean matic flight and space photography, "that the man in the street will be swelling music and often lightable to exchange Hong Kong dol-lars for U.S. dollars at the rate of hearted human interest sequences that bring in their anxious wives.

It is much less cynical about Mr Glenn than the book, which made him out to be ambitious, prudish and self-righteous, especially in the famous scene in which he exhorts

Continued on Page 20

#### trading policy. Half the tariff cuts agreed in the But yesterday both West Ger-Tokyo Round are still outstanding many and Denmark argued that acand should take place in four stages tion to protect EEC industry further Tebbit to act 'briskly'

cordial.

# on UK privatisation

BY MARGARET VAN HATTEN, POLITICAL CORRESPONDENT, IN LONDON

with its proceed at a "brisk" pace gramme during the present session with its programme of selling off of parliament. This involves the national industries.

Mr Norman Tebbit, the former Employment Secretary who yesterson, said privatisation of state industries was one of the most important aspects of the Government's programme. "The nationalised industries have been letting us down, in many cases, for years," he said. He made clear that he would not WALL STREET: Dow Jones in-dex closed up 5.18 at 1,268.70. Re-port, Page 35. Full share listings,

be making any changes to the pro-gramme worked out by Mr Parkinwith his former secretary.

son, who resigned from the Cabinet after admitting having a love affair The Government hopes to com- yards.

sale of part or all of its holding in British Telecom, British Airways, British Gas, North Sea oilfields and day took over as Trade and Indus-try Secretary from Mr Cecil Parkin-British Rail's Sealink, British Shipbuilders' repair yards and the Royal Ordnance arms factories.
In the medium term, the pro-

gramme will probably stretch through next session of parliament, but here, too, indications are that the Government hopes to move fast. This will involve BL's Jaguar, Land-Rover and Unipart concerns, the National Bus Company, the British Airport Authority's airports and British Shipbuilders'

ment will be looking at British Steel, British Rail, British Gas, the Civil Aviation Authority, Rolls-Royce aero engines and the remain-Mr Tebbit is due to take part in

the Anglo-French summit tomorrow. President Mitterrand, of France, and six of his ministers are due in London for talks in which issues of the EEC budget are likely to On the British side, Sir Geoffrey

Howe, Foreign Secretary, and Mr Nigel Lawson, Chancellor of the Exchequer, are expected to join a team of ministers led by Mrs Margaret Thatcher, the Prime Minister. were beginning to grasp the arbi-

Editorial comment, Page 18

# France 'near accord on Olivetti stake'

BY PAUL BETTS IN PARIS

THE French Government is on the the troubled Bull group. At the MOSCOW: First U.S. trade exhibition for six years opened with more than 100 companies featuring verge of reaching agreement after months of complex negotiations with Olivetti on its 32 per cent shareholding in the leading Italian ● AUSTRALIA is to introduce conelectronics company. trols on the activities of insurance The agreement is expected to see

Compagnie Générale d'Electricité (CGE), the large and profitable French nationalised electronics group, take a 10 per cent stake in Olivetti from the French Government. The remaining 22 per cent in Olivetti held by France would either be sold back to Olivetti, or to institutional investors in Europe, or

The French Government at present holds its stake in Olivetti through the nationalised Bull computer group, with 24 per cent, and Saint-Gobain, the nationalised diversified glassmaker, with 8 per Saint-Gobain originally was nationalised by the Socialist Government. Under its ambitious plan to reor-

dustry, the Socialist Administration per cent French stake. Ever since divested Saint-Gobain of its elec-nationalisation of Saint-Gobain, Sig tronics interests to concentrate the Carlo de Benedetti, Olivetti's chief date processing industry around

same time, CGE is to become the centre of the French telecommunications industry through its CTT-Alcatel subsidiary now due to take control of the telecommunications business of Thomson, the other nationalised group.
Under the circumstances, the

Government favoured a CGE-Olivetti link-up to strengthen CGE's position in the telecommunications adustry at a time when its major rivals are teaming up with data pro-CGE's CIT-Alcatel subsidiary ha

already signed an industrial joint venture agreement with Olivetti to produce jointly electronic typewri ters. Moreover, CIT-Alcatel is understood to be seeking other forms of technical and industrial collaboracquired the Olivetti stake before it ation with the Italian company. CIT-Alcatel's industrial agree-

ment with Olivetti has been held up by the negotiations between France ganise the French electronics in- and the Italian group over the 32 Continued on Page 20 **Nobel Prize** awarded to **U.S.** professor By Kevin Done in Stockholm

PROFESSOR Gerard Debreu, proics at the University of California, Berkeley, was yesterday awarded the 1983 Nobel Prize in economics.

The 62-year old French-born pro-fessor, a citizen of the U.S. since 1975, won the SKr 1.5m (\$192,000) prize for this penetrating basic research work in one of the most central fields of economic science, the theory of general equilibrium, the Royal Swedish Academy of Sciences, the nominating body, said yesterday.

This year's prize is the sixth in succession to have been won by economists working in the U.S. and follows last year's award to Professor George Stigler of the University

of Chicago. Several of the previous awards have been surrounded by controversy often arising from the recipient's political connections, but the latest prizewinner is likely to be less contentious.

According to the Academy, Prof Debreu's major achievement is his work in proving the existence of equilibrium-creating prices.

Profile, Page 5

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>  Telex: 30038
>  Telex: 74935
>  Telex: 26722
>  Telex: 425679
>  Telex: 210119
>  Telex: 470609

CON	TENTS
Europe	3 Editorial comment 21 Eurobonds 5 Financial Futures 21 Gold 4 Int. Capital Markets 22 Letters
Britain	Market Monitors  Men and Matters  Mining  Money Markets  Raw markets - Bourses 3  Stock markets - Bourses 3  - Wall Street 3  Technology  Unit Trusts
Currencles	45 Weather

UK regional aid: expensive Arabian oil states: the need search for right formula 18 for spending cuts . . . . 11 Syria: its key role in the Editorial comment: British Lebanon imbroglio . . . . 19 Cabinet; Spain, Portugal . 18 Nuclear missiles: Genscher's Lex: Hong Kong; RHM; remeeting with Gromyko . . . 2 tail sales in the UK . . . . 20 French politics: eyes focus UK enterprise zones: Technology: Japan's plans in Small businesses: insuring

# Turkish election gets off to damp start

campaign in six years has had a damp start, with the public apparently turning a cold shoulder to the

Traditionally, Turkish election campaigns are heady affairs, public indifference. Crowds of tens of thousands pack cities. Leaders travel in convoys of cars several kilometres long amid

All three parties which are being permitted by the military to compete in the elections on November 6, however, are finding that their first response from the public is small crowds and embarrassing

The two front-running parties into the main squares of the big the Nationalist Democracy Party of Mr Turgut Sunalp and the Motherland Party of Mr Turgut Ozal - machanting supporters. Skirmishes naged to attract audiences of only In Erzerum, Mr Ozal, who is and even gunlights erupt at inter- 5,000 for speeches by their leaders usually said to be attracting more in major cities over the weekend. grassroots support than his rivals,

to a smaller square. mocracy Party, even the bussing in of supporters from surrounding towns and American-style election a handful at the front of the crowd razzamatazz, failed to draw the cheered him, and then only when crowds. The cities' residents comforeign television crews pointed

the party emblem, being pulled through the streets.

plained at being woken up by the

crowing of giant effigies of roosters,

In Izmir, fancied as a potential took one look at the small crowd open air speech. His aeroplane stronghold for the Nationalist De- and adjourned his election speech broke down and he eventually delivered a speech three hours late to an audience in a cinema with capac-Turkish journalists said that only ity of just over 1,000 people.

So far, no significant issues appear to divide the parties, although there is some controversy over Mr Mr Necdet Calp, the Populist Par- Ozal's record as economic overlord

Most worrying for the parties in beginning his campaign with an poll could overshadow them.

#### ty leader, retained his reputation as the most luckless of the three party the election is the possibility that a "non-election" campaign by the two chiefs. He was banned by the Malatya martial law authorities from major groupings excluded from the

# Shortfall in Community budget forecast at £340m

THE EEC's 1983 farm budget management he said. will fall ECU 600m (£340m) short unless the Commission egrees tomorrow to defer some expenditure to next year, a senior Commission official con-

M Claude Villain, the Director General for Agriculture, said he thought spending of at least ECU 400m (£230m) would need to be postponed in order to be sure of balancing the CAP
budget. The remaining ECU
200m shortfall could be dealt through normal cash after effectively over-ruling an

He would not speculate on what measures the Commission might adopt when it considers
the CAP's cash flow crisis tomorrow. But he believed that
maintaining the current suspension until the end of the year
of advance payments on export subsidies and on a variety of producer aids would yield the necessary ECU 400m

independent initiative by Mr Commission, which suspected Poul Dalsager, the Agriculture Commissioner, to defer a variety of payments totalling ECU 400m for three months.

The Commission has dealers ing their demands, these re-The Commission has doubted The Commission has doubted whether the Ecu 15.7bm earmarked for farm spending this year would be enough since member states lodged requests for advance payments for November totalling Ecu 1.6bm for November—more than Ecu 250m above the year's monthly

Under pressure from the

ing their demands, these re-quests have now been trimmed to Ecu 1.3bn. But the balancing Ecu 1.1bn left in the CAP treasury will not be sufficient for December. The Commission cannot call on member states to pass more money to the EEC budget because this year's total spendin gis only Ecu 80m short of the total amounts which

their cameras at them.

legally hand over to Brussels.

The CAP's cash problems are expected to be discussed by EEC agriculture ministers at their regular council meeting here today. Last night they had a first look at Commission pro-posals for reducing New Zealand butter imports from 87,000 tonnes this year to 73,000 tonnes over five years.
Mr Warren Cooper, New Zea

land's minister with responsi-bility for overseas trade attacke dihe proposals here yesterday as protectionist

## Raymond Aron dies

M RAYMOND ARON, perhaps one tively politically committed and beof the best known contemporary came a leading symbol of French French thinkers, died yesterday at left-wing intellectualism. the age of 78. He suffered a heart Aron criticised the French left's

nent liberal thinkers of the century, M Aron was a student in Paris with Jean-Paul Sartre. He called Sartre writers had a difficult intellectual relationship which lasted for half a sellers in France, last week.

inism and a constant critic of the Paris, where he met Jean-Paul Sar-French intellectual left. He also re- tre. fused to involve himself directly in politics. But he remained active to for L'Express, he worked with Le the very end on the editorial board Figuro before falling out with the of the French weekly l'Express, in which he wrote a regular and much Hersant. Aron wrote some 30 books

respected political column.

attack shortly after appearing as a faddish attachment to Marxism in witness in a Paris libel trial. one of his most famous books. L'Onone of his most famous books, L'Op-Regarded as one of the most emi-ium des Intellectuels. Just before his death, Aron, a prolific writer, published his memoirs which had brought him back in the literary spotlight in France. His memoirs topped the list of non fiction best

Aron was born on March 14, 1905 From the beginning, Aron was a in Paris. His father was a law pro-harsh opponent of all forms of total-fessor. In 1924 he went to the presti-

As a journalist, before working newspaper's proprietor, M Robert including Essai sur les libertes, In contrast, Sartre was always ac- democratie et totalitarisme.

## Craxi warns MPs after defeat

BY IAMES RUXTON IN ROME

SIG BETTINO CRAXI, Italy's first Socialist Prime Minister, yesterday warned his Cabinet in strong tones that he would tolerate no repetition of the breakdown in party discipline that led to his coalition Government's devasting parliamentary defeat last week. He even hinted in public yesterday at the possibility of resigning.

Both the Government's credi-

bility and its economic strategy were badly shaken when the Chamber of Deputies threw out a decree granting an amnesty to the millions of Italians who harsh opponent of all forms of totalitarianism, a passionate foe of Stalgious Ecole Normale Superieur in have infringed building regulations since 1942 in exchange for

The amnesty was expected to raise L9,000bn (\$5.6bn) almost a quarter of the amount the Government is trying to cut from its budget deficit next

The measure was defeated not only because many coalition

MPs did not attend the vote, but also because almost 30 MPs made use of the secret voting system to vote against their own government. The Govern-ment lost by 34 votes.

Though there has been an attempt to minimise the defeat, it has sharply raised tensions within the governing five-party coalition, especially between the long-ruling Christian Demo-crats and the Socialists, since many of those who voted against the government are believed to be disgruntled Christian Democrats.

Yesterday, Sig Craxi, speaking to Journalists, said that if his coalition partners did not show more sense of responsi-bility "everything would become very precarious, very difficult and could even become insupportable"—a clear hint that he might decide to resign after little more than two months in

The Cabinet decided yester day to re-present the amnesty provision to parliament in due course, either as a decree that must be approved within 60 days, or as a Bill whose approval would take longer. There is as yet no suggestion that the Government is planning additional economic measures to make up for the revenue that will be lost because of the delay in getting amnesty back into

operation.

Meanwhile the difficulty of the economic situation facing the Government has been emphasised with the announce ment of another jump in the trade deficit. In August Italy had a deficit of Lire 1,391bm bringing the deficit for the first 8,213bn. However, the accumu later deficit is more than Lire 3,000bn lower than the Lire 11,594bn it reached in the equivalent period of 1982.

#### E. Europe to press Moscow on energy

By Leslie Colitt in East Berlin

EAST EUROPEAN countries will press the Soviet Union to pay more for their agricultural exports and to guarantee long-term energy and raw materials supplies at the annual meeting of Comecon prime ministers which begins today in East Berlin. They will also discuss the long-delayed conference Comecon's Communist party leaders which is not

next year. The food exporters—mainly Hungary, Bulgaria and Romania—argue that prices for agricultural products traded within Comecon have not risen in 10 years while prices for industrial products. energy and raw materials have soured. This, they say, has contributed to the marked deterioration in the terms of trade of the agricultural producers.

Romania, although impor

expected to take place until

ing fodder from the West. exports vegetables, fruit and emports vegetables, fruit and wine to East Germany, Poland and the Soviet Union. Huggary sells considerable amounts of meat and fodder to the Soviet Union for dollars, an arrangement Moscow is anxious to change to a transferable rouble basis.

All the East Europeans want Moscow to guarantee the long-term supplies of oil, natural gas, iron ore and other raw materials. Moscow, in turn, wants them to invest far more heavily in the Soviet extracive industries but has been vague on long-term supply commitments, especi-

It faces a decline in oil output which remains its leading hard-currency export to the West.

The hard-pressed East Euro peans say they do not have the capital to invest in such joint projects, especially if they are not based on a "businesslike" arrangement

guaranteeing supplies. East Germany feels itself particularly aggrieved as it is being deprived of Soviet pro-ducts being diverted to Poland and is not receiving planned deliveries of Polish raw

# Gromyko's stonewall defence defies Genscher assault

BY JAMES BUCHAN IN BONN

coming home to roost although their run is rarely as luxurious as a gilt and mirrored apartment in the Soviet embassy in

Vienna. In this room, four years ago, Presidents Jimmy Carter and Leonid Brezhnev put the finishlimitation treaty—Salt II—which ignored a new Soviet intermediate-range weapon known to Nato as the SS-20.

Last Saturday these same SS-20s, multiplied meanwhile from a few score to 369, were firmly ensconced on the table between Mr Andrei Gromyko, the Soviet Foreign Minister, and his West German counterpart. tionally tough talks, and another three at the nearby West German embassy next morning, Herr Genscher failed completely to get his host either to remove them or reduce their numbers in a manner satisfactory to the West.

At the same time, he made clear to Mr Gromyko that if no agreement is reached by November 21 in Geneva at the U.S.-Soviet missiles talks, the Bonn Government would make a declaration to Parliament, and deployment of the first batch of U.S. Pershing 2 missiles in the south of the country could begin

#### Demonstrators

Meanwhile, back at home, West German police were using water cannons to disperse demonstrators from in front of U.S. barracks in Bremerhaven who would desperately like to avoid deployment of yet more nuclear missiles on West German territory.

Herr Genscher needs publicity for his tiny Free Democrat Party and Jenuively seems to like risks. But to go to Vienna to meet Mr Groyko at the start of the West German peace movement's climatic week of demonstrations seemed breath-taking even for him.

Some Nato diplomats feared that Mr Gromyko would direct. himself at West German public opinion while Herr Genscher might let the Western position stew in order to salvage some-thing in West German relations

CHICKENS HAVE a way of with the East to show the people

Herr Genscher entirely failed to budge Mr Gromyko from the old Soviet position that the West has no right to deploy new missiles in Europe because the British and French independent deterrents are adequate. But the Soviet side did accept a number of proposals for meetings and co-operation after deployment beyond the business of rockets" as one official

This modest success, frumpeted in the West German Press yesterday, is timely because it appeals to German vanity. Bonn could be acting as the only open channel in the general East-West freeze that may follow Western deployment. There is also a wide-spread public sense that history obliges West Germany to act as

#### Jumped in

However, at the one point at which Mr Gromyko attempted to drive a wedge between West Germany and the U.S., Herr Genscher jumped in. The early sessions consisted of very long declarations of known positions but when Mr Gromyko bitterly attacked the U.S. for its latest set of missile proposals. Herr Genscher "could not let it stand," according to a Bonn official. Instead, he explained at length that the proposals were worked out by the allies as a whole, with West Germany very

Mr Gromyko apparently made no serious attempt to he the demonstrations in Germany either with a clear threat to break off the missiles talks or a plausible but spurious flexibility.

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to

Nor has the Soviet side yet quarrelled with the West German version of the talks, although the question of a Gromyko news conference was held open until after Herr Genscher had spoken to

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**Brown Boveri play their part\*** in the consortium that built the Warri steel plant-

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**BROWN BOVERI** 

# W. German deficit on 'invisibles' narrowing

BY JOHN DAVIES IN FRANKFURT

State Office State

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WEST GERMANY appears to be ance, the deficit last year was DM' it described the West Germans as heading this year for a smaller defi- 55.7bn (\$21.3bn) slightly more than the world's most "travel-happy" cit on "invisible" items in its bal- in 1981. ance of payments current account, partly because holidaymakers are continuing to be thrifty abroad.

bank, said in its monthly report yesterday that the decline would be the first since 1978.

It predicted, however, that the deficit would grow again as eco-nomic recovery boosted the insur-ance and freight bill for imports

ting much of its surplus on trade in holidays closer to home and spending freight and insuring less freely.

this year, the deficit was down to DM 35.9bn, compared with DM

spent DM 39.6bn abroad, while for-eign tourists spent DM 13.4bn in

The Bundeshank - which obviance and freight bill for imports ously has its finger on the pulse as and as Germans spent more freely on holidays.

West Germany traditionally runs a high deficit on "invisibles," offset-line much of its pulse as well as the purse-strings of Germans — said that people were not willing to give up holidays abroad. But they have been taking foreign

people, but even so, their spen But in the first eight months of abroad has risen little since 1980.

The Bundesbank said that another factor reducing the "invisiontinuing to be inritty acrossis.

The Bundesbank, the central 41.8bn a year ago.

Sank, said in its monthly report yesserday that the decline would be the because of travel. West Germans dends. While West Germany had a serday that the decline would be the because of travel. West Germans dends. While West Germany had a net deficit of DM 3.7bn in such payments in the first eight months of last year, there was a small DM 300m surplus so far this year.

The central bank said that trans fer payments to the European Economic Community (EEC) were a steadily rising charge.
On the other hand, transfers

abroad from foreign workers were



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#### **EUROPEAN NEWS**

#### Union test in social security

funds vote By Our Paris Correspondent

COMMUNIST and Socialist unions favourable to the French Government are expected to lose ground in elections tomorrow that pro-

vide an important test of the strength of the rival unions. Some 30m people are eligible to vote in elections to nominate new representa-tives to the local councils that in principle administer some FFF 600m in social security

frif 600m in social security funds. Only the five major unions can put up candidates —though only one French-man in five is a union member—which means that the elections provide a yard-stick of each union's

The elections have been given a strong political character by the appeals made by M Jacques Chirac. the Mayor of Paris and other leaders on the right, for voters to support the unions most critical of the govern-

These are the increasingly militant Force Ouvriere, which appeals to blue collar workers, and the CGC and CFTC, who represent salaried staff and managers.

For the government the

elections are important in that serious setbacks by the pro-Socialist CFDT union and the Communist led CGT would make it more difficult to win their acquiescence for wage moderation and industrial restructuring that entails substantial redundancies.

The outcome of the elec-tions will also influence the reforms of the social security system that the Government has now under study. M Pierre Beregovoy, the Minister for Social Affairs, has summoned a meeting of employers and unions for late November to discuss the future financing

The Left is looking to turn the tide by 1986, writes David Housego

# French eyes focus on poll horizon

THE FRENCH Left would be badly defeated if a general election was held today. This continuing shift to the Right seen in recent municipal and canional elections was under-lined Sunday by a neo-Gaullist's victory in a municipal election at Antony, near Paris.
The most recent public opinion polls show that only 32 per cent of those questioned still have confidence in the President—a score which is roughly the equivalent of hard core Communist and Socialist

Senior Socialist officials see little hope of an improvement over the next 15 months as the government rides out the consequences of its austerity measures in terms of falling industrial production and rising unemployment. Privately they

But if it should lose badly then there will be a conflict shuffle reveals that the main between a right-wing dominated National Assembly and a Socialist President that will test the institutions of the 5th Republic sent policy. Mitterrand's recent decision would be reduced from its present two junior ministerial sent peak of around 45 per cent by 1 percentage point. That the main pledge cannot be redeemed without lower taxes or higher growth or both.

The new nominations are institutions of the 5th Republic seen in Government circles as many senior Socialists who are warning that reduced from its present decision would be reduced from its present decision.

minister.

importance



unemployment. Privately they are resigned to heavy losses in "cohabitation"—the issue that has brought M Raymond Barre, the former Prime Minister, and But all this is tolerable to M Jacques Chirac, the Mayor of

is at its lowest ebb. The second advisers is that they cannot also is that M Mauroy is an accept- afford to lose in 1986.

the large labour redundancies that will have to accompany major industrial restructuring. There are already plenty of clues as to what M Mitterrand

the large labour redundancies that will have to accompany maior industrial restructuring.

There are already plenty of clues as to what M Mitterrand believes should be the shape of the Budget and of economic policy in 1985. He told the cabinet recently that it was not a decline in inflation or the Minister most attacked by the left in would never be called party leaders if they can Paris and the neo-Gaullist reverse the trend in time for the legislative elections in 1986. If the Left can win those — or at least come close to a majority — then it believes it has a chance of establishing itself as a long-term party of government and of winning the Presidential election in 1988.

But if it should lose badly and the neo-Gaullist and eccline in infiation or the trade deficit that would really impress the electorate but a decline in taxation. Hence his recent public pledge on television that in the 1985 budget whether President Mitterrand the ratio of tax and social security payments to GNP would be reduced from its present peak of around 45 per cent to fill two junior ministerial by 1 percentage point. That

However, there are a good many senior Socialists who are warning that reflation in 1985 to straining point. Socialist indicating that the President leaders also believe that if they lose in 1986 they stand little chance of winning in 1988.

Thus, though the legislative elections are still two and a half even though he is now seen as elections on an election of the legislative elections on an election of the legislative elections on the legislative elections of the legislative

On the simplest electoral important because right and arithmetic, it is now clear that centrist parties are now conan enfeebled Socialist Party vinced that they will win in cannot do without the Commun- 1986. The question thus is ists if the Left is to stand any whether a right and centrist chance of achieving a majority majority in the National in 1986.

Assembly should try to govern These factors point, according to senior Socialists, to a rand, or whether they should change of Prime Ministers after seek his resignation. On this change of Prime Ministers after seek his resignation. On this the European elections but in issue the opposition leaders are

time for the newcomer to stamp divided.
his mark on the 1985 budget. M Raymond Barre says there This is the budget which will can be no compromise with a provide the economic framework for the run up to the 1985 M Mitterrand must "draw the legislative elections. In a nut-lessons" of the left's defeat. work for the run up to the 1985 m mitterrand must "draw the legislative elections. In a nut- lessons" of the left's defeat, shell the next few months provide the only period when the between the National Assembly Government can afford to risk and the Presidency would be the large labour redundancies disastrous for the economy and

left, he would never be called on by M Minerrand to form a coalition government. With his own eves now on the Presi-dency, M Barre believes he has most to gain from projecting himself as an uncompromising

opponent of socialism.
Surprisingly it has been the more Right-wing M Chirac who has said that an "agreement" with M Mitterrand would be possible after 1986. But playing the role of moderate suits M Chirac's book at the moment because he is in danger of losing nation-wide middle-ofthe-road support as militants in his neo-Gaullist RPR push the party further to the Right. As leader of the largest oppo years off, it is no exaggeration at electoral liability.

Two factors justify this. The factor fact the legislative elections on a platform of bringing down infirst is that M Mitterrand does flation and restoring the current account balance. Whatever majority in the National the timing of a change of prime time when the Left's popularity tor for M Mitterrand and his still lawset shift has eacened advisors in that the Government should also expect to have a national role in leading an opposition majority in the National Assembly after 1986 and even conceivably—to be asked even conceivably—to be asked by M Mitterrand to form a explains the significance of what otherwise might seem to many outsiders as an arcane debate that the junior partners in debate within the opposition over "cohabitation" becomes advocating compromise now.

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# Gunmen jeopardise stumbling peace efforts in Lebanon

BY NORA BOUSTANY IN BEIRUT

GUNMEN IN the underprivileged slums south-east of Beirut have again jeopardised the stumbling peace process by killing and wound-ing U.S. marines stationed there.

In only three days, two U.S. marines from the 1,600-man contingent serving with the multinational force in Beirut were killed by sniper fire in a growing pattern of assaults against their positions.

Colonel Tim Geraghty, the commander of the marines in Lebanon, charged that newly arrived infiltra-tors into the poor Shia Moslem suburb of Hjay al Sullom, overlooking marine positions on the airport perimeter, were responsible for the violence. Eight marines have been wounded since last Thursday.

"There have been elements coming through this area that we have been watching and they are obviously in town now," he told a press conference yesterday. No-one has been able to pinpoint who are the assailants. The leader of the Shia militia group Amal, Mr Nabih Berri, denied responsibility for the inci-dents and said that "evil fingers and a fourth party" were trying to carry out a "plot against us and the marines." Amal is largely in control of the outskirts south-east of the capital. However, it was suggested that the trouble was instigated by factions which stand to lose from stability as the Lebanese Government inches its way towards a national dialogue on power-sharing.

Colonel Geraghty blamed "elements operating here within the Beirut area that are obviously against the peacekeeping process and the national reconciliation that the Government of Lebanon is trying to get on track." The U.S. marine commander noted that his men had run hundreds of patrols with no harassment through Amal neighbourhoods. He added that Mr Berri had expressed his condolences to the marines and stressed that his

"Given the misery and depriva-tion of the impoverished residents in the suburbs, it would not be too difficult for any party to recruit from or use disgruntled Shia Mos-lems for its aims," said one western diplomat based in Beirut, in trying to explain who may be behind the escalation against the marines.

an-inspired Hizbullah (Party of God) and communist activists have been mentioned as possible infiltrators into the Hay al Sullom area.

## Rangoon blames Korean terrorists

yesterday that three "Korean October 9, that killed 17 South Koreans, including four Cabinet senior Government officials.

The Government refused to say whether the assailants were from North or South Korea, and added that the investigation into the blast at the Martyr's Mansoleum in Rangoon was continu-

A preliminary South Korean investigation report carried out

in Rangoon last week concluded that North Korean commandos planted three bombs - two of leum in order to wipe out the Ad-ministration of South Kerean President Chun Doo Hwan, He escaped possible death by five minutes. North Korea has de-nied involvement in the attack. A three terrorists captured by Bur-mese police on October 10 and 11 belonged to the same group as that held responsible for the blast.

# South Africa in raid on Maputo

SOUTH AFRICAN forces yes members were housed in the in the last few weeks. black nationalist movement, the Mozambican news agency, AIM, African National Congress five people were injured in the blast in central Pretoria which bican capital bican eapital.

The attack was conducted by a small group of soldiers against an ANC planning centre

against an ANC planning centre located in an apartment block close to President Samora Machel's suburban residence, the South Africa Defence Force said.

The South Africans' version was generally confirmed by the Mozambican Government and most generally confirmed by the ANC. In a statement from the ANC. In a statement from its Lusaka headquarters, the large numbers of trained month's referendum on its Maputo area to camps in the apartment block.

The Pretoria said were being used to most not special tor no special transon. The country's president. More than 3,000 than to "honour" the country's president. More than 3,000 trops and a wide range of military hardware took part in the interest attack seems to indicate that the South Africans' motive was not solely to destroy ANC installations.

South African pressure on Mozambique has recently have been an assassination domestic audience before next many of its men from the leaderg living in or visiting the month's referendum on its Maputo area to camps in the apartment block.

The South African defence claimed 19 lives. In January minister, Gen Magnus Malan, 1981, South African troops linked the raid to an attack attacked three houses on the by ANC saboteurs last week on outskirts of Maputo which a fuel depot in the northern Pretoria said were being used

constitutional proposals. The far-right Conservative Party, which frequently criticises the Government's ties with black African states, has applauded the Maputo raid.

Significantly, the biggest military parade in 40 years was held in Pretoria last Saturday



# Mozambique President arrives in London tomorrow

PRESIDENT Samora Machel of country's existing friendship ance (MNR), which is seeking position remains that "violence investment is motivated by two Mozambique arrives in London treaty with the Soviet Union. to overthrow the present in both directions is con-factors: the limited extent of Mozambique artives in London tomorrow on the final stage of a six-nation European designed both to expand aid and trade links with the West, and to seek international backing to dissuade South Africa from actively destabilising his

The Mozambique head of state, who arrived in Paris yesterday from Yugoslavia, is interested not only in increased economic links, but also in military training and supplies of military equipment. Neither have been ruled out in European expitate in spite of his

President Machel's plea for Frelimo government.
greater Western pressure to restrain South Africa was emphasised by yesterday's commando-style raid on offices major railway lines, as well congress in Manuto the Mosan lines. Congress in Maputo, the Mozambique capital. The raid was immediately condemned by the British, French and Portuguese governments, in terms generally

targets, but also of covert support and supplying the Mozambique National Resist-

Although there is sympathy for Mozambique's plight, and tacit Western acceptance of its claims (which have been publicly backed by the U.S. State Department, although pot deoloring any violence publicly backed by the U.S. Mozambique accuses South State Department, although not Africa not only of overt cross-border raids on suspected ANC that has not resulted in any control of the cont formal pressure on

demned but that British influence on the South African ent is limited.

Mozambican officials insist that the present European tour

increased Western interest will result in greater sympathy in the struggle with South Africa, The President said his Government was studying the structures and mechanisms of that the present European tour

- 40 Belgium, the Netherlands
and Portugal, as well as Britain,
France and Yugoslavia — is
intended primarily to emphasise the country's independent
foreign policy, despite its
official Marxist ideology. They
dispute the Western interpretation that it indicates a
shift away from the Soviet
Union and its allies.
However, the desire to
promote Western trade and

economic assistance from the Soviet bloc; and the belief that

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# Death threats to **Indian leaders**

BY K. K. SHARMA IN NEW DELHI

AS BOMB and grenade attacks' murder charges because he has Punjab continued yesterday, notes threatening to kill Indian leaders were found by police in

leaders were found by police in Chandigarh, the state-capital, if any attempts were made by law enforcement agencies to enter the Golden Temple in the holy city of Amritsar.

This is taken as evidence by the Government that Sikh extremists are responsible for the increasing number of bomb and grenade explosions in Puniab and Harvana states and in jab and Harvana states and in New Delhi. These have led to the loss of several lives and forced the Indian Government to take over the administration of Punjab which has been de-clared a "disturbed area."

The notes found yesterday

were near places where unex-ploded grenades were discov-ered. They gave a warning against attempts by police to enter the Golden Temple where several extremists are thought to have found sanctuary. Their leader is suspected to be the militant Sant Jarnail Singh seeking secession of Bhindranwale whom police from the Indian Union at have been unable to arrest on responsible for the violence

on Hindu temples and public not left the tmple for more places in the troubled state of than a year. The question of using special

powers to enter the Golden Temple, which is the bead-quarters of the Sikh movement, is being discussed. Mrs India Gandhi said at the weekend that this would not be done. How-ever, the police and army believe special powers already granted could be used if the

In yesterday's grenada attacks, two police officers were killed and many others were injured. The authorities have tightened security measures in [1] Puniab towns where tension between the Sikhs and Hindu is

Sikh leaders in Amritsar yes terday accused Mrs Gandhi el trying to put the blame for the violence in Punjab on their conmunity by holding the extremists responsible for the bomb attacks. Although they resented this, the notes found yester-day suggest that the extremists

#### ADB set to approve **Delhi loan application**

INDIA'S lean application with the Asian Development Bank (ADB), which was first presented in 1981, is set to be approved next year. India had wanted to borrow \$2bu had wanted to borrow \$2bn spread over a five-year period, but its application has not been acted upon because of severe constraints on ADB's lending resources.

ADB president Mr Masae Fujioka said that India can start borrowing from the bank toward the end of next year. "We aknowledge India's right and need to borrow from us, but we can lend them only a modest amount," he said.

Mr Futioka said that ADB

he said.

Mr. Fujioka said that ADB cannot meet the full amount that India wanted to borrow because it will deprive many of the existing borrowers from the hank's developing member-countries.

In its 1981 loan applica-tion, India had given energy and power projects the and power projects the highest priority for funding; followed by railways projects. ADB deferred the decision to lend to India until it completed the replenishment of its annual projects. per cent to \$16b

iprize fc

to introduce a new facility roughly equivalent to the International Fund's (IMF) standby facility which helps member-countries with balance of payments deficits. Mr Fujioka payments dencies. Mr Pajioka said that the facility is to be called supplementary financing facility and will finance the cost overruns of existing projects that ADB has

Meanwhile, ADB also plans

#### Australian mines council criticises aboriginal law

BY COLIN CHAPMAN IN SYDNEY

concern over the national debate on aboriginal rights and claimed that 12.5 per cent of the country's territory was either should be confined to compensation for surface disturbance, under claim as such. This was end that compensation for surface disturbance and that compensation for surface disturbance such and that negotiations between aboriginal land that negotiations between aboriginal land that negotiations between aboriginal land holders and mining companies and that negotiations between aboriginal land holders and mining companies and that compensation for surface disturbance such that compensation for surface disturbance spiritual disturbance sometimes the size of Victoria.

"Legislation has invariably had the effect of discouraging mineral activity on aboriginal land or under claim as such. This was and that compensation for surface disturbance sometimes the size of Victoria.

"Legislation has invariably had the effect of discouraging on behalf of the whole such and the compensation for surface disturbance." Spiritual disturbance sometimes the size of Victoria.

"Legislation has invariably had the effect of discouraging on behalf of the whole surface disturbance." Spiritual disturbance of the size of the state of the size of the state of the size of the size of the state of the size of the size of the state of south that negotial holders and mining companies.

The council argued that ownership of minerals beneath aboriginal land should remain with the Crown and that aborigines should not have the power of veto over exploration or development.

bers of the public in their lasted, argued the council, dealings with the insurance here should be government industry. The legislation is supervision and mining com-likely to be introduced in there should be government supervision and mining company adherence to a strict code Parliament early next year.

THE AUSTRALIAN mining of conduct for the exploration industry yesterday expressed and mining.

CONCERN OVER the national debate

The council said that negotia-The council said that negotiations between aboriginal land

mineral activity on aboriginal one of 300 in the first major land," said the Australian Mining Industry Council in its submission to the West Australian Government's inquiry into aboriginal land rights.

One of 300 in the first major investigation of aboriginal land rights since the Justice Woodward inquiry in the 1970s.

One of 300 in the first major investigation of aboriginal land rights since the Justice Woodward inquiry in the 1970s. plans to press ahead with legislation to regulate the activities of insurance brokers and agents. Mr Paul Keating, the treasurer, said the legislation would provide financial and other safeguards for mem-

#### **AMERICAN NEWS**

#### THE NICARAGUAN CONFLICT

# Rebels step up fuel-supply attacks

BY TIM COANE IN MANAGUA

ATTACKS by anti-government rationing in order to divert rebels in Nicaragua against limited supplies to the armed critical point.

Adm Out philip

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**plication** 

This has provoked a sharp response by the Sandinista government in Nicaragua with well-publicised statements that

This has provoked a sharp any attempt to deny Nicaragua's economic vulnerability to such attacks.

The attacks against Nicaragua with attacks. the country has requested arms from friendly countries to defend Nicaragua's shores and

The increase in attacks Esso.
against sensitive economic targets during the past three weeks marks a change in strategy by the U.S. backed rebels, or "contra" forces, who have nificant military gains on the

last Monday's attack on fuel crop.
tanks and installations at the port of Corinto by "contra" brought in. However, vehicles guerrillas suggests that the are in short supply, spares are

storage tanks but left unaffected vehicles needed to transport all vital gasolene and aviation fuel. If the latter had been hit, cropdusting activity by light aircraft on Nicaragua's cotton crop would have had to be abandoned. Cotton is Nicaragua's second biggest export. Nevertheless, the attack has led to a further tightening of petrol

economic targets, especially forces. Reports from the U.S. fuel supplies, have inflicted sig-nificant damage and raised the supplies remained in the four-year-old conflict to a country could not be confirmed here. But there has never been

> The attacks against Nicaraguan fuel supplies have pro-voked a suspension in the country's sole refinery run by

The most crucial time of the year in Nicaragua's economy is approaching—the coffee harvest. It generates around 80 per cent of the country's export earnings and every year since the 1979 failed to erode popular support and every year since the 1979 for the Sandinistas or make sigeager slogan-chanting students and youths enrol in voluntary ground.

The latest assessment here of work brigades to pick the coffee

damage was serious but could have been worse.

The attack destroyed diesel so far only 200 of the 700 storage tanks but left unaffected vehicles needed to transport all



Sr Daniel Oriega Saavedra, co-ordinator of Nicaragua's 3-man junta

of the economy is getting increasingly uneasy about the financial losses it faces if the

attacks. "The U.S. should be exporting democracy," he told a local reporter.

Sr Alejandro Harvard-educated director of multilateral relations in Nicaragua's Foreign Ministry, and one of the "think tank" that formulates the country's foreign policy, says that the Reagan Administration wishes to see "the complete destruction of

the Nicaraguan revolution. He points to the U.S. troop build-up in Honduras, and says that the U.S. "is working furiously" to justify the sending of U.S. troops to Costa Rica.

A U.S. naval construction team is already working in northern Costa Rica. "They want to encircle us on both frontiers and in both oceans," Sr Bendania said. Sr Bendania said.

Sr Daniel Ortega, head of the Nicaraguan Government junta, said on Friday that Nicaragua was now formally requesting arms from a number of govern-ments to "defend Nicaragua's shores and air space."

After Dr Kissinger's brief visit to Nicaragua on Saturday Sr Ortega said: "We are not despairing of peace. . . But we are facing a situation of war, and that's the reality."

But meanwhile, Nicaragua is now bracing itself for what will probably be the heaviest military offensive and most critical moment in its four-year-old

# Brazil opposition in wage-law truce

BY ANDREW WHITLEY IN RIO OF JANEIRO

BRAZIL'S powerful opposition as well as far-reaching political a series of changes to improve until Thursday, parties, long opposed to any dealings with the Government Figueiredo. over the foreign debt crisis, have agreed to a temporary, informal truce in the Federal Congress, on the eve of the scheduled vote on the country's controversial new wage limita-

In return for their co-opera-tion in not defeating the salary law in Congress—which would precipitate a fresh crisis in relations between Brazil and the International Monetary

concessions from President Joao the parlous financial situation of

Over the weekend, eight Foz do Iguacu, signed a declara-tion calling for direct presiden-

opposition state governors, cannot ignore the continuing side, and between the politicians meeting in the border town of pressure from the opposition and government Ministers on for participation in decision the other, on alternative making, his immediate concern measures to reach a conclusion.

This is to allow time for nego

state administration.

While President Figueiredo and government parties on one

tresident Figueiredo's successor is, under present rules, due to be selected by an Electoral College dominated by government supporters in January, 1985.

However, the price that the opposition parties, led by the Partido do Movimento Democratico Brasiliero, a coolition of cratical Brasiliero, a coolition of crucial.

Voting on Decree-Law 2045. law in Congress—which would precipitate a fresh crisis in relations between Brazil and the International Monetary Fund—the opposition parties are seeking a greater say in the shaping of economic policy,

## White House move on speeches

THE WHITE HOUSE has moved to tighten up control on speeches by officials responsible for economic affairs following an embarrassing disagreement last month between Mr Donald Regan, Treasury Secretary, and Mr Martin Feldstein, chairman of the Council of Economic Advisers, who clashed publicly on the impact which huge budget deficits have on the eco-nomy and interest rates.

The dispute has rumbled on in recent weeks with Mr Feld-stein making it clear that in his view. Federal Budget deficits, which many economic forecasts say could remain around the

\$200bn level for the next three leaks from White House staff years, are contributing to the disclosing that the President is high level of real interest rates and are a serious threat to on fiscal policy to Mr Feldstein balanced economic growth. Mr Regan has claimed that Mr Feldstein has been put under

budget deficits are not forcing pressure to alter his speeches to up interest rates. He has also conform with the White House

It has been accompanied by vulnerable to attack

taken a more optimistic line on the outlook predicting earlier this month that the deficit could fall to "the area of "\$100bn by 1985.

for comment, and hinting that

economic speeches prior to de-livery is widely interpreted as culations. The Administration is all too well aware that it is aimed in part at muzzling Mr in the area of budget policy that its economic perfomance is most its economic perfomance is most

#### Mass turnout by Peronists

By Jimmy Burns in Buenos Aires

THOUSANDS OF supporters of the Peronist Party, Argentina's major political grouping, last night converged on the capital's huge Velez Stadium in the biggest rally so far of the election campaign.

With just under two weeks to go before polling day, yester-day's mass turnout was the first impressive show of strength by the Peronists since their disastrously divisive party convention last month.

However, local opinion polls have continued to produce a confused picture.

#### **McDonnell-Douglas output** threatened by pay row

BY TERRY DODSWORTH IN NEW YORK

by the union negotiators, who McDonnell said yesterday that have been talking since early its proposals had been tied to

COMMERCIAL airline production at McDonnell-Douglas, the posals. But they are based U.S. aircraft manufacturer, is closely on a recent agreement threatened with virtual closure reached at Boeing, the leading

over the next few days following the walkout of 7,000 members of the United Auto Workers Union over a pay dispute.

Workers Union over a pay dispute.

Teached at Boeing, the leading U.S. aircraft producer.

Boeing's deal, signed with the International Association of Machinists and Aerospace Workers, adopts a radically new Rejecting the company's proposals yesterday, Mr Owen Bieber, president of the UAW, said they would "move us back into the dark ages." His attitude was endorsed unanimously but the pulson reconsistors who

August, and pickets were immediately installed at the plants involved in the discussions.

The proposals have been taking since early the company's economic circumstances, which were particularly involved in the discussions. involved in the discussions.

McDonnell has not so far craft department.

#### Reagan says he may delay his re-election declaration

BY REGINALD DALE, U.S. EDITOR, IN WASHINGTON

PRESIDENT Ronald Reagan \$21m during the he might not finally announce his intentions until the begin-

ning of next year.

Mr Reagan signed a letter to the Federal Elections Commission setting up a "Reagan-Bush" campaign committee, which can now start fund-

The committee plans to spend said.

became a legal candidate for re-election yesterday, but said that lican opposition to Mr Reagan. lican opposition to Mr Reagan, if he runs, will be negligible.

Mr Paul Laxait, the Republican Party general chairman, said that Mr Reagan's resolve to sion setting up a "Reagan-Bush" campaign committee, which can now start fund-raising and other political activi-ties on his behalf.

The rederal Elections Commis-run again had increased over the past two or three years. One term in the White House was too short for Mr Reagan to make all the changes he wanted, ha

#### NOBEL PRIZE FOR ECONOMICS

#### Man who proved what others thought they knew

BY MAX WILKINSON, ECONOMICS CORRESPONDENT

MR GERARD DEBREU, who was yesterday awarded the Nobel Prize for Economics, was one of three economists associated together in the 1950s and 1960s with the mathematical theory of the market economy.

matical theory of the market economy.

The other two are: the Nobel laureate, Professor Kenneth Arrow, of Chicago University; and the British economist, Professor Frank Hahn, of Cambridge University.

Their work has related to the much-debated question of how the "invisible hand" guides market economies, and whether it really promotes the

whether it really promotes the general good through the interaction of a myriad of self-interested actions by indivi-This work springs ultimately from that of Adam Smith, in

the 17th century, whose work, The Wealth of Nations, was the foundation for thinking about the working of the market However, Mr Debreu's work

is in more direct descent from that of the French 19th century economist Leon Walras who first used Mathematical techniques to investigate the interlinking effects of supply and demand in the army overlapping markets in a modern economy.

The general presumption of economists up to the middle of

this century was that, provided markets were allowed to work efficiently, they would eventually allow unique prices to be established and these would be consistent with each other as well as with the balancing forces of supply and demand. Mr Debreu subjected this rather general conceptual framework to a rigorous mathematical treatment with the aim of discovering whether, in an ideal world, the laissez-faire economy would work as

His contribution to economic thought was to establish, within



the limits of his mathematical assumptions, that the market economy could indeed achieve stability with a unique set of

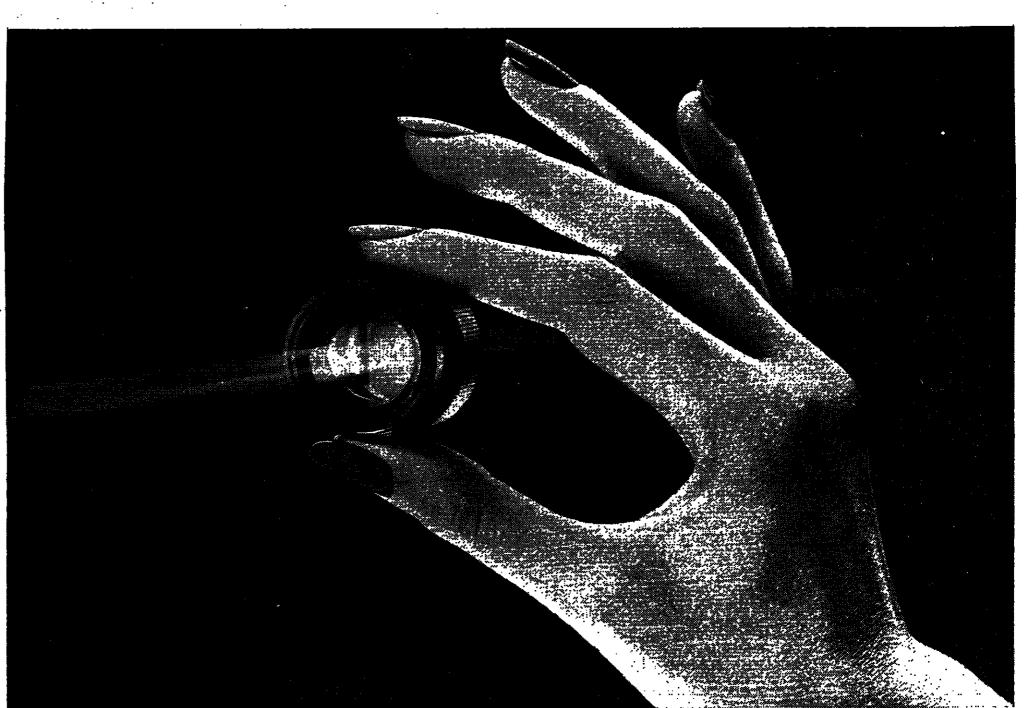
However, he also showed that the conditions for this to happen, even when the markets were operating efficiently, were considerably more stringent than had often been believed.

As one distinguished British economist put it: "On a simple level, Debreu's work proved what economists thought they always knew." However at a more sophisticated mathematical level, he showed that the theory of the market economy was not as general as people might have

general as people might have thought."

The general importance of Debrenu's work is thought to be more in the questions he raises about laissez-faire policies than in his vindication of the theoretical basis of such an

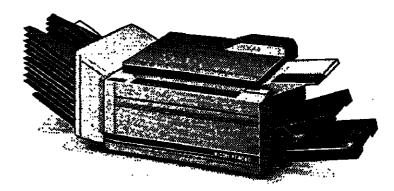
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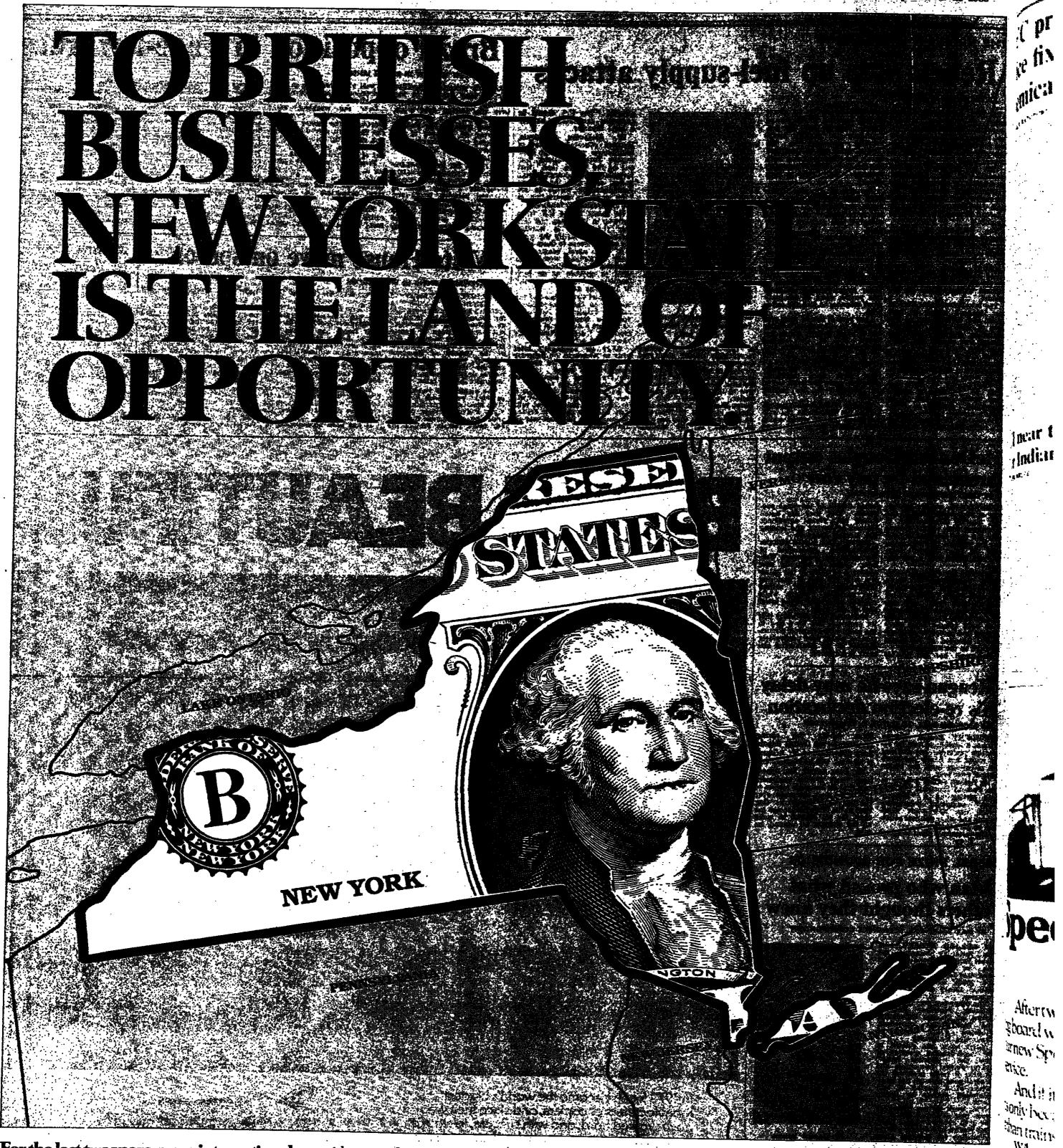
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TYPE OF INDUSTRY:	NO. OF ENTLOYEES
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ELECTRONIC SYSTEMS COULD SPEED PROCEDURES AND CUT COSTS

# **EEC** probes alleged price fixing by chemical companies

LEADING chemical companies expects the investigation to investigation by the European Commission for alleged price

sion officials have visited their offices as part of the investigation.

The companies under investiThe companies under investiThe companies under investiThe companies under investi-

gation include Shell Inter-national Chemical, a division of Royal/Dutch Shell; Imperial Chemical Industries and BP Chemicals of the UK; Hoechst and Chemische Werke Huels of West Germany; and Himont, a newly formed petrochemical joint venture between Montedison of Italy and Hercules of the

the product.

comment on the investigation, companies reckon another 30 as did Commission officials, except to confirm that it was taking place. The Commission profits.

throughout Europe are under take several weeks to complete. It is understood, however that chemical companies will fixing.

The major European producers of polypropylene — a versatile plastic used for a versatile plast variety of industrial and I don't think any of the com-domestic applications — con-panies named are making firmed yesterday that Commis-money in polypropylene," said money in polypropylene," said one chemical company execu-

> recent years due to heavy over-capacity within the industry and shrinking demand world-wide. The pictures for polypropylene, however, has been a bit brighter in recent months because of a slight pick-up in demand, re-stocking and higher exports for European pro-

U.S.

If found guilty of pricefixing, these companies could
be liable to fines as high as 10
per cent of their turnover in
like several previous attempts,
how annarently held Currently letter of credit people really need to see is the bill of lading or other document of carriage," argues Mr Bill Knight, correspondent banking expert with Grindlays, the London merchant be product. have apparently held Currently The companies all refused to at DM 2 per kilo, chemical

bank. "This document is the key to control of the goods, and that's what the bank wants when it advances funds." Mr Knight reckons that much of the paperwork could be eliminated if carriers standar-dised conditions of transport and sent key shipment details electronically to the paying bank. That bank would then send a telex or computer con-

ELECTRONIC processing of firmation to the foreign issuing bank. The seller would send all other documents direct to the trade payments may one day

speed procedures and cut costs

nents including bills of lading,

The issuing or confirming

the bank but only if the docu-ments are in order.

New York bankers reckon it

costs them at least \$75 to inspect the simplest set of documents.

One of their London counter-

parts recently suggested that many banks make a loss every

time they pay out on a credit of less than £50,000.

"The only document our

on export sales.

through the banks.

When payment is on letter of A similar technique might credit or collection terms, docuspeed up documentary collec-tions—a procedure under which invoices, insurance notes, in-spection certificates and attesta-tions of origin are channelled the seller's bank sends the docu-ments to a bank in the buyer's country with instructions to collect the price from the buyer. Mr Arnold Jedlov, a Swedish bank under a letter of credit undertakes to pay the seller if he presents documents that tally with the credit terms. The buyer then has to reimburse banker, suggested at a recent seminar in London that the transport details could be conmunicated

buyer, and certify to the bank

that he had done so.

instead. "Collections worked well in the 1930s when ships were slow and mails were fast, but now-adays it's the other way round," comments one banker. "The goods often arrive before the documents, and the whole system collapses,"
Could such schemes be put Could such schemes be put

count such schemes be put into practice?

"Technically, a workable system could be set up today," reckons Mr Laurence Ainsworth of Gelsco, a British arm of General Electric of the U.S. The carrier and the bank would be linked through a cen-tralised or local database. This would include a registry of car-riers admitted to the system. Inter - bank communications could be effected through the same system or through existing networks such as Swift—Society for Worldwide Interbank Finan-

cial Telecommunications, a based company owned by the banks mentation might also make life

more difficult for letter-of-credit are clearly defined by national fraudsters. In one case a Bangkok trader got away with \$6m by presenting phoney papers for a non-existent cargo nder a sales contract with the Somali Government, Electronic systems can also be manipulated but greater sophistication is

Taking the paper out of export payments

The main problems are not technological. Trade payments are a static market at the

**6**Collections worked well in the 1930s when ships were slow and the mails were fast, but now . . . the goods often arrive before the documents and the whole system collapses?

oment, and no-one is rushing to invest in new systems.

M André Boudinot of Crédit
Lyonnais in Paris points out that the documentary credit performs two functions: it provides payment for the seller and a degree of security for the buyer. The second element is missing, or reduced, if docu-ments are no longer presented to the bank.

Certain documents may be essential for the import of the goods. Nigerian authorities, for example, require an inspection certificate issued in the port of loading; without this funds will not be released and the buyer cannot take delivery. Traditional payment methods

laws and international practice. operations judges have built up an impressive body of case law dealing with the responsibilties of banks, and the standard banking practice is set out in a code drawn up by the Paris-based International Chamber of Com-

Computerised payment procedures, however, operate largely in a legal vacuum. Some fear uncertainty could hinder development of new

For example, a maritime bill of lading can be endorsed to a bank as security for its advance of funds under a letter of credit. It is unclear how far an electronic alternative could provide equal security.

Some attempts are being

made to attack these difficulties, though so far there is no overall co-ordination. A 1978 Conven-tion on sea transport—not yet in force—provides that signa-tures produced electronically on bills of lading are to be accepted, but only if this does not conflict with mandatory provisions of the relevant national Legislation aimed at control-

ling transborder data flows and protecting public telecommuni cations monopolies could also one day develop into a threat to computer - based payment systems. France, for instance, has been talking about taxing data and introducing a world-wide communications charter. The question is also being of examined by the Organisation

for Economic Co-operation and Development.

Whatever the doubts, the trend is towards more auto-mation and less paper work. are both working on plans to allow customers to key their credit instructions into the

"A company in Europe will be able to send its instructions direct to one of our Far East offices." explains Mr David Hexter, of Citibank, in London. The correspondent relation ship is cut out altogether."

The computer will also tell customers the up-lo-date situation on their letter of credit and collection operations.

Companies can already feed

messages into the Swift net work if their bank is a membe and they have access to the bank's computer. "So far as we are concerned, the message comes from the bank, and not the customer," explains Mr Carl Reutersköld, general manager. "We are owned by the banks and our job is to service them." Some experts reckon the greatest potential is in South-East Asia and parts of South America. Paradoxically, some of the poorer countries have such poor internal communica-tions that development of tions that development of advanced networks might be the best hope for developing their own domestic banking

systems. Mr Michael Rowe is a solicitor with the International Chamber Commerce, the Paris-based trade organisation.

#### Third World trade boost 'could help growth rate'

GENEVA-Increased trade between developing countries could boost their annual economic growth rates from 3.7 per cent to 4.8 per cent during the next eight years, said a UN report released yes-

Excluding mineral fuels, trade among developing countries rose on average by 26.7 per rose on average by 26.7 per cent a year from 1970 to 1975, but the rate fell to 20.6 per cent a year between 1975 and 1990.

operation between developing countries the Geneva-based UN Conference on Trade and Development (Unetad) examines how the slackening of growth in trade among Third World countries can be re-versed and economic growth rates increased.

he report predicts that if developing countries rely on growth in western economics. put at 2.7 per cent a year during the rest of the decade, to stimulate growth at home, their own economics will grow by only 3.7 per cent a year, paris of Latin America and Africa such low growth rates wil result in stagnating or falling per capita incomes.

frade amone developing countries and economic growth would be stimulated by a global system of trade pre-ferences, the UN body said in the report.

#### Alcoa in Taiwan ioint venture

TAIPEI - Taiwan Aluminum and Alcoa of the U.S. have signed a memorandum of understanding to establish a \$100m (£66m) joint venture to produce aluminium products in Taiwan, officials reported Friday.

The officials said Alcoa would provide \$50m in capital within five years of the start of the venture, and also supply technological and managerial assistance Taiwan Aluminum,

Taiwan Aluminum, which suffered a loss of \$25m in the fiscal year ended June, will lease its smelters, can plant and rolling mills to the joint venture.

## **NEI** near to ending row over Indian power station

BY PETER BRUCE

Industries (NEI) and India's National Thermal Power Corporation (NTPC), appear to ments were made available, but have settled a series of disputes it is known that the two sides threatening completion of the £230m Rihand power station project that NEI is leading in Uttar Pradesh.

Senior NEI and NTPC executives have held talks in London and Newcastle since October 5 and yesterday issued a joint statement saying the talks had resulted in "decisions and agreements to secure the timely completion" of the 1,000 Mw station. NEI is some three months behind on the contract, which was signed in September last year.

Mr A. K. Sah, chairman and managing director of the NTPC and Sir Dincen McDonald, industrial ventures in more charman of NEL said they were than 40 countries.

 $\mathcal{A}_{\mathbf{i}}$ 

ENGINEERING satisfied with the outcome of (EI) and India's the UK talks. No details of the new agree it is known that the two sides have, until now at least, failed to agree on methods of vetting design specifications, manufacturing processes, quality assurances and delivery schedules. There was also disagreement about the executive level at which disputes between the two should be resolved. India's engineering exports may reach Rs14.5bn (2940m) in fiscal 1984 ending in March, up from Rs12.5bn the previous

year, despite continuing world recession, Reuter reports from Indian companies are at present engaged as contractors and consultants for about 200

#### Benelux agrees to single document at borders BY OUR BRUSSELS STAFF

border formalities.

Hans Van Den Broek of the Netherlands and Mrs Collette Flesch of Laxembourg yester-day agreed at a meeting in Laxembourg that from July next year only one document would be needed to cover goods shipped from one of the three countries to another.

taken last year to strengthen exchange.

THE BENELUX countries have the Benelux economic union. taken a decisive step to ease For the last 13 years the mutual trade by simplifying Benelux countries have been mutual trade by simplifying border formalities.

Their Foreign Ministers—Mr successful to the extent that the average wait for shipments in the Benelux trade has already been reduced to 15 minutes. against an EEC average of 75

The single document, originating from the exporter, will embrace all the information required in border formalities This is the first significant covering customs, value added of a political decision tax, statistics and foreign

minutes.

#### Snamprogetti to | build offshore rigs for Egypt

SNAMPROGETTL the construction arm of the Italian state energy corporation ENI, has won a contract for offshore oil production structures in Egypt. James Buxton writes from

The contract, whose value has not been disclosed, includes the building of five new platforms, two of them wellhead and three of them production. It also covers the modification and expansion of equipment on

three existing platforms.
Snamprogetti will manage the entire project and supply the equipment. The contract is Snamprogetti will manage the entire project and supply the equipment. The contract is with the Egyptian company Belayim Petroleum (Petrobel).

#### **UK energy trade mission** to visit Greece

BY RAY DAFTER, ENERGY EDITOR

LORD AVON, Junior Energy alternative energy technology-Minister, is to lead a 40-strong including geothermal energy, trade mission to Greece tomor-wind power and solar powerrow in an effort to promote UK as well as conservation. energy production and conser-vation technology.

The visit is being organised jointly by the London Chamber of Commerce and Industry and the Energy Department in response to an invitation from Mr London in Evangelos Kouloumbis, the Kouloumbis. Greek Minister of Energy Led by Lord Avon, Parlia-

The international consultancy arms of British Gas, the National Coal Board and the Electricity Council will also be taking part.

The mission follows a visit to London in February by Mr He emphasised then that officials of the Greek Government were investigating ways of exploiting UK research

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as enthusiastic about Speedlink Distribution as we are).

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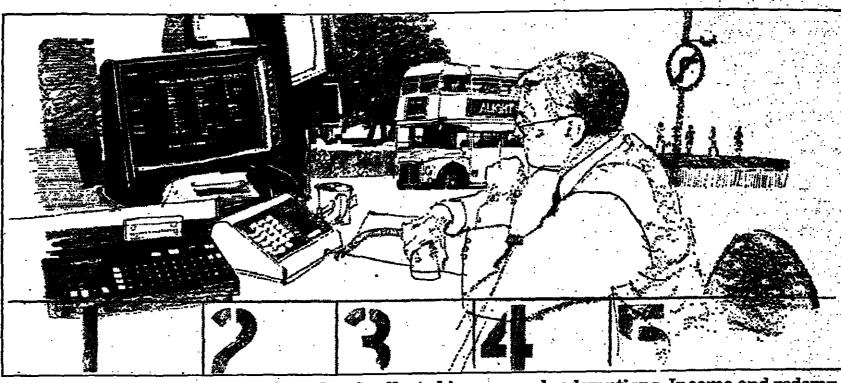
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# £15m Army radio order for MEL

ment. This is the standard British Army HF vehicle radio and is fitted in all types from soft topped transport to main battle tanks such as Chieftain for completion in June, 1984.

TREND COMMUNICATIONS, data communications division of data communications division of Phicom, has received an order worth £8.5m from British Telecom for its Puma telex terminal. The telex terminals are made by Trend in High Wycombe and supplied by BT in the UK. This latest order brings the total value of orders from BT for the Puma to about £22m, since the first order was placed before its launch two years ago.

launch two years ago.

\*\*

UNIT CONSTRUCTION COMPANY has won contracts in the
north west, Scotland and Yorkshire totalling 23.4m. In Liverpool, rehabilitation schemes
worth a total of £1.5m will be
carried out on the Sparrow Hall
Estate and on the TSB Bank,
Heathfield branch premises. Also
in the north west, two contracts
worth a total of more than £1.3m,
have been won for 47 houses in
Whitefield, Greater Manchester
and 29 flats and a community
centre in Heywood for Anchor
Housing. In Glasgow, refurbishment work on tenements and
private houses will be worth a
total of over £500,000, while
alterations costing £100,000 will
be made to the EMI Day Hospital
in Leeds.

\*\*

STRATHEDEN HOMES, housing
development arm of the Miller
Buckley Group, is to carry out
a multi-million pound development of 75 one and two befrom
marden-assisted refirement flats
at Seaford, near Brighton. The
building contract, worth £1.5m,
has been let to the London
region of Miller Buckley Construction. The project is situated at The Esplande, Seaford,
and extensive ground prepara-

warden-assisted referement hats at Seaford, near Brighton. The building contract, worth £1.5m, has been let to the London region of Miller Buckley Con-struction. The project is situ-ated at The Esplanade, Seaford, and extensive ground preparaated at The Esplanade, Seaford, and extensive ground preparation and four lation work has already been carried out. All 75 flats will have sea views, the majority with panoramas of the entrance to Newhaven Harbour and towards Seaford Head. Completion is expected by autumn 1984.

The contract to construct new home for Crystal of Harrogate at Shepherd Construction McDermott Scotland has secured contracts worth been awarded a contract, said to Marshall Construction of new work is in Shepherd's to roll inhulars for their Clyde. Road, Harrogate, has been let to MARSHALL CONSTRUCTION of new work is in Shepherd's to roll tubulars for their Clyde field, is a specially designed Ford dealership costing £750,000. The scheme which includes a showrom (323 sq metres), covered and ancillary works for British used car sales (657 sq metres), Railways Board in York. Work of water.

MEL, Crawley, a division of service (974 sq metres) and parts Philips Electronic and Associated Industries, has been rationalises Crystal of Harrowarded a further £15m contract by the Ministry of Defence for the existing filling station, motorist discount sales and used testical communications equipment of the substitutions of the existing filling station. Harrogate are part of the Crystal Organisation which also operate Ford dealerships in Hull and Scarborough. The project is due for completion in June, 1984.

TAC CONSTRUCTION Materials is to supply Everite AC pressure pipes and accessories worth £600,000 to Nigeria as part of a £130m scheme to provide water to over 500,000 people in Kwara State. The three-year scheme, covering design, installation and initial management is being carried out on behalf of being carried out on behalf of the Kwara State Water Corp. by Biwater Shellabear of Dorking, part of the Biwater Grayn

under \$2m (£1.3m).

on site has commenced for com-pletion in April, 1984.

Further north, at Backworth, North Tyneside, work has started on 49 houses and flats in six twostorey blocks, comprising Phase 2 of a bousing development for North British Housing Assoc. Worth over \$900,000, the contract is due to be completed in January, 1985. Some £2.25m worth of work has also been secured by the Leeds and north west region, including a £600,000 plus contract to fit out the new F W Woolworth store in Market Street, Halifax, Work is Street, Halifax, Work is scheduled for completion in

January.

The Midland and southern region has picked up almost £2m of contracts, including the £750,000 plus contract to build the Arkwright Court, Leominster sheltered housing development for Leominster District Council. To be built on the site of a former school, the development will provide 35 sheltered housing units and is scheduled for comunits and is scheduled for com-

# £10m orders

camerine expension of matther three levels.

\*\*CAMERIDGE INSTRUMENTS\*\*
has won two U.S. orders. Purdue University, Indiana, has ordered an E-Beam lithography system, the EBMF 2.5, for \$700,000 (£3.64m) and will employ an average of 50 engineers over the EBMF 2.5, for \$700,000 (£3.64m) and will employ an average of 50 engineers over the EBMF 2.5, for \$700,000 (£3.64m) and will employ an average of 50 engineers over the EBMF 2.5, for \$700,000 (£3.64m) and will employ an average of 50 engineers over the expension of the beautiful three completes on the complete of the co

#### Tarmac wins £7m building orders

are included in contracts, together worth nearly £7m, awarded to TARMAC CONSTRUCTION. Largest, at £2.8m, is for improving 258 homes at Low Hill, Wolverhampton, for Wolverhampton Borough Council, Work will be carried out by the company's contract housing organisation which also has a £653,000 contract from the council for improving another 54 homes in Marsh Lane, Wolverhampton.

Cubitts—a division of Tarmac

cubits—a division of Tarmac Canstruction—has a £208,000 contract for external painting and repairs to 126 homes at Huyton, Merseyside, for Knowsley Borough Council. Other Tarmac Construction countracts include a Sorough Council. Other farmac Construction contracts include a factory and offices at Horsham, Sussex, for Sandhurst Marketing (£1.9m); factory units at Womb-well, South Yorkshire, for South Well, South Yorkshire, for South Yorkshire County Council (£418,000); and a factory and offices at Pensnett, West Mid-lands, for Steetley Industrial Estates (£382,000). Tarmac Refurb has a £440,000 contract for refurbishing offices in New Street, Birmingham, for Legal and General Assurance Society.

FAIRCLOUGH BUILDING has begun work on an £800,000 leisure centre at the Belfry Hotel, Wishaw, home of the Pro-fessional Golfers' Association, for resmonal Goners Association, for Greenall Whitley. The single-storey centre will be linked to the main hotel complex by a covered walkway and includes a swimming pool, three squash courts, snoker room, lounge has and chunging facilities. Work bar and changing facilities. Work is due for completion in April 1984. Fairclough building is a member of AMEC.

A contract worth about £3m has been awarded to AL WIMPEY CIVIL ENGINEERING by the Amoco Sherjah Oil Company. It covers civil, mechanical and electrical installations for the

The cranes will be situated on the Dooley Terminal and the Landguard Terminal.

The cranes have a capacity of 40 tonnes and an outreach of 38 metres. Each crane's overall height is 55 metres, but when the boom is raised, the height is 79 metres. Both cranes are fitted with telescopic spreader beams, which enables them to handle standard ISO containers from Maintaining Standard

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live oil is still one of the world's cleanest and most natural cooking oils. And for centuries the method of producing it has remained unchanged.

Every October around the Mediterranean, once the harvest is in, the olives are crushed and pressed. The liquid is left to stand in a vat so that the oil can gradually float to the surface (just as cream does in milk) and then be skimmed off with a ladle.

There are, however, certain drawbacks; it is impossible to collect all the oil from each fruit, and the quality of the finished product varies. Yet olive growers have gone on producing olive oil in this way for centuries.

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Creating new markets from great ideas.

EPSON CHIEF TALKS OF JAPAN'S PLANS IN PORTABLE PERSONAL COMPUTERS

# the 'go-anywhere' machine

child could carry for at least things more normally associated with bulky professional machines, is the next major trend in personal computers, a leading Japanese authority said in London last week.

Mr Susumu Aizawa, manag-ing director of Epson, the leading Japanese manufacturer of computers printers, told a Financial Times conference that it "is more likely to be a marketing phenomenon than the brain-child of the engineer."

Mr Aizawa was the engineer who designed the "thermal transfer" device which made Enson a microcomputer printer not happy with today's portable computers like his company's ering HX-20 because it sacrificed too many features of the professional machine.

major factor in the professional personal computer market," he said. But Mr Alzawa said that this situation

Matsushita in Video Technology

A BATTERY-POWERED com- he described as a "river in puter which a ten-year old flood" in much the same way that Sir Clive Sinclair caught a mile, but which does all the the tide with his small computers.

"There is much more widespread agreement that the next revolution is almost at hand, and that it will take the form of portable computers at modest prices. I would like to suggest that the Japanese industry will play an important role," Mr Aizawa added.

Japan has four out of the five "key" technologies which will be required to put the present professional personal computer weighing in at some 50 lb and priced at £5,000 and upwards into a small suitcase a fifth of the weight and cost, Mr Aizawa said

e four technologies were the ability to mass produce cheap, reliable and low-power consumption personal computer components such as the CMOS processor and internal memory chips, large and high resolution "I feel that their small displays, limited auxiliary memory but high capacity disk storage capacity and high prices will prevent them from becoming a priceters of which Epson is a prime exponent.

The fifth, missing ingredient

Professional Personal Computing

still has a long way to go in closing the software gap," Mr Aizawa admitted,

But this need not lead to disadvantage, he added: "Advanced Western personal computer companies will therefore tend to see Japan as a hardware supplier," he said. adding that in order to do well in foreign markets Japanese firms will need to do more than just collaborate on the supply

"I believe that the only key to success for Japanese com panies in the computer market is to co-operate with local software houses, and to establish their own distribution systems under the control of local staff," he said, with the imminent portable computer boom being as good a time as any to

Mr Aizawa reviewed the im-mense technological strengths sional personal computer The fifth, missing engredient mense technological strengths market," he said. But Mr is the applications software of Japanese electronics industrially and the stituation which can make all these cheap try. He said that there has may change dramatically in the highly portable components near future, with Japan being work: "Despite the high level of the advanced production equipment for CMOS chips, quoting

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estimates put this at two and a half times the comparable U.S. figure." CMOS chips use little power while providing substantial computing power.

This was in part due to the calculator and digital watch boom during the 1970s, which also brought with it the cheap liquid crystal displays (lcds). He said that this technology offered the necessary medium resolution screens for portable computers, with 80 characters by 25 line displays

being common Competition with American suppliers now meant that Japanese suppliers had taken the lead in the supply of eversmaller auxiliary or disk memories, Mr Aizawa said. Battery-powered disks no wider than an orange could now store the entire information contained in a weighty novel, and could feasibly add upwards of

1m words soon. He said that Japan also led in the supply of miniature printers, like his own first design, with higher quality ink-jet or letter-quality models to

open up new applications—not just portable word processors, nor other portable usages of current applications," Mr Alzawa concluded. He gave and light resolution output devices," he said. "These new capabilities will concluded. He gave one such

novel application of his com-pany's HX-20.

"For example, one cosmetic company developed a sensor to detect the condition of women's skin, especially facial skin, and the software to select the recommended cosmetics. This system had to be portable, so that it could be carried every-where with sales people, and did not need large display capacity. We sold several hundred units at the same time," he said.

More general cultural differences between Japan and the West might have a far more dramatic effect, with the development of two parallel computer industries in the future, Mr Aizawa added. He said: "The Japanese character set consists of over

4,000 ideographs, with their own and 48 phonetic characters.

"Thus, completely phonetic input of the sounds of Japanese is possible from the keyboard, but these must then be converted into corresponding ideographs, which must then be displayed and printed. This complicated processing requires

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Recently we have given some of our video cassette

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HOW STRONG IS A PIECE OF STRING?

# If it's Parafil, it's the strongest

BY ANTHONY MORETON, TEXTILES CORRESPONDENT

SITTING ON Archie Graham's better than anything previously desk in his Harrogate office is tested something that looks like a The giant version of those tubular to no liquorice sweets that feature prominently in every packet of alisorts.

It is about 9 in tall and 51 in in diameter and weighs 71 lb and is, in fact, a piece of rope. Not just any old rope according to Mr Graham but a piece of the strongest rope in the

Mr Graham is commercial manager (a title which hides his role as chief executive) of Linear Composites, a tiny subsidiary of ICI Fibres. Although Linear Composites was hived off in 1976 from ICI Fibres, largely because its operations are well down the line, his desk remains within the Harrogate complex rather than in the Keighley factory.

The rope has been made, under the name Parafil, since the late '60s but it has only now reached the point where it could be claimed to be the strongest. It has been proved to have a strain of 1,486 tunnes before breaking in tests at Bochum Test House in West some 200 tonnes

The strongest Parafil rope up to now could withstand the strain of 600 tonnes. The bigget rope was developed to solve the deep-sea mooring problems of the large platforms and it is here, that Mr Graham still sees the principal market. "We are, in fact, now looking to supply the third generation of plat-

forms," he says.
"The first generation was those operating in the Gulf of Mexico and the second covered the deeper waters of the North

Now that platforms have to be moored in much deeper waters you need a third generation and these need new products to moor them. One of these platforms is to be built in the U.S. for work in the Far East and we have high hopes of winning a contract for it."

If Mr Graham wins the order it will mean several millions pounds in rope alone and for this reason he and a team took the rope to the Offshore Technology Conference in Houston earlier this year where, he says, "there was consider-able interest," though that interest has still to be turned

into orders.

Technically, the purists would say that Parafil is not a rope at all since it is not a twisted structure. It consists of closely packed parallel filaments of very high strength synthetic yarns which are tensioned and then encased in a tough plastic sheath. The rope has Kevlar a Du Pont product. has Kevlar, a Du Pont product, as its core and the sheath is

The advantages of Parafil rope lie in its high strength, low-weight, non-corrodable properties in water, all of which, according to Mr Graham. outweigh the merits of steel cables or chain in very deep waters—not only with the moor ing lines themselves but also with the buoyancy of the plat-

an order for the very big rope it would be necessary to move some manufacturing facilities to the coast. The economics of transporting such a large rope in large amounts would preclude inland production.

Apart from marine moorings the other main use for the rope is as a support for antenna masts. Smaller diameter ropes have also been used for the support of overhead contact wires in tram and trolleybus systems. It is in use, for instance, on the Milan tramway

# Pollution control

# gobbles sea debris

can pick up debris and waste from the sea and then recycle valuable pollutants such as oil.
Working on the catamaran
principle, the Goblin vehicle
can extract pollutants or debris from the surface of the sea, or just below, between two rotat-ing drums which hang between the two hulls.

The £300,000 Mark One vessel The £300.000 Mark One vessel has been designed to work in the relative calm of harbours and coastal waters. A more powerful seagoing model is being developed at the same time as the Mark One undergoes trials. AMI plan to begin production of the Goblin by the start of 1984 backed by long start of 1984, backed by loans from the British and Canadian

The 40 foot long vessel can take on board 50 tons of pollotant alone, but in emergencies several would work alongside mother vessels which would sweep pollutant towards them using existing "Sea Plough" booms and officed waste at the same time.

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Semiconductors

#### New memory **from inmos**

BRITAIN'S STATE-BACKED nilcrechip company, Inmos has launched its first whosly designed

It is an SK dynamic RAM cory which is claimed to memory which is culmen to be an improvement on the industry standard static RAMs, since the information which is stored can be changed and accessed much more quickly. The new chips are sold in hundred lots only and cost \$15.00 for faster and cost £16.00 for faster models, and £13.34 for the slower models, More from Impos on 6272 200861.

#### Networking Zynar net

links micros

system called Plan 2000 has been introduced by Zynar of Uxbridge for the fast grew-ing IBM personal computer The system will link two IBM PCs together for £1,475. With the addition of network interface cards it will allow up to 255 users to share expensive resources such as hard disc and printers and also to share data files and

a simple beester

Microfilm

Bureau

machine

Zynar says it expects to have 50 to 60 dealers appeluted within a few

months and it has plans to appoint European dealers and

Plan 2000 is based on the Aran 2000 is based on the Arenet system pioneered by Datapoint and widely used by Nestar, Tandy, Wang and Zenith. It uses standard coaxial cable with baseband transmission plus token passing, Cable lengths can be up to 2000 ft ar four wiles wing. to 2000 ft or four miles using

Although Linear Composites factory is at Keighley, if it won

# **Goblin**

THE NEW Goblin floating pol-lution control vessel developed by AMI Offshore Resources is claimed to be the first which

#### BELL & HOWELL has a new computer output on microfilm (COM) recorder deploying software particularly suited to the computer bureau market. Known as the 6600, it is claimed to operate at twice the speed of comparable cut film fiche systems. Able to process large mul-tiple blocks of data com-ing on line from a computer, the 6600 has a data buffer that

allows the recorder to deal with a full page at a time, it can also handle job set-up and production concurrently. As a result, this self-contained, on-line unit will process wet or dry microfilm to produce high quality cut fiche masters ready for duplication in less than 60 seco More on 07842 51234.

Computers

#### Apples down on price

APPLE has knocked nearly APPLE has knocked nearly \$300 off a starter pack which includes the Apple He, software, TV adaptor, and vouchers which make it cheaper to connect to the Micronet software delivery service on Prestel as well as a day's free training.

The Apple Home Computer system will retail at just under £1,000 and is aimed specifically at the High Street market.

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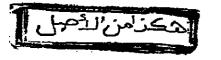
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#### ARABIAN OIL STATES

# Why governments face the need for spending cuts

By Michael Field

THE FALL in oil revenues Saudi Arabia the published bud- in the Kingdom last year, made drop in oil revenues business during the last year is forcing the Arabian oil states to reconsider their development as the in 1982-83. world's most affluent societies. In the United Arab Emirates The ruling families and the It has taken Abu Dhabi and

The problem of the Arabian governments stem from the oil glut. Oil production has fallen dramatically since the begin-

Saudi Arabia and

Kuwait have both

cut spending and

announced deficits

ning of 1982, and prices were cut by \$5 a barrel by the Organisation of Petroleum Ex-

it has taken Abu Dhabi and ing recession—and consumer Dubai eight months to agree demand remained buoyant in middle classes know that the governments must dilute their lavish welfare systems — which any federal budget at all early 1983.

During the histus, from The grow extend from free local tele-phone calls through free gar-January to early September this year, contractors, federal den plants (in Adu pund).

Various schemes designed to landlords went unpaid. Autenrich the public by buying line offices began to refuse government purchase orders.

dared make radical economies in these areas or told its people they will have to curb their expectations of affluence.

The issue is highly sensitive politically. Dampening people's expectations carries with it the risks of mass disillusion, opposition and instability.

The problem of the Arabian government of the problems have government of the Arabian economies are less dependent on oil than they used to be.

All businessmen agree that if there had been a fall in government ement spending on this year's scale ten, or even five, years to contractors and by deferring ago the construction industry and much other private trading activity would have ground to a contractor of the Arabian government ement spending on this year's scale ten, or even five, years and much other private trading activity would have ground to a contractor of the Arabian economies are less dependent on oil than they used to be.

All businessmen agree that if there had been a fall in government ement spending on this year's scale ten, or even five, years and much other private trading activity would have ground to a contractor of the Arabian economies are less dependent on oil than they used to be.

In all the Arabian economies are less dependent on oil than they used to be.

All businessmen agree that if there had been a fall in government ement spending on this year's scale ten, or even five, years and much other private trading activity would have ground to a contractor of the construction industry and much other private trading activity would have ground to a construction industry and much other private trading activity would have ground to a construction industry and much other private trading activity would have ground to a construction industry and much other private trading activity would have ground to be.

been magnified since last autumn by the crash of the Souk al Manakh, the unofficial stock exchange on which the shares of non-Kuwaiti registered Gulf companies were traded. Now there is a mountain of \$90bn of unsettled post-dated cheques, with which the speculation had been financed; and no Kuwaiti knows how much any of his fellow citizens is worth.

Throughout the area business-men have been hit hard by the sharp contraction of spending power in Iraq, fighting a long war with Iran. The country had been an enormous source of year.

Although output levels have risen since the spring, the three important Arabian producers, Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and Abu

Many big importers say their at \$11.4bu.

Saudi Arabia and Kuwait levels. The Saudi firm of have both cut spending and announced deficit budgets. In more than 130,000 Toyota cars

get for 1983-84 envisages expenditure of \$75bn, \$15bn less than any other month ever. This was about a year after the Saudis had begun to talk of an impend-

The growth of a substantial private sector over the last decade has helped cushion the year, contractors, reusal effects of the fall in government government employees and effects of the fall in government landlords went unpaid. Air-spending and suggests the landlords went unpaid. Air-spending and suggests the landlords went unpaid. Arabian economies are less de-

But now there are companies producing industrial and agri-cultural goods and services, that operate entirely independently of government spending agencies. They may have received government subsidies when they were established, but now they buy from the pri-

but now they buy from the private sector and sell to the
private sector.

In Sandi Arabia one bank
calculated that in the fiscal
year to this April, which saw
umusually low oil production,
between 45 and 48 per cent of
Gross Domestic Product was
generated by the private sector. generated by the private sector.

important Arabian producers, building materials manufactursaudi Arabia, Kuwait and Abu

Dhabi, are still exporting little more than half the oil they were two years ago. Together their output in 1981 averaged

The companies of the contribution of crude oil exports, gas and refining. Unofficial figures put oil GNP at \$10.3bn and financial activities

The companies of the contribution of crude oil exports output in 1981 averaged

The companies of the contribution of crude oil exports Reassured by this develop-

Arabian governments have been encouraged to tell their people that despite the

will continue as usual. free education and health ser-When cutting their spending, vices. There are no personal governments have said that they or corporate taxes and virtually are only postponing projects, not no indirect taxes. Electricity, cancelling them. There has been talk of scaling down unnecessarily grandiose projects, of the sports stadium and conference centre type and of less than a sixth of the real

policies have not yet been seen. No Arabian government has yet faced the fact that there yet faced the fact that there has been a sea change in its fortunes. The oil producers seem likely to receive only half their 1980-81 annual revenues for the next five years, though it is possible that their income may increase at the end of the decade.

accommodation for letting. Only nationals may own real estate, so the profits from letting are concentrated emirely in the hands of Arabians.

Rulers give land to their people and their ministries pay massively to buy it back. In

They will have to rethink their whole approach to development and scale down their industrial diversification plans, though governments are inevitably committed to certain sorts

All states give their people free education and health services

of project. For example, having almost completed its enormous gas gathering system and the infrastructure of the Jubail and A vital issue facing the Arabian governments is recon-

sidering how society's wealth is to be distributed. In the past 10 years the regime that has evolved in Arabia has been one of "absolute welfare" — not just for individuals, but also for

All states give their people conference centre type, and of less than a sixth of the real cutting waste — but in most countries the results of these

Housing banks give interest—

Housing banks give interest-free loans to people who want to build their own homes or to build their own homes or accommodation for letting. Only

massively to buy it back. In Abu Dhabi, the National Coun-Abu Dhabi, the National Council recently negotiated an arrangement whereby the compensation of anyone who had sold land to the government in the past decade was upgraded. Those who had sold 10 years ago were given 10 times their original compensation and those who had sold nine years ago nine times, down to those who had sold in the previous year. had sold in the previous year, whose remuneration merely doubled.

All import agencies shares in public companies must be vested in nationals, and nationals must own at least 50 per cent in Saudi Arabia and of 1980-85. 4 per cent in Kuwait.

The cost of this welfare state for individuals and industry increases each year as population keeps growing and a steadily increasing number of projects are completed and need maintaining. Governments can reduce their allocations for land buying, as Kuwait has done dramatically this year, but they



An Arab merchant-his shop and his Cadillac in the Old Market, Dubai

operating costs of hospitals or In Saudi Arabia this year bus desalination plants.

In Saudi Arabia, for example, allocations for current spending have risen from \$21bn (27 per cent of the budget) in 1980-81 to

have risen from \$21bn (27 per cent of the budget) in 1980-81 to nationals must own at least 50 \$30bn (46 per cent of the budget) in 1980-81 to the subsidies but has so far per cent of all other private business. Anyone who invests in light industry can take half his capital requirements in the form of chean state loans at 2 and 1980-81 to the ment has talked of reducing other subsidies but has so far done nothing.

The United Arab Emerates and Kuwait have raised petrol allocation made for budding prices—the UAE to commercial process. his capital requirements in the allocation made for building form of cheap state loans, at 2 new hospitals in the Third Plan

in current expenditure, and the idea of asking for contribu-action to control it seems tions from nationals.

inevitable. have to ask their citizens to pay taxes to support their own welfare states.

levels. The UAE has also introduced health and education The Arabian governments charges for foreigners and its cannot afford run-away growth federal assembly has debated

nevitable. The view of society that lies In the longer term they may behind the Arabian welfare state for businessmen has not changed in the last two years either. Take, for example, the But in practice the steps Kuwaiti government's reaction taken to tackle these issues to the collapse of its two stock

cannot easily economise on the have been insignificant so far, exchanges. It spent \$3,5bn extranges. It spent 55,50a supporting share prices on the official stock exchange, where domestic shares are traded, and allocated \$1,5bn to prevent the bankruptcy of "small investors" on the unofficial exchange, the Souk al Manakh.

Small investors in this case are defined as people who held post-dated cheques with a face value of \$7m or less when the market crashed last autumn.
However much they talk
about the need for belttightening, the Arabian governments hesitate to act. They are and that if they let speculators go bankrupt, raise prices or levy taxes their people will grow disillusioned, and will criticise waste and greed and extravagance among the ruling families. They may even

#### To the Holders of

#### Texas International Airlines Finance N.V. (the "Company")

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The undersigned, Citibank, N.A. (the "Trustee"), is Trustee under the Indenture dated as of August 15, 1978, as amended, (the "Indenture"), under which the Debentures were issued. Texas International Airlines, Inc. (the "Guarantor") on the above mentioned issue, filed a voluntary petition under C 11 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code on September 24, 1983. This filing constitutes an Event of Default

Under the Indenture, the Trustee or the holders of not less than 25% aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Debentures, by notice in writing to the Company and the Guarantor (and to the Trustee if given by Debentureholders) may declare the principal of all the Debentures to be due and payable immediately and the holders of specified percentages of outstanding Debentures may take certain other actions, all on the terms and conditions set forth in the Indenture.

Citihank is also a lender to Continental Air Lines, Inc. ("Continental"), which has filed a similar petition. The Guarantor for the Debentures is an affiliate of Continental, and guarantees repayment of certain of the above credits. We recognize that our relationships with Continental and the Guarantor may give rise to real or apparent conflicts of interest for us as Trustee. Therefore, to eliminate any questions of conflict of interest, we have resigned as Trustee and this publication constitutes notice of our resignation. Our resignation will become effective upon the acceptance of appointment by a successor trustee. Marine Midland Bank, N.A. has agreed to act as successor trustee, but its appointment will not become nation. Our resignation will become effective upon the acceptance of appointment by a successor trustee. Marine Midland Bank, N.A. has agreed to act as successor trustee, but its appointment will not become effective until various legal steps are completed. Until the succession is effective, we will, of course, continue to fulfill our obligation to represent your interests.

The Debentures, originally convertible into the Common Stock of the Guarantor, became convertible into the Common Stock of Texas Air Corp. ("TAC"), as a result of a merger and restructuring of the business of the Guarantor in 1980. TAC is a holding company with direct or indirect, controlling interests in the Company, the Guarantor and Continental, among others. TAC has not filed a Chapter

To facilitate communication, it is urged that you register with the Trustee, your name, address and principal amount of Debentures held. This will ensure that you are kept informed and allowed to participate, if a vote is held on any plan of reorganization that is proposed.

Any questions or communications with respect to the above may be addressed to us as follows:

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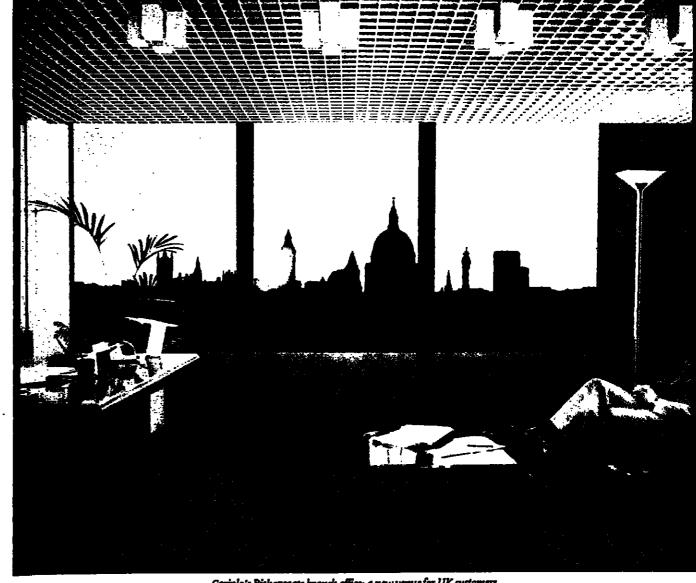
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Corporate Trust Department 5 Hanover Square, 14th Floor New York, N.Y. 10043, U.S.A. Attention: Eugene J. Jaworski Assistant Vice President

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October 18, 1983

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LICENSED DEPOSIT TAKER

# Rose-tinted glass for French nurserymen

By David Marsh in Paris

A ROSE bred by another test tubes to go round. method smells just as sweet, the French have discovered. The plants reach maturity much faster than garden-grown And if it grows up in a test plants by conventional tube, it can multiply with such grafting techniques and have speed that the rabbit popula-tion is put to shame. Their genetic structure can be tion is put to shame.

Test tube roses, orchids and varieties suited to consumers' carnations have gained a strong tastes, and even the fabled blue past five years and are now not cultural alchemists for centuries only threatening the livelihood because of its baffling chromoonly threatening the livelihood because of its baffling chromo-of the flower growers, but also some make-up, may be within creating a revolution in world reach.

The in vitro rose breeding technique was developed at the Government's institute for related fields like perfumes and agronomical research (Inra) and marketed by Delbard, the largest French nursery company. Under the leadership of Moet-Hennessy, the premier French champagne concern which bought a controlling interest in Delbard last year, test tube roses are about to invade the U.S. market, and seem certain to spread across

Hence the interest of Moet-Hennessy, which has already diversified into other plant-related fields like perfumes and fragrances (it now owns the Christian Dior company). To cement what the company sees between champagne and roses, Moet has also bought the California-based Armstrong Nursers tube roses are about to invade the U.S. market, and seem certain to spread across

Europe.

Roses manufactured in test-tubes multiply at a phenomenal rate. Each "baby" can be divided into five genetically-identical offspring per month, giving a theoretical yield from an original stock of 10 plants of 2.5hn roses after 12 months —provided there are enough

The plants reach maturity juggled to produce different foothold in France over the rose, which has evaded horti-

Hence the interest of Moet-

even more advanced — is going on in a string of countries abroad, notably Britain, the U.S., Israel, Japan, Canada, Belgium and the Netherlands.

tracts with Inra for experi- making the original scientific

mental work.
The French rose growing Martin, the 55-year-old French scientist with an international reputation as a test-tube plant breeder, is working on further experiments. A total of 250
varieties of 53 plant and tree
species are involved, from facility at Malicorne near Vichy
tobacco and kiwi fruit to in central France where white-

potatoes and pear trees. In 10 years time, M Martin believes the technique will have spread to the production of new high-resistance strains of cereals with different growing perform-ances, which could revolutionise

could have a tremendous impact M Martin warms that the particularly in the Third World. horticultural profession has no choice but to adapt—or else risk that the choice but the choice bu The process was put into application as long ago as 1938 but has taken years to

Delbard is a family firm whose community is understandably founder, M Georges Delbard, concerned, but flowers are only now 77, started his commercial the beginning. In the Inra career half a century ago selling laboratory in Dijon, M Claude roses on the banks of the Seine roses on the banks of the Seine in Paris. He achieved the sale of the century in 1975 when 8m fruit trees were bought by the Shah of Iran.

> coated technicians, some of them trained at Inrea by M Martin, are building up towards a capacity of 3m test-tube plants a year. Armstrong Nurseries's production is due to start in November in a laboratory in Los Angeles.

The forestry industry is already taking part in experiments for test-tube production of trees ranging from walnut to early fears over the development of the train.

being swamped by imports based on technology developed on in a string of countries abroad, notably Britain, the U.S., Israel, Japan, Canada, Belgium and the Netherlands.

Other major French companies with biotechnology interests have research con-



company in southern France, Blanc Barberet. Using techniques pioneered at Inra, it has built up a large business sell-ing millions of test-tube carna-tions to the U.S.—although it has also caused the disappearance of about 50 traditional murseries, which could not stand

Although the test-tube process was not eligible for patenting, M Martin admits that he could have tried to use it for commercial profit when it was first developed in 1952 to combat viruses in potatoes. "But

it was just after the war. All the countries were ruined, and potatoes were our main dish. I wanted the invention to benefit everybody—I didn't want to keep it secret."

Now he has one worry about the future. If the process is developed too fast by entrepre-neurs out for profit, existing species of plants and trees could die out under competition from test-tube " super breeds " which could themselves be susceptible

To prevent the possibility of genetically-identical roses, rasp-berry bushes or oak trees falling prey to viral infection which could potentially wipe out en-tire species, M Martin has pleaded strongly for the setting up of "gene banks" to safe-guard the world's genetic

A key part of the Diion lablocked refrigerated room were racks of test tubes of roses and other plants are preserved for posterity. Some of the plants are already 20 years old. It is hoped that at a temperature of 2 degrees C, under close surveillance by technicians, the rose breeds will keep on living long after the humans who brought them into the world have ceased to tinker with their



Preliminary Profit Statement for the year ended 30th June 1983

#### 40% Turnover up Pre-tax profit up 40%

"We have made an encouraging start and look forward to satisfactory trading results for the vear to June 1984" John W Maunders - Chairman

	1983	1982
• •	£'000	£'000
	(Unaudited)	
Turnover	10336	7368
Profit before Tax -	968	689
Taxation	216	19
Profit after Tax	<u>752</u>	<u>670</u>
Earnings per share	16.7p	14.9p

Copies of the 1983 Annual Report and Accounts will be obtainable from the Secretary from 1st November 1983.

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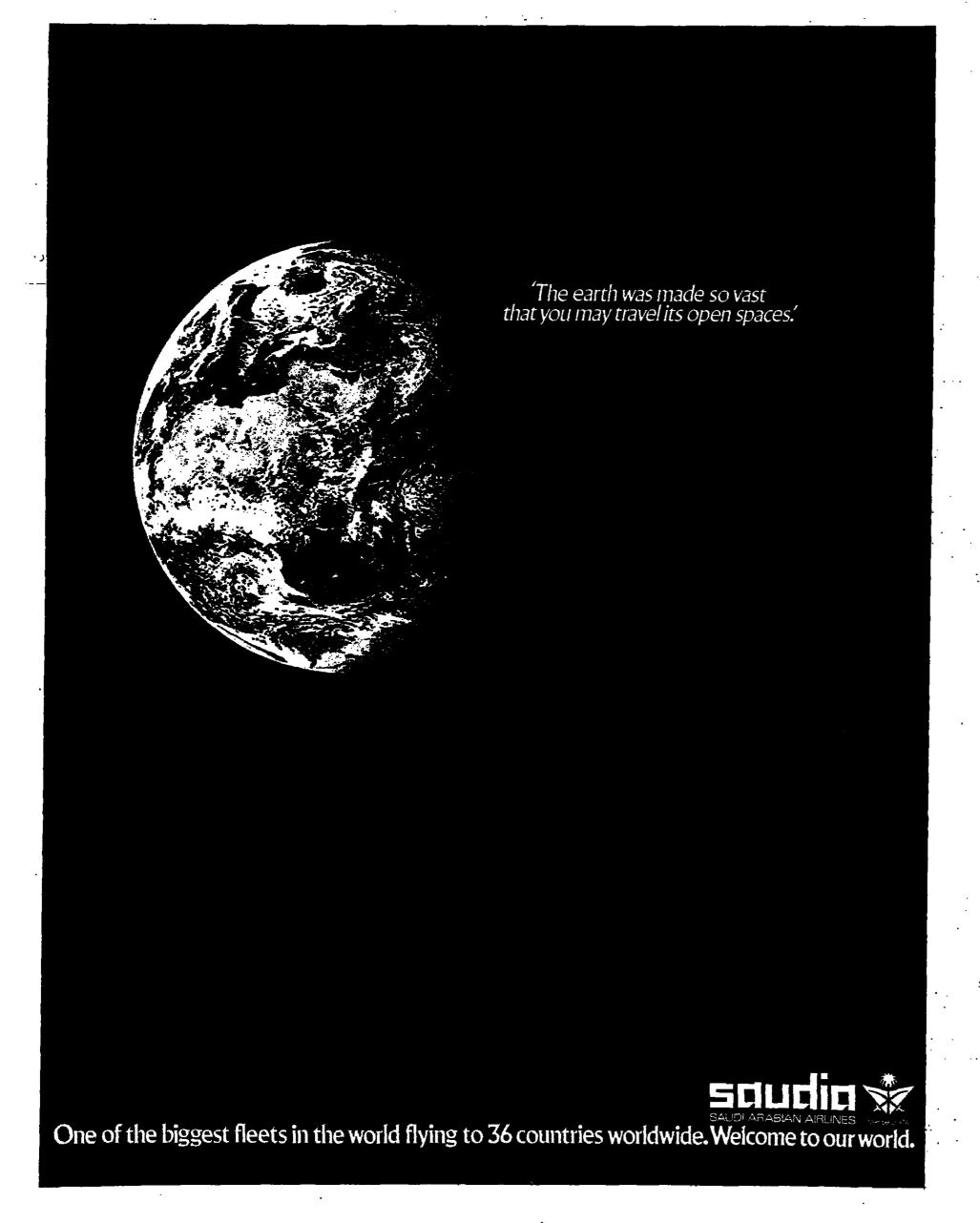
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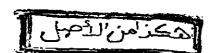
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# Mercury 'at risk' from union dispute, court told

BY BRIAN GROOM

October 19 199

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idited)

MERCURY COMMUNICATIONS. Bailey, sales director, said in writ- for the Mercury consortium, said High Court in London yesterday that it could be forced out of business if the Post Office Engineering Union (POEU) was allowed to continue its campaign of disruption against plans to privatise BT.

the private telephone network ten evidence that Mercury had lost the union's action was aimed at which has a licence to compete with orders worth between £500,000 and "throttling at birth" the private net-British Telecom (BT), warned in the £1.5m a year, with a further £4m in work by refusing to connect it to

jeopardy.

Mercury is asking Mr Justice
Mercury is asking Mr Justice
Mercury is seking an injunction
mercury is seeking an injunction
preventing the POEU from doing
to lift the industrial action. It is a
major test for the Employment Act
prescribes to trade disputes with

Mercury and BT; interfering Potential customers were put off immunities to trade disputes with with Mercury's business; and in-by threats of industrial action their own employer structing members not to co-op-against them, it claimed. Mr Stuart Mr Alexander Irvine QC, counsel

#### Minister would consider broker, jobber mergers

BY JOHN MOORE, CITY CORRESPONDENT

and Industry, has said the Government would be prepared to consider the merger of stockbroking and stockjobbing functions on the London stock market.

In a major speech in New York yesterday, Mr Fletcher outlined the changes agreed between the Gov-ernment and the London Stock Exchange which would lead to the dismantling of the stock market's minimum commission structure on its transactions, and other reforms. In return for the agreed changes the Stock Exchange is to be exempted from the effects of legislation under the Restrictive Practices Act.

Mr Fletcher said the Government

MR ALEX FLETCHER, the Minis- the separation of the functions of ter for Corporate and Consumer Af-fairs at the Department of Trade stockbrokers, the agents who act on fairs at the Department of Trade behalf of clients, and stockjobbers, revenue from taxation when the behalf of clients, and stockjobbers, the market makers – was justified. But he added: "It was made clear to us - and experience in New York

was one of the arguments - that the maintenance of single capacity might not be possible once commis-

change its single capacity system, comparable safeguards for inves-tors would have to be provided." He said the first stage on phasing out minimum commissions was

likely within a matter of months. The Stock Exchange had not yet reached a consensus on the "big had decided that single capacity - bang approach to the next stage.

## Spending up sharply

BY MAX WILKINSON, ECONOMICS CORRESPONDENT

SPENDING IN shops rose sharply in September according to provisional figures yesterday from the Department of Trade and Industry. Figures showed a jump of 2% per qua cent in the volume of sales com-

Angust.

Sales in September were running the recent consumer bonn might be 6 per cent ahead of the level a year fading. earlier in volume terms and 4% per cent above the average level in the throughout the summer and the first three months of this year. The index for volume of retail that optimism.

cent in the volume of sales com-pared with the depressed levels in Angust.

Falls in the recorded level of sales in July and Angust led to spec-ulation in the City of London that

But retailers remained confident September rise seems to support

#### Fourfold rise in tax revenue over 10 years

TAXES ON North Sea oil have risrevenue from taxation when the Conservatives took office in 1979 to 13 per cent in 1982-83. Over the same period income tax has fallen

Figures primined by the initial Revenue today show that in the "I am ready to be convinced that this is the case, but if the London Stock Exchange does decide to fold from £10.65m to £45m in 1983-84. In 1978-79, which ended just before the Conservatives were elected, income tax raised £18.75bn (with a further £15m from surtax and represented 78 per cent of all tax revenues. In the same year, North Sea oil started to flow into the Government's coffers for the first time raising £183m in Petroleum Revenue Tax (PRT).

By last year PRT was up to £3.3bn.

• BRITISH STEEL Corporation is to close its narrow strip works at Barrow-in-Furness next month with a loss of 174 jobs.

• SHELL WORKERS at the company's biggest UK oil refinery at Stanlow, Cheshire, today begin an indefinite strike over pay. • INVESTIGATORS in the Lloyd's

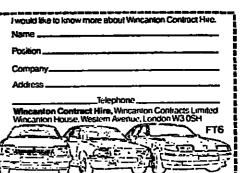
insurance market have completed a report into allegations that five former Alexander Howden Group executives misappropriated up to \$55m. Lloyd's committee member: will now decide whether the report should be referred to the markets disciplinary committee.

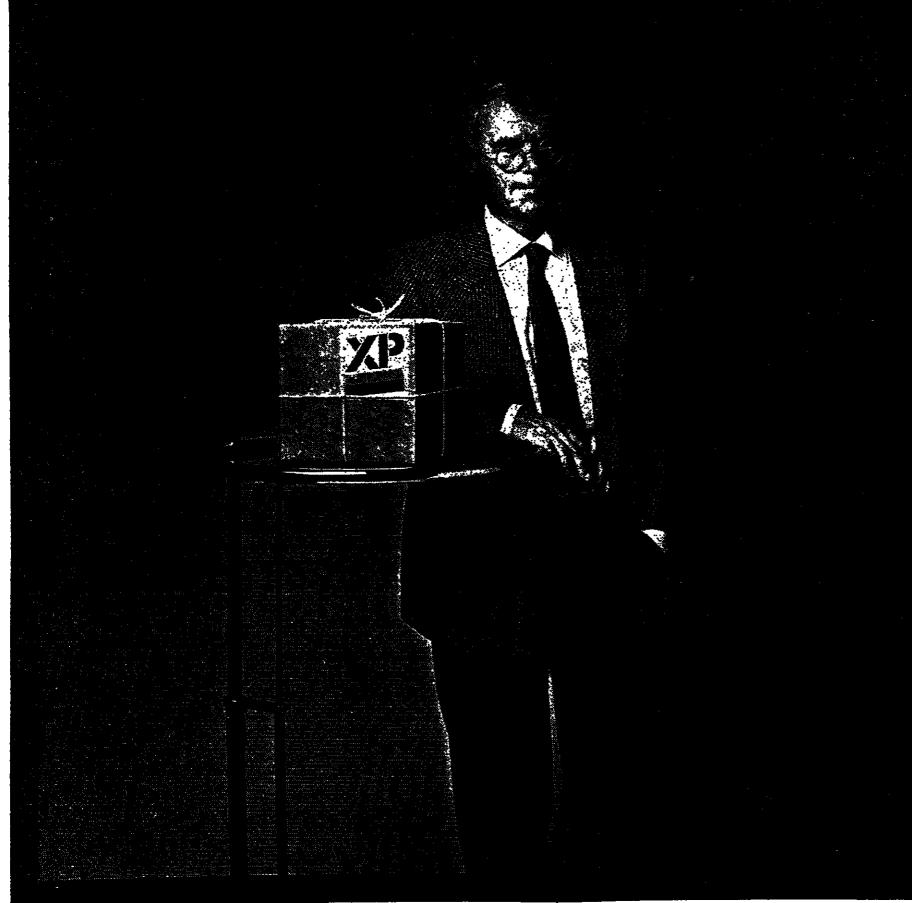


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#### **UK NEWS**

# Ford's Turkish deal may safeguard export of car parts

BY KENNETH GOODING, MOTOR INDUSTRY CORRESPONDENT a move by Ford of the U.S. to engine during 1984 - the first his acquire a 30 per cent stake in Oto-san, the Turkish vehicle company. san, the Turkish vehicle company.

The value of car components sent to Turkey from Britain is expected to reach £14m next year.

increasingly protectionist in its approach to vehicle imports. By taking a 30 per cent shareholding in Otosan over the next three years

tured from glass fibre and Otosa tured from glass fibre and Otosa. The bring the cab on stream.

Production of the Cargo in Tured from glass fibre and Otosa. Ford will be able to claim involve-ment in local production. Otosan, a subsidiary of Koc, Tur-

key's largest private group, has just started production of the Ford Cargo truck. It also assembles the Transit van and Otosan's Anadol range of cars and light pick-up trucks use Ford engines and trans-

Ford's 110 series six-cylinder diesel engine into production at a facility key since the 1930s.

EXPORTS OF British motor com- established at Inonu, south east of ponents to Turkey are likely to be asseguarded in future as a result of Components from the UK for the

The Cargo will replace the D-series trucks of which more than \$6,000 have been built by Otosan. Like the Turkey has been becoming D-series, the Cargo cab is manufac-

> key is planned to reach 5,000 during 1961, rising to 6,000 a year by 1986 Initially, the only model to be offered will be the Cargo 1312 with a 4,250mm wheelbase,

Ford has been associated with Otosan since 1923 and since 1963 the range of cars and light pick-up rucks use Ford engines and transmissions supplied from the UK.

Otosan has invested £15m to put would be its first investment in Tur

## UK producers plan dishwasher revival

BY LISA WOOD

appliances are investigating the feasibility of building a single plant to manufacture a range of British-built dishwashing machines.

The market is totally supplied by imports, the major exporters being Germany and France which enjoy some 90 per cent of the UK market. The companies involved in the study, which is at a very early stage, are the appliance subsidia-ries of Thorn-EMI, GEC, Hoover, Tube Investments and Servis. It is understood the initiative

came from Hoover, which, several vears ago, developed its own plans to manufacture dishwashers in the basic guts of the machine Mr Jim Collis, director-general of

that in other areas of domestic ap-

FIVE manufacturers of domestic however, are talking about the possibility of co-operating in the manufacture of this product," he said. They are in the early stages of

market research to see if it is the sensible thing for all, or some of them to do." Ownership of dishwashers in the UK is lower than anywhere else in the western world and part of the feasibility study is to investigate

the market's potential. The market appears to have grown substantially this year with projected sales of 180,000 units compared with 115,000 in 1982. If the scheme gets off the gre

Britain. The National Economic De- would be the same with individual velopment Office has been strongly companies then putting on their in-involved in bringing the five compa-dividual stamp and accessories. The initial study is of the market potential. If this is favourable a secthe Association of Manufacturers of ond study will be made on the man

Domestic Electric Appliances said ufacturing possibilities which could involve either a "greenfield" site or pliances the companies were highly the development of existing facilities. Foreign technology or parts The UK companies concerned, could be involved.

## Publishers face £4m bill in newsprint row

BY PAUL CHEESERIGHT IN LUXEMBOURG

BRITISH NEWSPAPER proprie- lands and Denmark. The film billtors face a bill of up to fAm in the for British newspaper publishers the end of the year unless the Ital- on imports outside the duty-free ian Government drops its objec-tions to an enlarged EEC duty free import quote for newsprint.

The EEC gives suppliers an annual duty free quota of 2.5m tonnes. but at present rates of consumption this will be used up next month. Efforts to add more tonnes to the quota ran up against sharp Italian op-position at a meeting of the EEC Council of Ministers in Luxem-would also be higher than, for exbourg yesterday. Britain wants an extra 130,000 tonnes.

No immediate solution to the dispute is in sight. Britain has the ence - buying from EE backing of Belgium, the Nether rather than from outside

The Italian Government contest the need to buy extra supplies from outside the EEC - because it has a stockpile of its own, said to be be-tween 50,060 and 60,000 tonnes. A problem for British users is

that the Italian newsprint has a wawould also be higher than, for example, supplies from Finland, Italy is apparently basing its case

on the idea of Community preference - buying from EEC sources

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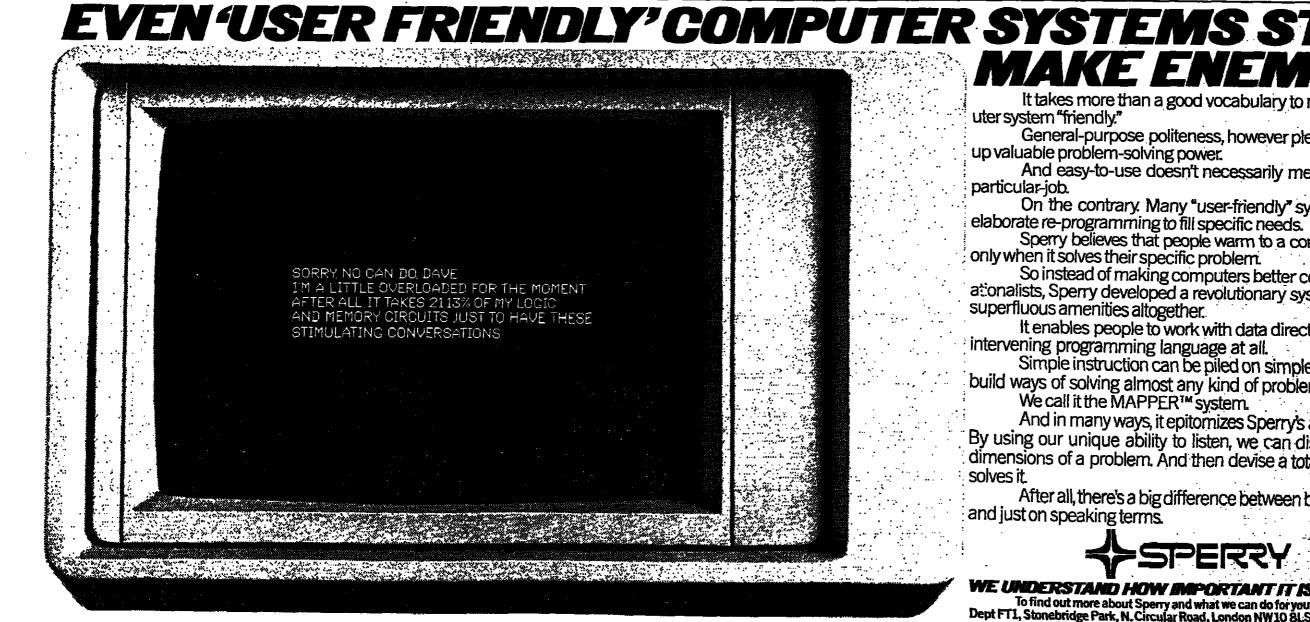
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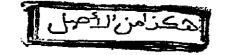
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#### **UK NEWS**

# UK urged to set up | Plan for European 'super-ministry' to promote technology

BY GUY DE JONQUIERES

ministry with wide-ranging powers Ministry of Defence and the to promote the development of a Science strong national semiconductor industry able to compete with the U.S. and Japan, a paper published Promote international alliances by the National Economic Development Office (NEDO) said yesterday.

The paper was written by Sir Ieu-an Maddock, former chief scientist at the Department of Industry. It applications throughout industry. says that the recent rapid progress in making ever more powerful the production of electronic components from a subsidiary activity into the principal driving force behind advances in almost every area of industry and commerce.

"High availability of the stateof the art semiconductors and the ability to create purpose-built chips for specialised applications will be as essential as the availability of electric power, pure water or good communications," he says.

try, he argues. Funding of advanced ectronics, notably by the Ministry of Defence, has been inadequate to keep pace with advances in technology and there has been insufficient co-ordination of initiatives by different Government departments.

semiconductor industry independent of the U.S. and Japan by creating a Ministry of Communications, which would take charge of the electronics activities of the Depart-don SWIP 4QX.

BRITAIN SHOULD create a super- ment of Trade and Industry, the Engineering Research

> It should be given powers to: and joint ventures between elec-

 Develop indigenous capacity to make specialised components for Help establish "silicon foundries to turn bespoke electronic circuit Stimulate the growth of markets

for new telecon unications net- Intervene in public purchasing decisions, to promote demand for advanced microelectronic products.

 Ensure an indigenous, competi-tively-priced supply of materials needed to make advanced micro-Sir Ienan says that adoption of his proposals could enable Britian's

Government policy has failed to manufacturing and service indus-give enough emphasis to develop-ment of the semiconductor indus-competition. But failure to act would lead to a situation far more menacing" than the energy crisis. The paper was written as a fol-low-up to a report by Sir Ieuan on the civil exploitation of defence

last April Britain should seek to develop a The Electronic Component In dustry. National Economic Development Office, Electronics

# music satellite TV

BY RAYMOND SNODDY

ing live performances from the op-era houses and concert halls of Europe could be available by 1986.

A feasibility study on the project is about to begin and, if it is positive, a decision to go ahead could be

pean concert management company, and Morgan Greniell, the merchant bank, have formed a joint venture to carry out the prelimi-nary study on the prospects for European Music Satellite (EMS). Sir Ian Hunter, managing director of Harold Holt and Mr Noble Wilson. BBC Television's chief assistant in charge of international developwill look at the program material available, methods of dis-

the audience and revenue. Meetings with the managements of opera and ballet companies, or-chestras and national broadcasting companies are planned for this au-

The plan would be to offer a subscription service across Europe. At first, it would probably be delivered by low power satellite to the operators of cable television networks. Later, the service might be delivered to individual homes by direct Brian Wenham, BBC Telev broadcast satellite (DBS). The director of programmes, and the civil exploitation of defence great questions we have to answer chard Somer technology, published by NEDO is whether it could be economically sic and arts.

A CABLE television channel carry-viable," Sir Ian Hunter said yester-

Such a service might sell to the consumer for around £10 a month, though it was too early to have defi-

Several hours of programmes taken by the spring. would be carried on weektay even-The BBC, Harold Holt, the Euro-ings, with perhaps more at the

Mr James Golob, of Morgan Grenfell's information technology development unit, said he believed the project could be financially vi-

If the decision is taken to go

ahead, investment from other parts of Europe will be sought to make the enterprises less purely British. Mr Wilson says the BBC is well aware that attempts to introduce a "cultural" channel in the U.S. and tribution, cost, the estimated size of

Canada have been unsucci "However, we believe that not on ly are there larger potential audi-ences in Europe for this kind of material, but also the essential nature of the service, the ability to watch live performances by the great art-ists and musicians of Europe, will

be the real attraction," he said. The idea for the European Music Satellite was first suggested by Mr chard Somerset-Ward, head of mu-

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#### Burroughs to launch new banking terminal

BY MARK MEREDITH

BURROUGHS, the Detroit-based business machine company, will next month launch a new banking this year, is something of a novelty terminal designed and manufacting in this Scottish electronics sector. It terminal designed and manufactured by Fortronic, a Scottish microelectronics company.

Under a £21m contract signed with Fortronic earlier this year, Burroughs has the world marketing rights for the EF 300, a terminal for use behind the counter.

It was also announced yesterday that Motorola plans a significant the remaining shares. expansion to its semiconductor plant at East Kilbride, south of distributor for Wang office equip-

dustry Minister, said he had confir-mation from Motorola of the expan-consultancy, software as well as remation from Motorola of the expansion during his recent visit to the search and development compa U.S. to encourage further invest-ment in electronics in Scotland. Scotland now has the largest con-

personal computer manufacturing outside the U.S. Mr Stewart yesterday opened a new plant for Fortron-

The company, with a turnover of E7m last year rising to about £12m acts as a producer as well as a holding company to spawn eletronics

Along with the main Fortronic plant in Fife, the company has 13 subsidiaries in which it has an aver age 75 per cent stake, giving the managements of each subsidiary

Among the 13 companies are a ment, a word processing bu Mr Allan Stewart, the Scottish In- marketing company, light mechani

Fortronic, set up by Mr Hugh Smeaton and Mr Norman Edgar, centration of semiconductor and two former Hewlett Packard em ployees, broke into the banking terminal market in 1976 with a £2m order for the Clydesdale Bank in Scotland.

# for London riverside

BY WILLIAM COCHRANE

The first phase, described yester-

FIRST PHASE of a £350m development scheme for London's South will dominate the development.

mixture of housing, open space and industry for the site, which was pre-

Property plan unveiled

Bank of the river Thames, which is planned to cover the entire river

day by St Martins' vice-chairman, yesterday attacked the scheme Mr Fouad Jaffar as 'London's large saying that the council preferred a est development since the Great Fire of London in 1866," will cost 120m and take in 800,000 sq ft of viously occupied by Hay's Wharf.

Mr Brian Cann, managing direc-tor of St Martins, said the scheme planned to cover the entire river frontage between London Bridge and Tower Bridge by the end of the decade, was unveiled yesterday by St Martins, the UK property arm of the Kuwaiti Investment Office.

To of St learnins, and the scheme for able income (property taxes) for the London borough of Southwark, the said the scheme had already attracted a major international tenant for 130,000 sq ft of office space Planning officials at Southwark

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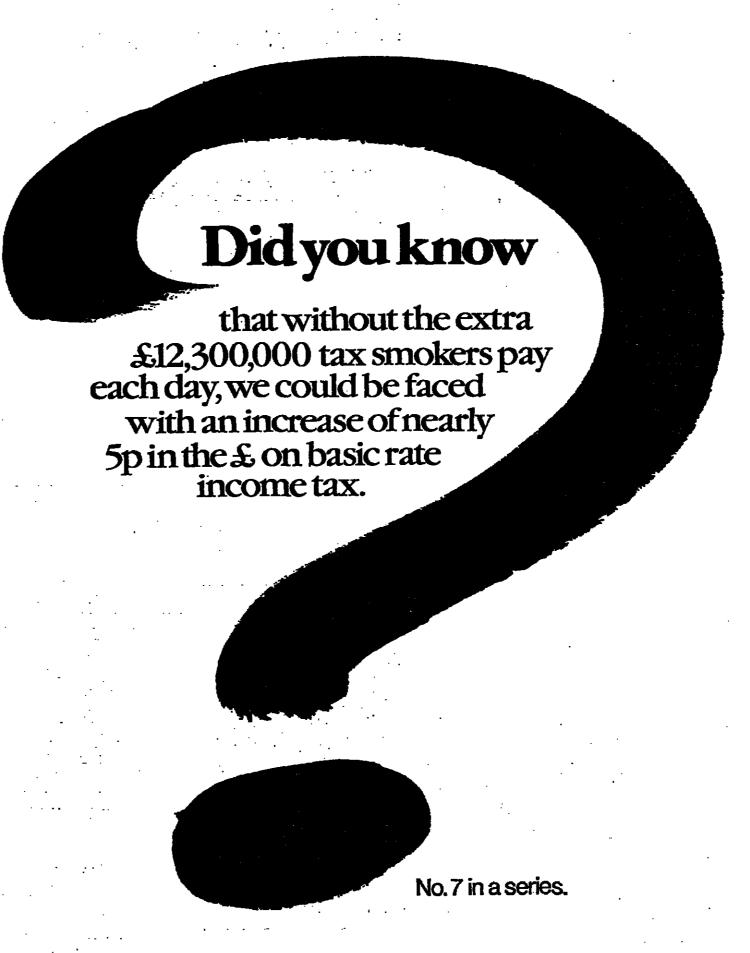
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THE STORY

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Section 1988

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2 single

We know Turner so well in this country, however, and his reputation stands so high, that we may almost forgive ourselves, perhaps, for thinking we have seen enough of him, if only for the moment. After all, were there not those marvellous bicentenary celebrations only bicentenary celebrations only yesterday or the day before (eight years have gone so very quickly), at the British Museum and the Royal Academy, and have there not been smaller shows touring everywhere ever since, and tome after tome from Butlin, Joll, Wilton, Gage and all besides? And of course there is always the Tate.

But we would be quite wrong to indulge the complacency; and now another anniversary has come along to make the point. The British Council, whose job it is to show British achievement of every kind to the world, is now fifty years old. The chance falls to mark the occasion by collaboration with the French and Turner, who travelled so prodigiously himself, has been asked to carry

Two particular exhibitions have been arranged, the one, at the Grand Palais in Paris (until January 16), splendid and copious, the other, at the Musée des Beaux Arts in Bor-deaux (until November 28), an exquisite distillation of his achievement. Separate as they are, they need not be treated separately, for the group of some 30 water-colours lent to Bordeaux by Manchester's City Art Gallery, special though each of them is in its particular siasm we see Turner as protoqualities, spans the period of Turner's career and the scope of his work: and his practice in water-colour is central to any understanding of his work.

The citizens of one of the great provincial capitals of France, one moreover which has such ancient association with Britain, may yet wish to go to Paris for the main feast, but it so significant a treat to themselves to savour.

The Paris show is indeed a magnificent affair, and all the more extraordinary for being the first exhibition of Turner's



Detail from "Van Tromp, going about to please his masters"

which is, of course, the point. Turner is an artist universally acknowledged to be a master, but known abroad only by the direct experience of particular masterpieces. The full scope of his achievement and the sheer weight of his output are matters more of academic than visual acceptance.
We, for our part, tend per-

haps to forget two things: first the particular nature of that foreign experience, and second that our own more extensive knowledge is largely the creature of comparatively recent years. We look at these extraordinary vaporons effi-sions of the later years, which, in the light of post-war developments seem heroically prophetic, and quite as daring; and yet so many of these have only come to light since the war, as conservation has grown adequate to the task of their retrieval.

As for the water-colours, so many of those too were long passed over, interesting of course, but surely too fugitive and perfunctory for aesthetic consideration. There are some 100 finished paintings in the Turner Bequest but over 180 studies sketches and rough beginnings that came with them from the studio and more than 19,000 drawings and water-colours, loose and bound.

impressionist and first abstract expressionist: but none co these things would have been what the impressionists themselves saw in the National Gallery 20 years and more after Turner's death. To Turner too, so much was unfinished, unshowable, for all that his instinct was to keep to his own ideal museum.

The question of finish is central: Turner was an artist very much of his own time, one who immersed himself in direct, incessant observation of the physical world, and yet remained ever a visionary and a Romantic Whatever he saw. have been held outside London: be imbued with the trans- native ends he asks his work

vision, a Romantic imagining of a classical past, no matter that the subjects were so often immediately contemporary immediately contemporary— the Man o' War in the Harbour as well at home in some Claudean bay.

Turner wanted indeed to be Turner wanted indeed to be a history painter, and he saw himself most particularly as Claude's direct heir. It is the happiest of coincidences that this very show should follow so soon upon the great Claude retrospective of this spring, and in the same splendid galleries. In them we find nainting after In them we find painting after painting suffused with the same golden glow of the setting sun, though it is not the Enchanted Castle, and no deserted Psyche by the shore, but Windsor Castle, and unaffected shepherdesses and the flock in the Home Park beside the river. And what is different, of

course, is this sense of the particular place, so clearly seen and idealised perhaps, but not generalised at all. It may be all the frosty mornings there ever were, but the lane is exactly seen, and the horses, and the horses, and the former stranged were and the figure wrapped up against the cold. And what Turner was discovering about this time, the first 10 years of the century, in both his oil and water-colour practice, was that though finish may be required convention for the public effective, or indeed sufficient.

The oil paintings he made up and down the lower reaches of the Thames in those years were in the next visual provocation.

There was ever less time to do it all, to complete it, tidy it up, and why should he when

ne-hour-Opera: Davies, Ligeti, Bou-lez with the Ensemble Inter-Con-

Français de Nancy, Choreography by Kenneth Mac Millan, Agnes de Mille, Jiri Kylian, Music by Shos-takovitch, Schubert, Haydn (8.30pm, Sun 2.30pm) TMP-Châetelet

Houston Ballet (Opera House): Mixed programme of this young company, led by choreographer Ben Steven-son will feature Stevenson's version

of Steeping Beauty set to Tchaikovs-ky and originally performed at the London Festival Ballet. Kennedy

mporain (6.30pm), Ballet Théâtre

Sun Ra-Gary Numan/Venue-Hammersmith Odeon

**Antony Thorncroft** 

cendent quality of an idealised to serve, is an artist at work world, or rather the visionary who shows by what he does experience of that world. Most expecially was it an historical example is not so much one example is not so much one of truth to Nature as of truth to Art; and those French painters, fied to London from the Commune in the 1870's, though they would have seen The Fighting Temeraire perhaps, or the Erening Star, or Hero and Leander, would have detected too behind the superficial, final subjective gloss, to which Turner himself was no

which Turner himself was no doubt committed, the real demonstration that a broad gesture, and the lightest touch, in purely painterly terms, may do rather more.

Not one of those three paintings is in Paris, but there are so many others that make the same point: Burial at Sea; Rain, Steam and Speed; Juliet and her Nurse; etcetera. The French have long known Turner as a great Romantic Symbolist, and so he is; but what we give them now is someone infinitely more

various, subtle and accom-plished than that. Though be may not have realised it consciously himself, or not been prepared quite to admit, he was the first artist to shake himself free of the tyranny of representation and depiction, which was now a matter of choice, even of preference, but no longer of duty. He came to this pass, moreover, not through any rational process but directly through the show, the suggestion or note, his desperate temperament to especially the one made upon the spot, was no less accurate, the spot, was no less accurate, fleeting effect, the next visual work, always so driven on by his desperate temperament to

perhaps in fact the most revolu-tionary things he ever did, his exactly, that it was right as it technique freed by his command of water-colour as his eyes had already been disciplined by constant local observation.

And so what we see in Paris now, no matter what the imagination with a state of the practical visionary, the artist with paint on his hands, who is the hero of Paris.

WILLIAM PACKER

"Warriors," his new album, and with a limited backward glance

towards his more melodic past. It was a brutal experience

which his fans loved but it is a pity that so much money should be invested in lighting and sound to produce such a

#### Manon/Covent Garden

#### Clement Crisp

It is the proper function of stars to shine, and the duty of major ballet companies to show determined to have her gorgeous penetrating strokes of cake and eat it. How clearly character drawing — in which she shows the awakening of the by Lescaut and GM, suddenly by Lescaut and GM, suddenly aware of ter sexual power; and reunited in Manon, and the resulting blaze—of tempera-ment; of magnificent dancing— provided the Royal Ballet with one of its most incandescent evenings in recent years.

The performance had a marwellous impetuosity, with David
Wall's vicious charm as Lescaut,
Derek Rencher's obsessed
sexuality as G.M., sure partners sexuality as G.m., sure partners in this impassioned reading, and the lovers' progress from first infatuation to final degra-dation perfectly judged in its

first delirious gratification with des Grieux, and how sympathetic her view of Manon's response to the glittering chances offered by G.M.; her reaction to his gifts of jewels and dress are as frankly sensual as her accompany of the Gricust as her acceptance of des Grieux'

The ducis of the first act swooned and soared, Makarova and Dowell buoyed up on a wave of new-found physical delight, the dance light in tone and somehow unsullied. Admir-

It is the proper function of emotional inevitability. Maka- able the contrast with the trio rectitude and to the bed, as if seared by a momentary doubt about her new identity, before the lures of the world and of GM's wealth lead her away.

The implicit conflict between physical honesty about des Grieux and the opportunistic streak which links the Lescaut

whelming Manon. From both artists that mastery of their roles, that entire sympathy in partnership which transcends balletic con-ventions and reveals dancing at its most expressive, most honest and potently communicative. We saw; we believed.

Unstinted praise, of course, for their beauty of utterance-Dowell's classic elegance; Makarova's physical grace that flirted so enchantingly with the second act solo—but the ulti-mate reward came from the consiblings is the armature of mate reward came from the con-Makarova's reading, as are viction and passionate truth of the tensions in Dowell's their characterisations. They des Grieux between moral spoke to our hearts.

#### Hamlet/Nottingham Playhouse

#### B. A. Young

This is played from the 1603 "bad" quarto. It is thought that this text was reconstructed from memory by a player who had been in a company using the text as we know it (the second quarto that is) and did his best to reproduce it for another company. Probably they say it was the actor who was Marcellus in Act I and possible Voltemar the Ambassador in Act II for these are the parts rendered with most consistent accuracy.

This isn't the place for such literary deductions or detailed comparisons of text (they are fully dealt with in the Arden edition). But some comparisons must be noted. We hear a wrong word almost at once: "You come must carefully upon your watch," says the Sentinel to Bernardo in line 6 of the first scene. Worse is to follow "To be or not to be, ay there's the point" (sic) is not only mis-

remembered but misunderstood and put in at the wrong point in the play. There are gaps in the plot, too. We hear nothing of Hamlet's important adven-tures at sea, or of the fate of Rossencraft and Gilderstone as they are now called.

But no matter how much we

But no matter how much we lose in poetry and narrative skill — over 2,000 lines as a matter of fact—it remains the best play in the world and this production under Andrew McKinnon, with a very young company, has many merits. The creaking is brick and intellispeaking is brisk and intelli-gent, though the acting doesn't gent, though the acting doesn't penetrate far into the emotions. George Winters' handsome young Horatio is far distant from the ageing philosopher who has become fashionable nowadays. Correctly, he looks the same age as William Relton's boyish Hamlet and their other school fellows Rossencraft and Gilderstone, a

pair of blonde Anglo-Flavens, casy for the King to confuse without being too much alike. The line that establishes Hamlet's age as 30, is missing from this version, and Mr Relton looks a good deal less. He goes to much intelligent trouble to suggest various things that should be written in his "tables" but with youthful thoughtlessness has forgotten to take them out when he says he will. he says he will.

He retains the sense if not the exact words of the dreadful speech, in which he condemns the praying King to Hell but Michael Tudor Barnes as the King doesn't seem to be praying very hard. He is firm
without being evil, and
incidentally seems younger
than his Queen, which might
well be the case for the ghost
haveringly correspond seems

Michael Barries at the
fine costumes and a minimum
of scenery. The stage is
virtually bare apart from a vast
bronze of an armoured head
that trundles around the stage
on a wide plinth from scene luxuriously caparisoned seems, behind James Cairncross' to scene without much point grizzled beard, to have died at that I could observe.

pair of blonde Anglo-Flavens, casy for the King to confuse without being too much alike. The line that establishes Hamlet's age as 30, is missing from this version, and Mr (Christine Kavanagh) is un-(Christine Kavanagh) is un-usually affectionate with Ham-let even when he is trying to cast her off. But she doesn't go mad very sympathetically. Her father, named Corambis instead of Polonius, is nicely played by Eric Allan under a straggly beard but I didn't care for Andy Readman as her brother Laertes, until he began the fencing.

the fencing. Anthony Ward has given us fine costumes and a minimum

#### Das klagende Lied/Festival Hall

#### Max Loppert

Sunday's complete formance of Mahler's early A parallel with the early the moment was felt in the raw an attractive, very lightweight cantata by the London Phil- Verdi operas came quite often tone of much of the playing reading which would have seemed Charles to mind for those when driven (strings particularly thin and harmonic Orchestra and Chorus to mind; for those, when driven (strings particularly thin and under James Conlon was very hard as Mr Conlon drove scrawny), in the "overdrive" spirited but rather too crude for Mahler, tend also to coarseness of choral climaxes. Of the team responds to the feline charms comfort. The work, given with of impact far beyond their of solists—Helena Doese, Ortrun and soft caresses that the

per- trol mostly lacking here. the long-lost first part as is now deserts. It was evident that the conductor was stirred by the concert epic—a dramatic narrative into which the young Mahler poured heart and soul— Mahler poured heart and soul— but it demands a degree of combut it demands a degree of con- so. But the consequence of his

In the Mozart E flat concerto, suggest.

easy surrender to the delights of K365, the Labéque sisters gave with less slipshed orchestral support. The two-piano concerto

## Eugene Sarbu/Elizabeth Hall

#### Dominic Gill

Carl Flesch Competition in in E major, for all their London in 1978, and subsequently by a number of violin almost wholly flat and lifeless concerto and recital appear-of resonance. Sarbu's Faure like the concerto and recital appear-of resonance. unusual technical proficiency with real originality and poetical insight; among the competition list of Conservatoire clones, his talent shone especially being the competition of the condition insight; among the competition and mechanical of spirit.

list of Conservatoire clones, his talent shone especially bright. Destined for greatness (a colleague's catchphrase which Sarbu's publicity still blazons as a banner) seemed pretty movement variations were movement variations were Two very contrasting con- with African chants, and, after ventional '40s swing. He even it is a tougher, heavier Numan, erts, linked by a perverse mystic evocation, the equally played "Stardust," and what with the bass and the drums to ccentricity. Sun Ra is an voluminous man progressed looked like being a weird the fore. He remains the master the communication blues planist who, across the stage. He opened experience in non-communication of the deadpan, running through as a banner) seemed pretty movement close to the mark. mostly gab

Destined for the Victor Hoch-hauser circuit is closer, if Mr hauser circuit is closer, if air Sarbu continues to play the way he played at his recital on Sunday night. In the first half of his programme, Tartini, Faure, Vieuxtemps might all have been the same glib componer concerned only to spin poser, concerned only to spin out as many notes as possible, as fast and prettily as possible,

I remember being greatly without nuance, variety or impressed by the 28-year-old relief. Tartini's Devil's Trill Genera, being mounted by Eugene Sarbu when he won the sonata and Vieuxtemp's Rondino BBC Television with Consolisonata and Vieuxtemp's Ronding in E major, for all their mostly gabbled so fast as to lose all sense; the intolerable prestissimo which Mr Sarbu set for the finale was pulled back

from the brink, but only from

the brink of disaster, no farther,

#### James Mason and Alan Bates new training initiative reflects are to star in a major drama the need among the growing

Arts news in brief

co-production, Doctor Fischer of dated Productions. This 90minute film for BBC-2 is based on the novel by Graham Greene, with the screenplay by the with the screenplay by the motyet been responsible for the November on location in southern England and in Switzerland, at Lake Geneva, Vevey. Gstaad and near

Vevey, C Lausanne. Doctor Fischer of Geneva

was published in 1980. In the film James Mason plays Dr Fischer while Alan Bates plays Jones, an Englishman who falls in love with Fischer's daughter.

for greater professionalism in artistic direction. The bursary is intended to

Further information is avail-

able from the Training Officer at the Arts Council. Closing date for applications is Novem-

The Arts Council's ninth annual anthology of contemporary poetry. New Poetry 9, will be published by Hutchinson by his accompanist Gordon Back—whose half of the partnership, of exemplary and remarkable tact, provided the evening's only genuinely musical pleasure.

For the first time the Arts in association with PEN on Council is to offer a bursary of not less than £4,000 to enable a trainee to work alongside by futctinison in association with PEN on November 7 (price £7.95). It is edited by the author and critic pleasure.

With the published by futctinison in association with PEN on November 7 (price £7.95). It is edited by the author and critic pleasure.

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# Arts Guide

Music/Monday. Opera and Ballet/Tuesday. Theatre/Wed-nesday. Exhibitions/Thursday. A selective guide to all the Arts appears each Friday.

negative vision

#### **Opera and Ballet**

Two very contrasting concerts, linked by a perverse eccentricity. Sun Ra is an American blues pianist who, rather than jam out the same old rolls every night for decades, has firted with the avante garde and in particular African music. He is a cult figure, with rock musicians covering his compositions.

At the Venue his voluminous band played itself in ominously with African chants, and, after mystic evocation, the equally voluminous man progressed across the stage. He opened across the stage of the opened across the stage. He opened across the stage of the opened across the stage of the opened across the stage. He opened across the stage of the opened across the stage of the opened across the stage. He opened across the stage of the opened across the opened acros

LONDON

Royal Opera, Covent Garden: only one opera on show at Covent Garden this week - Massener's Werther, with Giacomo Aragall and Yvonne Minton, conducted by Jacques Dela-

English National Opera, Coliscons: Further performances of the con-troversial ENO production of Mon-teverd's Orico by David Freeman, and of the new Rienzi, with Ken-neth Woollam, Felicity Palmer and Kathryn Harries.

Royal Opera House, Covent Garden: Natalya Makarova joins the Royal Ballet as guest artist in Manon on Saturday, and dances Voluntaries in a triple bill on Thursday. There is a performance of Manon without her on Wednesday.

Sadler's Wells, Rosebery Ave: the mime Lindsay Kemp opens a sea-son with a programme about Mid-summer Night's Dream.

#### **PARIS**

Rossini's "Moses" in a new production by Luca Ronconi conducted by Georges Pretre with Samuel Ramey and Shirley Verrett alternates with Puccini's "Madame Butterfly" conducted by Alain Lombard in a Teatro Communale de Florence production with Raina Kabaivanska/Hetion with name habitanisation-lene Geretti as Medame Butterfly at the Paris Opera (2865022). "Vive Offenbach": conducted by John Burdekin, produced by Robert

#### October 14-20 Dhery at the Opéra Comique (2960611). WEST GERMANY

Berlin Deutsche Oper: Premiering this month is Zimmermann's Die this month is Zimmermann's Die Soldsten, presented for the first time in Berlin. It is produced by Hans Neuenfels and has Catherine Gayer and Rolf Kühne in the main parts. Orpheus and Euridiee has fine interpretations by Hanna Schwarz and Helen Donath in the leading roles. Karan Armstrong

(2611983)
Paris Zist International Dance Festivdoes justice to the title role in Korn-gold's rarely played 'Die Tote Stadt' Der Barbier von Sevilla al: Le Ballet du Nord, Choreography by Vincente Nebrada, Alfonso Cata. Théâtre des Champs Elysees closes the weak.

Hamburg Shansoper: At the occasion of this year's Wagner celebrations. The Flying Dutchman is presented this week. It has Franz Ferdinand Nentwig in the title role. Premiering this month is a new production of Turandot, directed by Gian Carlo del Manaco, with Eva Marton in the title role. Arabella has Judith Beckmann and Bernd Weikl in the leadcloses the week. ana Reitz: Field Papers. Centre Georges Pompidon (2787995). NEW YORK

fietropolitan Opera (Opera House): The fourth week of the centenary season features Peter Grimes, La Bohème, Les Troyens, La Fille du Regiment and La Forza del Destino. mann and Bernd Weikl in the leading roles. Lincoln Center (580 9830).

New York City Opera (New York State
Theatre): Madama Butterfly, Candide, Mice and Men, and Alcha.

Lincoln Center (870 5570). Cologue Opera: Also in honour of this

year's Wagner anniversary, Die Meistersinger von Nürnberg is pre-sented this week featuring Manfred Schenk as Sachs. Further perfor-mances are the Turn of the Screw, Don Pasquale and Andrea Chenier.
Frankfurt Opera: Jenufa, reproduced this season, has June Gard in the ti-tile role. Aida, sung in Italian, con-vinces thanks to Rosalind Plow-right, brilliant in the title role.

TALY

enice: La Fenice, Carolyn Carlsons Ballet (Sun, Tue, Thur)

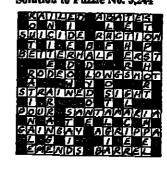
#### F.T. CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 5,245 **ACROSS**

- 1 Sign of a snake having passed—between universities on the Thames (44) 5 Prestige fits hiding-place to
- 9 Apparently I've won first prize, which should bring in plenty of money (4, 4)
- 10 Psychologist takes on the French in scene of unbridled competition (6) 12 Parliamentary decree on-constitutional historian (5)
- 13 She washes linen clothes by the sound of it (9) 14 Messenger god among other
- messengers (6) 18 American bird in cosmopolitan age range (7) 19 Loathsome fault he reveals
- 21 Drift on sheltered road? (6) 23 Man of chat, law, disease, or trade etc.-stay-at-home lad? (9) 25 Perfect poseur? (5)
- 26 Enter some money? (6) 27 A timber to coil-it blows
- from the side (4, 4) 28 Travel round like a buil on the Thames? (6)
- 29 Garment for people who steal, by the sound of it (8) DOWN 1 Chap with no choice? (6)
- 3,4 Classical and light items 24 What a decimal may do for November 5th (5, 7) about a dog (5)

- 6 Plenty to go with a cake-walk 25 Copy La Boheme number (5)
- Solution to Puzzle No. 5,244 7 The Dutch city is silver in 8, 11 Search for profit maybe
- 15 Mule Island, of Drury Lane? (6, 3)17 Ringers' ancestor made ringer sad (9) 18, 20 The customer may take it

nurtures hate (8, 4)

in hand (8, 4) 2 Ration of ground for cultiva- 21, 22 Light moves smoothly, as shown in old lectures (7, 6)



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# Mr Tebbit's new job

able over her years as Prime Minister: promotion tends to go to those who serve, or have served, in the Treasury. After the general election last June, Sir Geoffrey Howe, the former Chancellor, went to the Foreign Office, Mr Leon Brittan, who had been Chief Secretary at the Treasury, took the Rome Office. and Mr Nigel Lawson, who had once been Financial Secretary, became the new Chancellor. Mr John Wakeham, who had previously been Minister of State at the Treasury, became the new Chief Whip.

In the reshuffle on Sunday, the only new entrant to the Cabinet was Mr Nicholas Ridley, the Financial Secretary who has now been promoted to

Transport.
This emphasis on the Treasury background is important in that it says something about the Prime Mini-ster's priorities. There is now a Cabinet in which many of its members are deeply aware of the need to control public expenditure and have some experience of how to do it. But there is also perhaps a more personal reason for Mr Ridley's advancement. His advocacy of the market content is a discount. the market economy is well-known, and indeed led him into trouble with Mr Edward Heath, the then Prime Minister, in the early 1970s. Thus, while Mrs Thatcher may have lost a Cabinet confident in Mr Cecil Parkinson, her own position is in no way weakened by Mr Ridley's promotion.

The most striking aspect of the reshuffle, however, is the move of Mr Norman Tebbit from the Department of Em-ployment to Trade and Indus-try. Mr Tebbit is one of those few Ministers who could probably serve with distinction in almost any post. Apart from his Parliamentary skills, he has an ability to work hard, master a brief and, when necessary, to be pragmatic and conciliatory, as he has recently shown in his discussions with the trades unions over future legislation. His move-more upwards thansideways—underlines the im-portance attached to the new Department.

#### Views changed

The Department has had a chequered history: from MinTech in the late 1960s, to the Department of Trade and Industry in the early 1970s, to separation and now again, after tracts in the EEC should be put this year's election, to amalgation to open tender. His The changes themselves suggest that no one has ment of been quite sure what to do with it, just as over the years to deal with monopoly power in views have changed on the the form of the unions. He now nature of industrial policy or needs to demonstrate that he whether there should be such can stand up to other monowelcome that one of groups as well. a policy at all. It is thus polies and

MRS THATCHER'S enforced the Government's ablest Cabinet reshuffle continues a ministers should now be in trend that has become notice charge and ready, we hope, to charge and ready, we hope, to

take a new look. Nothing about this should be doctrinaire. Sir Keith Joseph, himself once Industry Secretary, used to entertain the idea that the Department of Industry could be allowed to wither away as the state withdrew and the private sector flourished. Yet the state's involvement is tet the state's involvement is too great for that, both nationally and internationally. It is not only the state-owned enterprises that will continue to require attention. There are also decisions, such as on further participation in the Airbus or on the development of new engines for Rolls-Royce, which cannot be taken by the private sector alone. While Mrs Thatcher's government rightly seeks to create a climate in which entrepreneuts can look which entrepreneurs can look after themselves, it cannot dis-

engage altogether.
Her first government intervened widely in industry, whether by subsidising BL or British Steel even to the extent of sometimes over-ruling the advice of the management: for example, by preserving the steel plant at Ravenscraig. There were also cases where it tried hard to rescue plants that were already closing, such as the aluminium smelter at Inver-gordon. More recently the emphasis shifted to promoting high-tech and information technology. Yet there was about it all a rather arbitrary approach: clear criteria for state interven-

tion were lacking.
It was the same at the Department of Trade. While the official policy was one of opposing protectionism, it was not always put into practice. Even where the Government

has seemed to be bold, as sometimes on privatisation, the purpose has not always been obvious. There is a risk, for example, that British Telecom will be simply transformed from a public into a private monopoly with an inadequate regulatory system. The challenge is not merely to change ownership, but to alter the structure of indus-try in a way which stimulates innovation, competition and consumer choice.

Mr Tebbit has the chance to

look at all these matters with a fresh eye. There are others. too, such as the future of regional policy and the development of competition policy. Not least, there is the opportunity put open to criticism is the payment His of very large grants to firms Employment has shown that he is able

N theory," says Andrew Noone, who is responsible for regional matters at the Confederation of British In-Britain's regional policy the Confederation of British industry, "a pretty respectable
regional policy might be to take
a helicopter over Gateshead and
pour out pound notes." Such
an approach would, he says,
work as an act of redistribution
and economic pump-priming—
"but there has to be a more
efficient way."

when the British Government decided to build factories in the depressed north east. But as

yet another Government review
of the subject grinds towards
conclusion, sound policy seems
more clusive than ever.

It has been made so by
mounting evidence that the

centrepiece of modern regional

aid — regional development grants to encourage firms to invest in plant or facilities in economically deprived areas— no longer produces worthwhile

Since 1972, when the Heath Government laid down the main lines of current regional policy, £4bn has been spent on these grants with little discernible

impact upon the relative eco-nomic performance of the regions themselves. Unemploy-

ment at 16.6 per cent in northern England and 15.4 per

cent in the north west is still on an altogether higher plane

than in the south east, where it stands at 9.2 per cent.

At the same time regional policy has been able to play no

part—indeed it has probably aggravated problems—in the most rapidly deteriorating regional economy, the West Midlands, where the decimation of

belped drive unemployment to

15.3 per cent.
Academic evidence on the

record of regional policy is equally cheerless. According to

the Cambridge Economic Policy Group, regional policy helped

half. Since, by 1979-80, the Government was spending £312m on regional development grant alone, that works out at

regional spending this year, in-cluding £474m in regional deve-

lopment grant, will be about

Figures like these have led to increasing doubts about basing

regional policy upon automatic entitlement to grants for capital

investment—up to 22 per cent of costs of either buildings or plant are available. Especially

anyway. A case in point is the

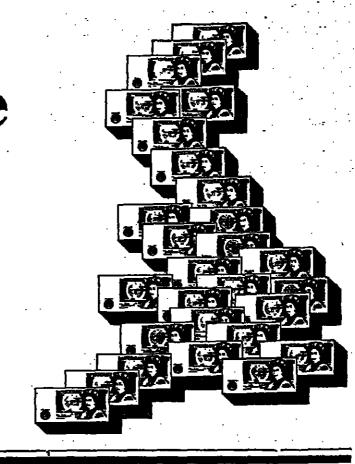
A tendency to

neglect service

industries

# An expensive efficient way." The search for that more efficient way has been the constant pre-occupation of regional policy makers since the science was invented half a century ago search for the right formula

By Ian Hargreaves, John Lloyd and Anthony Moreton



'catalytic cracker syndrome" —so-called because of the vast sums disbursed over the years to the county's petrochemical companies, which have provided few jobs. Between 1972 and 1982, Cleveland received more in grant than the whole of Wales, but has an unemployment rate of 19 per cent. Almost one-quarter of regional develop-ment grant in the last decade has gone to the chemical in-

Nor are these the only problems. Those who believe that greater flexibility of labour costs is a first condition of industrial renewal and employ-ment growth note with dismay that regional policy has had so little impact upon the centralising tendency of both the public
sector and large private corporations to pay similar wage
rates regardless of geography
and the state of local labour
rate headquarters to move into sector and large private cor-porations to pay similar wage rates regardless of geography and the state of local labour

Government figures show that average male manual wages range from £134 a week in the south west to £151 a week in the south east. Manual wages in the depressed manual wages create 20,000 jobs a year in the booming period between 1966 and 1971, 11,000 a year in the first half of the 1970s and only 7,000 jobs a year in the second half Since by 1970,80 the in the depressed north, however, at an average of £143.60 a week, are little different from those in the south east (excluding London) at £144.50, although the recent trend is towards a widening north-south differential. In the 1982 figures, northern wages at £136.70 actually exceeded the south east average by £3.30 a week

almost £45,000 per job. The total value of Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) Equally open to criticism is regional policy's long-standing tendency to neglect the service industries in spite of the fact that manufacturing employ-ment and share of GDP is in secular decline in all advances countries. The DTI does, it is true, have a scheme to help move office and service jobs to the regions. It was allocated just \$7.42m last year, creating over £3.000 per job.

evidently, have taken place influential Sullom Voe oil processing plant which pressed home this case for which a BP-led consortium was a 1981 Institute of Econoreceived £93m in regional deve-lopment grant. mic Affairs analysis by Mr John The county of Cleveland has been a notable victim of this Yorkshire office.

In this paper, which has become required reading for ministers, Mr McEnery argues that the "manufacturing failacy"-that only manufacturers produce tradeable goods and real wealth—blinded successive governments to the need to generate self-sustaining busi-nesses, including corporate headquarters, rather than branch plants vulnerable to cut-back in recession or a move to areas with lower labour costs.

Mr McEnery's conclusion is that the grant system is "waste-ful and counter-productive" and should be scrapped. He would also abolish subsidies to rail services in the South-East and abandon costly efforts to lure foreign branch plants, like the regions through a selective system of grants.

tortion in the market. They for more have also, in a flat economy, regional aid.

Regional development grant

Urban programme

Other Industry Department Aid

Urhan development corporation

Derelict land improvement

MONEY FOR THE REGIONS

had no difficulty demolishing the central economic tenet of traditional regional policy economists that transfers of resources to the regions take pressure off wage rates in booming arees and so provide additional economic growth by using the resources more effec-tively in slack areas.

But it is not only free-market advocates who want radical change. So, too, do many local authorities, who are frustrated by the meagreness of their own resources and their lack of a voice in the way central funds

"They should re-cast the lot," says Mr Ray O'Bulen, chief executive of Merseyside County Council. "If you talk about regional aid only with respect to industry, you are already starting to compartmentalise. When the property is a talk about in What we want to talk about is the Government's whole relationship with Merseyside. There system of grants.

Some Government policy advisers have taken advantage and more effort to bring local people in on revenue allocal incentives are a dangerous distortion in the market. They for more local autonomy in people in the first economy.

1982-83 ...

. \_ 1983-84

1,047

shaping a response to at least some of these points for a long time. Sir Keith Joseph, when he was Industry Secretary in 1979, sharply reduced the number of assisted areas, so that today only 27 per cent of the working population is covered, compared with 45 per cent before the cuts.

But this year's election manifesto contained a commitment to "an effective regional policy" and a promise to avoid

The Government has been

"sudden changes."
Given the tortuous difficul-ties experienced since then by

two inter-departmental inquiries in devising an agenda for action, suddenness was never really much of a danger. Even now, officials are uncertain whether the Government will publish a White Paper, a Green Paper or any paper at all this year. What the debate has estab-lished is an official agenda for discussion, which now focuses upon three main questions: whether regional aid can be made to produce more jobs, possibly by including a labour recruitment stipulation, whether the system could be more discretionary and therefore more flexible and whether some way can be found of doing more for the services sector. A fourth, more tangential question is whether the boundaries of the isted areas should be redrawn

to take in the West Midlands. Even this azenda is open to strong challenge, since it ex-cludes consideration of the Department of Environment's (DoE) urban programme, which will channel £418m this year to Britain's depressed inner cities. 68 per cent of it in the form of capital projects and a large slice of it to industry and

new policy, however, is likely £215m from the regional fund and to be the straightforward desire to save money, something necessarily so controversial discuss the matter, they are since a bulge in grant applica-tions associated with the Joseph cuts is now passed and will reduce regional development grants from £689m in 1982-83 to less than £474m projected for 1983-84 in the public

spending white paper. (The f689m was an 589m overspend on the Government's public spending White Paper.) To introduce an element of labour recruitment incentive however, could be costly. The old regional employment pre-mium, which ran from 1967 to 1977, pold manufacturing firms in the regions (initially £1.50 a week for each adult male) according to the size of their payrolls and cost an estimated £100m in 1967. By the time it ended, it was thewing up half of the annual regional aid budget and over ten years is esti-mated to have belped create; about 100,000 jobs, with

diminishing returns as unem-ployment rose in the 1970s. This sechence is unlikely to be re-born, not least because as a blanket subsidy it would probably contravene EEC competition rules. A more likely possibility is some form of sub-

possibility is some form of sub-sidy to firms which take on additional labour. Another option and one cer-tain to feature in the new policy tain to feature in the new policy is greater discretion in the allocation of grant. In the last decade, only 15 per cent of regional aid has been given on a selective as opposed to an automatic basis. The labour issue could be addressed by setting limits to the cost per job calculation.

But any move to selectivity rould be resisted by the CBL which argues that automatic entitlement is vital for the business planning process. "If you want businessmen to alter location decisions, policy has to im-pinge early and clearly in his decision-making process." says Mr Noone.

Mr Noone.

As to whether regional policy
can help make the labour
market more flexible, the CBI is
not hopeful, although it thinks not hopeful, although it thinks that in the medium term changes in training systems and the housing market could help. Greater emphasis on service industries will also feature in the new policy. This can partly be achieved by including in the grant scheme industrial classi-

#### The CBI will resist any move to selectivity

fications now excluded such as banking, financial services and tourism. Again, a large element of discretion may be necessary to avoid excessively complicated definitions.
On the question of assisted area boundaries, it is difficult to see the Government ignoring the West Midlands case.

All of this is a far cry from the radical talk of the McEners paper and the free-marketeers: Probably, in the end it was prevail in the face of the political sensitivity of the regional issue, coupled with the fact that regional policy remains an effective lever of money from Brussels—£235m this year

more likely to be told about Government ideas for modifying policy than about fundamental changes. They will just have to hope that what is proposed makes more sense than the Gateshead belicopter.

# No unity among socialists

from five southern European countries gave a display of disagreement at their meeting in Athens which ended yesterday. Neither their common political convictions nor their supposedly common interests as southerners produced the hoped-for harmony on some fundamental issues of European

Most glaringly, the meeting of the prime ministers of France, Greece, Italy, Portugal and Spain has given no new impetus to the weary negotiations for the admission of Portugal and Spain to the Common Market. After the sessions had ended, M Pierre hopes at all that French delaying tactics might be abandoned On the contrary, opportuni-ties to spin out the negotia-tions will multiply at the beginning of next year when, for a period of six months, France assumes the presidency of the EEC. With consummate elegance M Mauroy, by implication. blamed London and Bonn for the delay. Not France, he said, but others were blocking an increase of the Community's financial reso munity's financial resources. Without such an increase there would not be enough money for Mediterranean produce in the Common Agricultural Policy and thus no scope for the admission of Portugal and

#### Topsy-turvy

The logic is as faultless as it is topsy-turvy. The Community faces financial crisis because the CAP in its present form—that is to say without Portugal and Spain - threatens to become a bottomiess pit. Throwing more and more money at the farmers will not alter that, except for a limited period.

Government with economic and political would be exposed to severe peninsula. That, however, has been known for a long time. The existing Ten long ago decided that the political arguments for having Portugal and Spain in the Community and the general advantages to be

In what seems to have been a moment of exasperation the Portuguese Prime Minister. Sr Mario Soares, said at Athens that Lisbon might look for "alternatives" if it had not got into the EEC by 1986. It was an empty threst. There are no such alternatives

on another question of prime concern to Europe, the deployment of U.S. Pershing II and cruise weapons. The Greek host, Mr Andreas Papandreou, failed to persuade Sig Bettino Craxi, of Italy, and M Mauroy that Nato ought to extend the deadline for deployment by six months if the current U.S. Soviet talks in Geneva bring no agreement by the end of this

In itself that was a bad thing. But it does ilustrate that an ideology held in common does not provide much of a basis for common political action within the western Europe of today. Mr Papandreou even failed to extract from Sig Craxi and M Mauroy a condemnation of the World Bank and the IMF for supposedly placing obstacles in the way of socialist govern-It is true that enlargement ments. We should be grateful would confront the French for their levelheadedness.

problems because

sion of the internal market outweighed such sectoral costs.

That decision was and still is the right one. It should not be blurred by confusing the issues or by adopting delaying

such alternatives,
As with the enlargement of
the EEC, the socialist five in

Nicholas Ridley, promoted from Financial Secretary to Transport Secretary, is by my count the seventh whose ministerial advancement has been accelerated by taking the route through Great George Street, Nisel Lawson Charcellos of

the Duchy of Lancaster, who was a frequent visitor there as adviser on taxation policy to Lord Barber during the early 1970s, returned in 1979 for his ministerial initiation.

many aspirants for the vacancy created by Ridley's departure will have in mind as they wait optimistically by their telephones this week.

#### Yard master

Derek Kimber, one of the most extrovert figures in the UK shipbuilding industry, has finally decided to hang up his bat as chairman of state-owned British Shipbuilders' large

# **Men & Matters**

#### Treasury track

Service at the Treasury seems to have become a passport to a place in Margaret Thatcher's Cabinet.

Nigel Lawson, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Peter Rees, Chief Secretary to the Treasury, both got their first taste of government in the department

they now head.

Lord Cockfield, Chancellor of

John Biften, Leader of the Commons, Leon Brittan, Home Secretary, and John Wakeham, the Tory Chief Whip (not officially a member of the Cabinet but invited to all its meetings)-all passed through the Treasury portals to be allo-cated a regular seat around that coffin-shaped table in the Cabinet room.

It is a track record which the

merchant yards.

"On my next birthday. I shall be 67 and I think I'm entitled to lay down the cares of shipbuilding," he says. "There's really little more I can do. It's a hot political potato and the a

main task in the yards is keep-Kimber, whose experience in the industry spans the Clyde, Harland and Wolff in Belfast, and Austin & Pickersgill on the Tyne, admits that "it is a very sad time for the industry, I

make no bones about it." But though 18 months after his retirement date, he is hand-ing over to Herbert Rice, head of the whole merchant division. he will still be active in the industry.

Tomorrow, Kimber sets off on his ninth visit to China, main-taining contacts for BS which is keen to benefit from the country's expanding maritime activities. He will also stay on as chairman of the Association of West European Shipbuilders until next June.

A director of London and Overseas Freighters and ship-broker Eggar Forrester, broker Eggar Forrester, Kimber emphasises that even when the recession ends, the European industry will never return to past levels. "The focus of shipping and shipbuilding is shifting to the Far East." he says. But he believes firmly that Europe should remain strong in both sectors-These two complementary industries are a defence asset." He reckons the British Government could have shown commitment to sector. His own is obvious enough, Not many men in the industry list their two main recreations in Who's Who as shipbuilding and DIY.

#### Low spirits

Long faces, this week, among Norwegian health officials. A steep fall since January in sales by the state wine and spirit monopoly had led them to hope that Norwegians were drinking less of the strong stuff. Now the police have uncovered

which brought at least 300,000 her films on the country itself, litres of cheap German booze into Norway during the first eight months of 1983, possibly twice as much.

possibly twice as much.

The wine and spirit monopoly,
Vinmonopolet, says this compares with a 500,000-litre drop
in its January/April sales.

"The bootleggers have undoubtedly given us some keen
competition," said an official,
adding, bitterly, that the high
priose seed by the Compression prices fixed by the Government for the state stores were "an invitation to smugglers."

#### Saudi screen

Without as yet setting foot in the country, Jean Wadlow is about to produce her eighth film on Saudi Arabia, pushing her export earnings from that source to around firm.

Contender for businesswoman of the year, voted one of Britain's four "best dressed leading lady executives," the managing director of Wadlow Grosvenor Productions has just agreed a six-figure contract with on the pilgrims' route to Mecca. It follows a highly-rated film for the university on an archaeological site, Qaryat al Fau, which was previewed last year, in association with Mobil.

Wadlow's long-distance in-volvement in Saudi Arabia started soon after she joined her chairman Kyrle Simond in management buyout of Charles Barker Films in 1978,

Simond established the initial contacts in the country where women are still generally unacceptable as parties to business negotiations. But it was Wadlow who produced the first six films for the Saudi Ministry of Education on the history and ethnology of the kingdom. Leading Saudis have since ow the police have uncovered beaten a well-worn track to her bootlegging organisation Mayfair office—and apart from

she has won several contracts and engineering companies in

Not summisingly, she has now reached agreement with Harb Zuhair's Tetrad group for the future development of film and video business in the kingdom.

#### Supply side An Austrian banker of my

acquaintance tells me that when he arrived in New York recently tary Fund meeting, his passport was scrutinised with more than usual interest at the airport. "A bank economist?" queried the official. "What are you, a Keynesian or a monetarist?"
"Well," my friend replied, "I suppose you would say I'm a Keynesian." The official smiled. "OK." he

said, "you can come in, but we've got enough monetarists.'

#### Shipshape

Someone suggested at a press conference yesterday that the unions plans for saving United Biscuits' Liverpool factory from closure might be dismissed as the work of amateurs.

"I would remind you all," Eddie Loyden, Labour MP for Liverpool Garston interpond

Liverpool Garston intervened, "that it was the amateurs who built Noah's Ark. The professionals were the ones who built the Titanic."

#### Trade names

Things may not be as bad as they sound in the PR industry. But after receiving handouts already this year from a M1 Buncombe and a Mr Puffett, my weekend post included an item from a Mr Moonshine.

Observer

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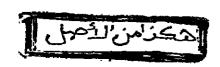
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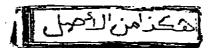
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NOTHING is certain in the Middle East, and certainty is more elusive in Lebanon than elsewhere. But if the national

between the main Lebanese parties open this week as planned, they may well mark

a major watershed, not merely in the affairs of that wretched

country, but also in the region as 2 whole. Among other things, they will write a bitter

epitaph on the recklessness of last year's invasion by Israel.

One cannot, of course, assume

that the negotiations starting this week will lead to the kind of political compact which

could be counted on to provide

stable government; given the multiplicity of factions that is

bound to be difficult, and made more difficult by the searing experiences of eight years of war. But the process, once

war. But the process, once started, can have only three possible outcomes; a shift of political power from the Christians to the Muslims; a

sullen and impoverishing de facto partition; or partition sporadically breaking out into renewed civil war. The one outcome that is now wholly

implausible is an agreement to try to breathe new life into the 1943 constitution on the basis

of Christian dominance.
To that extent, this week's

negotiations mark the death certificate of all Israel's diplo-

matic objectives in the Lebanon. Its military objective,

to drive the Palestinians out

of Beirut, was successful,

though Palestinian forces have not been driven out of Lebanon.

Israel's diplomatic aim was far more ambitious: to conclude a

peace treaty with a Christian-dominated Lebanon, and thus

turn it into a friendly vassal state. The Israeli-Lebanese agreement of May 17 this year was intended to be the first step

Some Israelis have long

dreamed of such a pact with

Lebanon. When David Ben Gurion used to say "I do not know which will be the first Arab country to sign a peace treaty with Israel, but I know

which will be the second," he was referring to Lebanon. But

not thousands of years, long before either country was ever

invented, and such a reversal

of alliances could not be brought about by General Ariel

The agenda for this week's

ational reconciliation meeting

has not been published, but

Sharon's tanks.

negotiations

reconciliation

#### Letters to the Editor

#### Turnover in management

From the Managing Director, A. T. Kearney

Charles to be

Sir,—I was very interested to read the comment in the Lex column (October 13) in referring to Honda results, that "If British chief executives responded to falling profits like their counterparts in Japan, half the captains of industry would be on the dole."

School of Management and published by my company, showed that almost one out of every 134, Piccadilly, W.1.

two British companies (46 per cent) appointed a new managing director during 1981-82. A lower proportion of companies

You might be interested to basic restructuring of British know that this was precisely the experience in British industry and the recognition of the need for different management and publishing the recession.

most important symptom or the basic restructuring of British industry and the recognition of the need for different management skills and experience at a time of deep and prolonged recession.

#### There's always a loophole

From Mr D. Richards

Six.—With reference to Clive consumer while the owners of Wolman's feature on tax avoidance in Britain, "There's always derelict sites and parcels of a new loophole" (Oct 3), may I and awaiting development pay and the last constitution of the last co and awaiting development pay point out that one of the least avoidable taxes in this country is the local rate.

It is said that the amount with wolman is right to draw

It is said that the amount lost by avoidance of the rates is equal to a little over 1 per cent of the revenue raised.

When the nation's heritage.

Mr Wolman is right to draw our attention to the lack of definition of the principles of taxation. Could it be that the It is true that the present basis for assessing the rates encourages underdevelopment as tax avoidance measures, but these loopholes could be blocked by moving over to site value rating as is practised in Den-mark, Australia, New Zealand

The Liberals have long advo-cated this and now propose that the principle involved (taxing land-value tax to pay on it, it the rental value of land alone) he applied at the national rather be applied at the national rather than the local level. All economists agree that such a tax cannot be avoided by the land-

owner. David Richards, 78, Parkfields Road, Bridgend, Mid Glam.

<sup>1</sup>-, ( III ո∏

Sixt our more

Control of the day

From Mr E. Penrose Sir,—Clive Wolman's article on tax avoidance in Britain (October 3) is misleading.
While I would agree that
there is nearly always a loophole to avoid paying tax, there is one notable exception—that is by paying a national tax on all land-values everywhere as a means of raising revenue for avoidance probabilities" impose running the country, and by untaxing all other avenues of

This is not a new idea, is not widely understood and too often set aside as being too simplistic. The ingenuity of statesmen corollary be down the ages has been largely spending exercised in devising schemes funds available of taxation that drain the wages. Adrian Day. and the earnings of 1300 N 17th Str capital. Nearly all of these Virginia, U.S.

Housing Committee,

Greater London Council

Sir,—I was grateful to read of your view ("Reforming local government," October 11) that

there is indeed a case to be made

for a county wide authority for London. I must, however,

to the boroughs can be re-

programme by 1992.) They also include help for the many thousands of single homeless people in London, the management of a scheme to allow ten-

From the Director.

45.53

Social Affairs, Manpower and Education, Organisation for Economic Co-operation and

Sir,—We were gratified by the

extensive coverage you have already given to our recent report, the OECD Employment Outlook.

(October 6) may have inadver-

Reforming local government

replaced their financial and marketing directors.
While there was no obvious

correlation between a change in chief executive and a company's financial results, this phenomenon is perhaps the est important symptom of the

tion. Could it be that the tenure of land is the funda-

mental fact which must ulti-mately determine the condi-

tions of industrial, social and political life? Should we not

first differentiate between pro-perty in land from that of property in things of human production? Is it not clear that

land cannot be hidden or salted

E. Penrose.
34 Dorset Square,
Marylebone NWJ.
From the Editor,
International Investment Letter

Sir, - Re Clive Wolman's article on tax avoidance (Octo-

confiscatory level.

Wolman falls into the tax-

a heavier burden on the average

that this is so. Since when did

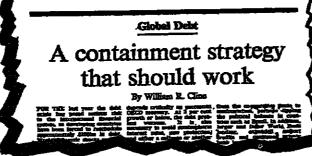
avoided.

# Containment strategy and debt

From Michael Lipton and Stephany Griffith Jones Sir,—Professor Cline (Octo-ber 12) argues that the present containment strategy should work," i.e. should prevent the buge overhang of Third World and Comeon debt from generating cumulative banking crises. He has so many ifs and buts that, to any reader who is not a professional gambler, the conclusion must be that systematic insurance is urgent. The strategy, or rather the muddlethrough, might work, says Pro-

These ILLR (international lender of last resort) facilities. while preserving the existence of the threatened bank and hence its capacity to lend to business, would if used cost the commercial bank dear. It would not therefore, be tempted to use them lightly— as a result of reckless lending. Professor Cline is concerned

that "massive public capital is required for such schemes." They could, in fact, as some private bankers have suggested, be financed in part from insur-



fessor Cline, if the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development growth stays above 2 per cant yearly in 1984-86; and if there is no "new protection"; and if interest rates stay low enough; and if oil prices do not get too high; and if they do not fall too low; and if small hanks continue to if small banks continue to relend to Brazil, Argentina and Mexico; and if Latin American "domestic tolerance to adjust-ment programmes will last" long enough despite "structural

incentive to default... because interest payments now exceed ... new borrowing." If ... and if ... and if ... with such "optimism," give us the safe pessimism of insurance! We believe such "gambling" inappropriate and propose that

inappropriate and propose that industrial countries' central banks should now jointly declare that, if any commercial bank faces liquidity crises due to sovereign default on honest lending, they will prevent its bankruptcy—at a high price—by purchasing its claims on overseas sovereign debt at a ber 3): apparently no one has thought of the simplest and most effective solution to the "problem"—reduce the incenve to use so-called loopholes, that is, lower tax rates sig-nificantly from their present verseas sovereign debt at a substantial discount. Central banks would then together seek man's trap when he writes that the present "anomalies and to enforce their claims, at tolerably adjusted maturities and interest rates on debtor nations.

ance premia paid by member commercial banks, and substantially by the central banks' (much larger) capacity to recover claims—which they have bought from commercial banks at a discount—from borrowing countries. Certainly the costs would be smaller than the potential cost of inaction, which could threaten the very survival of several of the largest commercial banks. commercial banks. Furthermore, the commercial

banks' current capacity and willingness to lend—and hence the durability of western recovery—is chronically threatened, not only by the drip-drip of reschedulings but also by the fear of overt default, and the uncertainty about ILLR if it happens it happens.

Certainly, Professor Cline's well-informed assurances that "everything will be all right on the night" if, and only if, a hundred things go well for each of a thousand and one nights, do more to increase than to moderate the concern that such an ILLR contingency facility is an urgent need! Michael Lipton, Stephany Griffith-Jones, Institute of Development

Studies, University of Sussex, Brighton.

#### The strength of the dollar

a Government reduce tax rates because it received more revenue? Why should the corollary be true? Government spending expands to use the funds available to it.

Sir.—Roger Bootl to high U.S. interest rates and the attractions of dollar assets at a time of financial uncertainty. An analysis of U.S. balance of payments figures shows, however, that interest rates have had considerably less to do with the dollar's the provision of homes in rural areas for Londoners to retire strength this year than com-monly believed. For example, to and performing the research necessary to assess London's overall housing needs. Most of the London boroughs between the first and second quarters, net overseas investment in U.S. bonds, equities and bank deposits fell from \$19bn to a little over \$8bn. At the same time there was an increase in argue that they could not take on GLC's housing role and that abolition would seriously harm take issue with the suggestion the chances of the badly-housed, that all those functions which it especially in the deprived areas

U.S. investment in overseas bond and equity markets. Yet the dollar's effective index rose is proposed should be devolved of inner London. In its White Paper on abolishing the GLC the Government 3 per cent between the first and second quarters.
The reason for the dollar's GLC's housing functions, for has proposed joint boards or example, are not "minor." They quangos only for services where include the responsibility for a it believed it could not get away rise was that U.S. banks stopped lending overseas. Having lent almost \$16bn overseas in the £Ibn renovation programme in-with destroying the London-volving 200,000 homes which wide dimension altogether. It is have or are shortly to be trans-ferred to the London boroughs other important areas—such as first quarter, U.S. banks received a net repayment of loans of over \$3bn in the second. This was the most significant feature of U.S. capital flows and had and the meeting of deficits on housing—proposals to devolve that stock. (GLC have a statupowers to individual boroughs tory obligation to complete this would mean that some services housing-proposals to devolve

would mean that some services would be carried out less effic very little to do with U.S. interest rates. Looking ahead, overseas lending by U.S. banks is likely to resume next year, the current iently and in some cases not at all, with serious consequences for the quality of life of many account is still deteriorating and Opec countries continue to ants to move easily to a dif-ferent area of London for em-ployment or personal reasons. County Holl, S.E.L. liquidate their dollar assets. Even if U.S. interest rates do not fall further, a major decline

in the dollar is in prospect.

Martin H. Barnes. Wood Mackenzie and Co, 62-63, Threadneedle Street, EC2. Policies for employment From Prof. I. Pearce and in the absence of any contrary Dr S. Thomas

rom Mr M. Barnes strength of the U.S. dollar Sir,—Roger Bootle (October (October 10), argues that 0) supported the conventional because individual country trade view that the dollar's continued surpluses and deficits must add strength has been due largely up to zero there is no way that up to zero there is no way that banks can be left short of dollars. This is a little like saying that building societies can never be short of funds because their outflows of money must equal their inflows.

The flows of funds into and

out of the Eurodollar market are influenced among other things by the level of consump-tion in relation to production of all countries engaging in dollar financed trade and, above all at the present time, by the maturity pattern of the immense volume of existing deposits and loans. The sums of money involved are so great that the effects of this sector on market values must be overwhelming.

Nobody doubts that portfolio management and purchasing power parity have a part to play in determining exchanges but it is possible sometimes to pay so much attention to the fleas upon the elephant's back that one forgets the elephant, until-

one forgets the elephant, untilthat is, it steps on you.

We are sorry that Roger
Bootle finds our presentation of
the facts "esoteric" but we do
assure him that we have not
just thought of it all as an expost facto explanation of the
observed "over valuation" of
the dollar. On the contrary we
(and other economists) have
byin conscious of and have
warned against the danger for
many years.

vood Mackenzie and Co. 2-63, Threadneedle Street, EC2. (Prof.) I. F. Pearce, from Prof. I. Pearce and (Dr.) S. H. Thomas, the S. Thomas Department of Economics, Sir,—Roger Bootle, on the University, Southampton.

#### The ostrich strikes back

From Mr N. Button.

Sir, — Judging from their letters (October 7) it would seem that I have ruffled the feathers of Dr Furtmuller and Mr Hills although I suspect, in the case of the former, we are dealing with a thinly disguised mocking bird.

If the Campaign for Nuclear Disarmament, in its broadest sense, wishes the City to take

cated. Mankind's destiny does truly lie in his own hands, but to advocate the total abolition of nuclear weapons does assume that any past, present or future adversary will not restart secret production.

I suggest

that anyone

seriously believing that this country should abolish its nuclear capability in the con-text of the current world political situation is indeed an its view seriously, then may I ostrich wishing to bury its head its view seriously, then may 1 ostrich wishing to buty its measurest it rents a more articuin a mistakingly green and
late and less dowdy flock to pleasant land. Dr Frutmuller
carry its message. Otherwise, and Mr Hills-welcome to the
CND will be seen to stand for club! They may wish to know, civil nuisance and disturbance, out of pure ornithological Everybody accepts that man's interest, that when trapped, knowledge to produce nuclear ostriches have two main forms weapons is intelligence that we could all do without. That knowledge, however, having N. C. J. Button. been gained, cannot be eradi
17. Tokenhouse Yard, EC2.

#### Not a foremost lieutenant

British Insurers' European Sir, - The letter from Mr tinues to regard liberalisation

continues to grow in the OECD J. R. Gass. area at rates similar to those recorded in the recent past (and 75775 Paris

Dugdale (October 12) might of insurance throughout the give the impression that the EEC—and indeed the world—British insurance industry as a whole may not view the issue of its principal objectives. of insurance trade barriers with J. C. Frangoulis.

community of purpose.

The British Insurers' Euro- Queen Street, EC4.

From the Chairman

Insurance trade barriers pean Committee which repre sents all sectors of the market on EEC insurance matters con-

evidence, this seems the most reasonable assumption to make), OECD economies will be faced

with a major task of job cre tion if unemployment is to be

In its discussion of how labour market policies can contribute

uncritical advocate of work

reduced to its 1979 level.

the OECD Employment Outlook. to the process of job creation, However, the article by Samuel Brittan on work sharing "A Flawed, Dangerous Nostrum" schemes. Far from being an

(October 6) may have madvertently given your readers the impression that the report has swallowed the "lump of labour fallacy" by uncritically advocating work sharing as a remedy to the serious unemployment situation in most OECD countries.

That would be unfortunate.

That would be unfortunate.

In fact our report set out to make the simple but central point that, if the labour force continues to grow in the Care.

Aldermary House

Sir,-In "Men and Matters' on October 5, it stated that I David Warburton. was one of Roy Hattersley's Foremost lieutenants." Not was this surprising news

to me but I am sure somewhat of a shock to Roy Hattersley. 47, Hill Rise, Chorleywood, Rickmansworth,

Foreign Affairs

# Syria's key role in the Lebanon imbroglio

By Ian Davidson, recently in Damascus

"Where America has no influence and Syria's President Assad (right) a great deal, is over the future of the Palestine Liberation Organisation, now racked by a violent split"

quent military and political imbroglio, have gradually forced the Americans to recog-nise the special nature of Syria's historical relationship with Lebanon, and the consequent need for Washington to engage in real diplomacy with Damascus if there is to be any chance of stability in Lebanon. Syrian officials are still very

wary of underlying American intentions. Even a man as sophisticated as Farouk al-Sharah, the deputy foreign minister, believes that the U.S. has some sinister Grand Design, aimed at Syria among others. We can't say that they actually want partition (of Lebanon), but either way they want to control the region. For the U.S., Israel is the only strategic At the working level, how-

this dream took no account of the facts of history, geography and demography: Lebanese and Syrians have had close and intimate links for hundreds if ever, there has been considerable improvement in understanding, especially since Robert McFarlane took over as special U.S. envoy to the Middle East. "Official Americans," says Mr al-Sharah, "are sincere: they admit the need for national re-conciliation, they admit that Syria has an interest in Lebanon, they admit that the Syrian military presence in Lebanon is different in kind from that of Israel (because it was invited in by the Lebanese government in 1976), and they admit that Syria is not a Communist country nor a Soviet puppet."

there is a strong probability that the first item will be the question of the abrogation of the Israeli-Lebanese agreement. But it is not just that the Where America has no Israelis have failed to bring about a reversal of alliances. Their invasion, and the subset of the Israelis Liberation Organisa-Where America has no influence, and Syria a great deal, is over the future of the

tion, now racked by a violent split between followers and opponents of Yasser Arafat as the leader of Fatah. At one level, the dissidents criticise Arafat for having switched the balance of PLO activity from guerrilla warfare to diplomacy, and in particular for having firted with the Reagan plan, which might have given the Palestinians self-administration but not a Palestinian state.

At another, they accuse him of being autocratic, spendthrift, erratic, and nepotistic, and of disregarding policy decisions of the Palestine National Council.
According to Khalid Fahum,
president of the Palestine
National Council, who has been charged with mediating between the two sides, it is these insti-tutional questions of the method of leadership which are central to the quarrel. "We need institutions with a collective leadership," he says.

The questions which so far remain unanswered are, first, whether Arafat can survive as leader of the PLO, and second, whether the PLO can avoid being sucked into Syrian control. Diplomats in Damascus believe Arafat still has great support among civilian Palestinians, especially on the West Bank. But Mr Fahum claims that, among Palestinian military forces, some 60-70 per cent are dwindled steadily since the Palestinians' ignominious eviction from Beirut last year.

"If Arafat wants a compro mise," says Mr Fahum, " he will have to make more concessions to Syria and to his opponents than he would have had to make

Just what concessions would be required by Syria is more difficult to fathom. "The Syrians want co-ordination with the PLO," says Mr Fahum, "not control of the PLO. Our co-ordination must be with Syria." But between co-ordination-the avoidance of policies which conflict with Serian interests— and control, there is a fine philosophical line which may

not be apparent to all. When Arafat left Beirut for Tunisia, he was declaring his determination to be independent of Syria. But it is not easy to see that he can save his position see that he can save his position within the PLO without a reconciliation with Syria. If national reconciliation in Lebanon reaches the point where foreign forces can plausibly be required to leave, the Palestinian forces will have to go too; and at that juncture they will again face the choice they will again face the choice between Syria or some other, more remote corner of the Arab

In the meantime, there is a stalemate between Israel and Syria, with each side insisting that the other must remove all its forces first. But it is not implausible to suppose that Syria may be able to outwart Israel. For both countries, the military occupation of part of

military occupation of part of Lebanon is a costly affair; but for Israel it has now become a painful trap, whereas for Syria it may eventually produce long-term dividends.

In the light of what has happened in the West Bank and the Golan Heights, one should not under-estimate the Israeli temptation to see security in expansionism. But Israel is a democracy which will find it increasingly difficult to face the prospect of a steady trickle of casualties in Lebanon to no casualties in Lebanon to no obvious purpose, and the finan-cial burden will be increasingly difficult to impose on an economy which is in serious

difficulties.

Syria has internal political reasons for wanting a political settlement in Lebanon—for one thing, there may be as many Druzes and Christians in Syria as in Lebanon—and the occupa-tion imposes extra strains on an already over-inflated defence budget. But President Assad runs a one-party state which does not suffer from the disabilities of democracy, and some Western diplomats believe that he commands wide popular support in the country, especially on foreign policy ally on foreign policy.

One cannot, of course, assume

among ratestiman initiary One cannot, or course, assume forces, some 60-70 per cent are that this week's national renow against Arafat, and it conciliation negotiations in seems clear that his support Lebanon will actually lead to among Arab governments has national reconciliation. The Lebanese and their fratricidal quarrels may outwait both the Israelis and the Syrians.

# **COMPLEMENT YOUR LOCAL INFORMATION SOURCES WITH AN** INTERPRETATION OF **WORLD BUSINESS** EVENTS, NOW MORE IN DEMAND THAN EV







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# FINANCIAL TIMES

Tuesday October 18 1983



# British Steel shows the world the best way to shrink

BRITISH Steel Corporation (BSC) makers in Italy, France, Spain and may have difficulty selling as much the U.S., all interested in discussing may have difficulty selling as much there is growing demand for its expertise on how to scale down a

teelmaking business in a hurry. BSC has been a world leader in recent years in the sad but necessary business of making big cuts in capacity and manpower to meet the reduced market potential for steel.

In the past decade, BSC's steelmaking capacity has tumbled from 28m tonnes to 14.4m tonnes and its manpower has been cut from

As the worldwide slump in demand for steel persists, an increasing number of producers are realising that they, too, will have to take drastic measures to bring their capacities into line with demand. And the word has got out that BSC is the place to go for advice. In the past few months, the corpora-tion has been approached by steel-

Austin

plans

return

to U.S.

By Kenneth Gooding, Motor

AUSTIN Rover, the UK car maker

BL's volume subsidiary, is drawing

up plans to re-enter the U.S. market

The executive car code-name

XX which the company is develop-ing jointly with Honda will spear-head the renewed attack.

But once Austin Rover has built

Industry Correspondent

ich it quit two years ago.

steel as it would like these days, but the problems of managing dramatic

BSCs expertise in this area came to general notice a year ago when Mr David Grieves, the corporation's managing director responsible for personnel and social policy, gave a speech to the world's steel industry aders in Tokyo.

Mr Grieves' stark me stunned the steelmakers.

"The task of promoting necessary and painful change is primarily a responsibility of management," he said. "Management cannot wait for full consensus before initiating action. Participation and commitment from the workforce follow the recognition that management is acting dynamically and that the alternative to radical change could well be the death of the business This recognition is itself an un-

BY IAN RODGER IN LONDON cerned are reluctant to face up to

some time before realising in 1977 that urgent action was the only solution. It then embarked on a new strategy involving several plant closures, major cost cutting at surviving plants, decentralisation of pay negotiations, and a drive to create alternative employment for redupdant workers.

The first three of these elements are purely management problems and most steel company managers today know what they would do, if they were given a free hand.

But Mr Grieves' presentation of photographs of the huge East Mo-ors works in Cardiff, South Wales, before and after closure – the site was flattened - brought gasps from

"If we mean what we say about

U.S. producers, in particular, would go to the trouble of flattening and cleaning up its abandoned steelmaking sites. That, in BSC's alternative jobs are provided. experience, is a necessary prerequi-site to any successful rehabilitation.

Other steelmakers are interested in the challenge of decentralisation In BSC's view, one of the main olems in a business which suddenly faces the need to contract is stopping the rising trend of manpower costs.

Traditional negotiating policies at BSC meant that employees came to expect regular increases at least in line with the cost of living. By de-centralising bargaining to local plants, the corporation hopes that employees will recognise the con-

nection between output and pay.

BSC officials find that foreign

going to have to be a lot more East the efforts the corporation has made to create alternative jobs for redundant steelworkers. This interhave been intrigued that BSC est probably arises because in many countries it is very difficult to make workers redundant, unless

BSC Industry, the corporation's job creation subsidiary, claims it has helped create 19,000 jobs in the past five years and that another 14.500 are in train. Those may seem small numbers when compared with the 150,000 reduction in BSC's manpower in the past decade. However, 43,000 have left through normal or early retirement

lectures on its restructuring experience and tours of the major rehabilitation sites. Despite the growing tensions among the world's steelmakers in the past few years, there is still enough goodwill left that no charge is made for these services.

## Successor to Aridor eludes Shamir

By David Lennon in Tel Aviv

THE ATTEMPT by Mr Yitzhak Shamir, the Prime Minister, to appoint a new Finance Minister quick ly to deal with Israel's economic crisis ran into difficulties vesterday because of inter-party rivalries.

The Premier was reported to have asked Mr Yigal Cohen-Orgad, a Herut Party Knesset (parliament) member and an admirer of economic policies followed by Mrs Thatcher, the UK Prime Minister, to take over the post vacated last Thursday by Mr Yoram Aridor. Mr Cohen-Or gad, 40, is a political hawk who opposed the peace treaty with Egypt.

But the Liberal party, Herut's partner in the ruling Likud bloc, objected to this appointment. The Liberals want the Treasury portfolio for one of their own members. The premier was therefore, expected to postpone announcing his choice to the Knesset yesterday evening as

Mr Shamir indicated to some Liberals that he might resign if the party objected to his choice One of the problems which faced him in his choice was the rivalry within the Liberal Party between

Mr Yitzhak Nodai, the Energy Minister, and Mr Gideon Patt, the Industry Minister. Seeing the prized portfolio apparently slipping from their grasp, the Liberals said yes terday evening that they had de cided on Mr Patt as their candidate for the finance portfolio. Even as the political crisis deep-

ened, there were indications that some of the most pressing economic troubles may be easing. Agreement was reached yesterday on re-opening the Tel Aviv Stock Exhange and the Bank of Israel said that for the first time in weeks the public sold more dollars than they

While the commercial banks reported that they sold U.S.\$12m in cash and travellers cheques, yester day. Dr Moshe Mandelbaum, gov day, Dr Moshe Mandelbaum, gov-enor of the Bank of Israel, said the central bank had bought back \$15m. from the public.

It was the rush to buy dollars which had threatened the collapse of bank shares and led to the closure of the Tel Aviv exchange more

# accord on Olivetti

Continued from Page 1

executive and a champion of free enterprise in Italy, has sought to cut back the French stake in his

What appears to have further

The French Government has nade no secret of its concern over

Others were not so sure. We could possibly be too upset by having a glamorous film made of having a glamorous film made of maining French interests in the maining French interests in the tiations with the French Govern-Italian company should a conflict of interest arise between Olivetti's eventual joint venture with AT & T and its industrial venture with CIT-Alcatel. Olivetti, however, last night denied that it had promised to buy

transaction declined to comment on the Olivetti negotiations

THE LEX COLUMN

# Confidence tricks in Hong Kong

By pegging its currency to the U.S. dollar, the Hong Kong Governwhere its priorities lie. The real economy, which has been buffeted for months by the erratic move-ments of the Hong Kong dollar, should now be afforded a measure of protection. The danger, however, is that the weekend measures will shift the strain towards domestic interest rates and so threaten the paper economy, the weakness of which has already been amply demonstrated by failures in the property and banking sectors.

The authorities in Hong Kong

possible dilemma by the political football being played between Pe-king and Westminster. A fast-disappearing currency had threatened to push inflation well into double figures and has enormously complicated the budgeting calculations of the manufacturing economy. If nothing had been done, Hong Kong could conceivably have seen the U.S. dollar replacing the local currency as the dominant medium of exchange. That, needless to say, would have been a situation entirely unaccept-able to the Chinese.

had been placed in an almost im

Given the very limited weaponry in its armoury - the absence of a central bank is not exactly helpful in these circumstances - the Government has opted for virtually the only expedient available. It might have attempted more accurately to reflect the pattern of Hong Kong's foreign trade by pegging the cur-rency to a basket of foreign currencies but the U.S. dollar arrange ment at least has the virtue of simplicity and, if the recent past is any enide, trade patterns have little influence on the external value of the Hong Kong dollar in any case.

The abolition of withholding tax on Hong Kong dollar deposits provides a necessary buttress to the scheme and may well be followed by other reforms in the banking arena - for example, an overhaul of the back-to-back loan arrangements by which foreign banks man-

ufacture liquidity in Hong Kong.
But, whatever supporting measures are introduced, the pegging device will be fraught with risk. The reaction of the local stock market yesterday provided as good an indicator as any of the likely consequences. Overall, the Hang Seng Index rose 33 points to 771.55. The movement, however, was by no means uniform. Lightly borrowed

KÖNĞS AGAINST THE U.S.S иницициини.

while the more heavily geared prop-erty groups closed well down. The threat of tighter liquidity and where, with the rate for threemonth Hong Kong dollar deposits rising roughly a point to 17% per cent. On the foreign exchange markets, the U.S. dollar closed at HK\$7.96, close enough to the official parity to provide the authorities

with some satisfaction. The success of this scheme will be determined in part by the issuing banks themselves. The use of foreign currency to back note issuance will leave them with unmatched balance sheets. If the pegged rate comes under threat. they will be tempted to raise local interest rates to attract more Hong Kong dollar liabilities. That, in turn, might weaken the quality of their corporate loan book and put upward pressure on the Hong Kong dollar, producing possible currency

The key to this scheme is confidence and that is a commodity in which Hong Kong has recently been sorely lacking. The only peo-ple who can restore it are the politi-

pears to be one of the exceptions, with both parties looking likely to gain by RHM's willingness to pay Dalgety 17m just to stop milling flour for use in RHM's bakeries. The advantages to Ranks are certain point. Volume gains from fairly immediate. Instead of giving now on may be modest by recent

own milling tonnage, without add-ing to fixed costs, while the additional volume will improve the product mix by adding to the proportion of higher-margin baker's flour. And RHM's payback is likely to be quick, since buying out the Dalgety milling contract could be worth £3m a year before interest.

With this deal, and the earlier running off of a similar contract with AB Foods, Dalgety will have lost about 15 per cent of its Spillers

lost about 15 per cent of its Spillers milling turnover. A critical look at the shape of Spillers must be under way, with the cash from RHM giving Delgerty more flexibility in its continuing rationalisation plans, able to put cost reductions through at higher speed. Who gains most will hang on the

trend in milling margins. If a de-cent increase in bread prices - say 4p a loaf - is agreed in the next few weeks, flour margins will recover part of the ground lost this year. If not, Dalgety may be the more pleased with the outcome.

me

#### Retail sales

To judge from yesterday's preliminary UK retail sales figures, most of the population spent September wheeling through swing doors on the High Street. The re-cord index level of 118 in September has provoked dark mutterings about the integrity of the statistical have - with rare unanimity - been predicting the end of the consumer boom for at least two months.

The September figure cannot of course, be taken at surface value. since it must incorporate substantial purchases deferred during the hot weather of the previous two months. Sales have been further boosted by the extended tourist sea-

son in London. Nevertheless, given the record. car sales in the period, a 0.6 per cent increase in sales volume be-Competition grinds so fiercely in tween the second and third quarthe milling and baking game that ters gives little indication of flagthese the sums often add up to something ging consumer confidence. Indeed, less than zero. Yesterday's deal between Ranks Hovis and Dalgety ap- the Christmas trading period will see a respectable improvement on

Recent stores results have understraight to the bottom line after afrom Hong Kong's buoyant export competitor, RHM will be able to put may not.

#### up a new dealer network in the U.S. on the strength of XX's appeal, other models will follow – almost certainly using the MG badge. MG at the peak of its popularity sold nearly 35,000 cars in the U.S. in 1977, and still has a good image

Mr Harold Musgrove, the company's chairman, returned from a fact-finding visit to the U.S. at the weekend, and yesterday insisted he had concentrated mainly on the new technology being offered to car

makers there. However, other Austin Rover executives pointed out that the XX is due to be launched in 1985, and it should be expected that the compa-ny would be preparing the ground in the U.S. about now.

One pointed out that the Austin portance to the U.S. as to Germany in Europe. The company believes it will have a considerable battle to build up sales in either country but we are willing to take a five-year

Success in the U.S. would seem to be a necessary ingredient if Austin Rover's investment in XX is to pay off and if it is to meet its production

targets.
Mr Musgrove said yesterday that the company would produce about 450,000 cars this year, but from 1986 onwards - after the complete Austin Rover model range had been renewed - it would be "over 600,000 a

The jump in production would be achieved without any increase in the total of 41,000 people employed - and car output per employee per year had already risen from 5.9 in 1979 to over 14 today.

But the Japanese in some cases overhaul the Japanese and we can

Continued from Page 1 gross income of businesses outside

banking and building sectors

rose by about 13 per cent, seasonal-

ly adjusted, in the first half of this

year, compared with the same period of 1982.

But it cautioned that heavy losses

would have to be deducted because

of insolvencies and payments diffi-culties at home and abroad. These losses had risen in 1981 and 1982

and would again be considerable,

although possibly lower, this year. The Bundesbank said that a con-

tinuing improvement in profits was 31.5 per cent.

World Weather

# EEC calls for speedy action on steel claims

BY PAUL CHEESERIGHT IN LUXEMBOURG

THE EEC yesterday demanded immediate settlement of its claims on the U.S. for compensation after the Reagan Administration's imposi-tion last July of curbs on the im-ports of special steels.

Foreign ministers, meeting in Luxembourg, said they wanted compensation negotiations to be completed before the consultation period permitted under the General greement on Tariffs and Trade (Gatt) expires. The 90-day period ends on Thursday.
Underlining EEC dissatisfaction

about the nature of U.S. suggestions for compensation, officials disclosed that the European Commission was working on retaliatory measures against the U.S. to be apolied if the compensation negotiaions were not finished satisfactori-

Such retaliation would not be extended to agricultural products, where the U.S. is especially sensi-



Mr Wilhelm Haferkamp

tive. Rather it will cover steel products and items like machine tools. But Herr Wilhelm Haferkamp, the commissioner in charge of external relations, told the Council that further proposals for compen-sation had been received from the per cent.

The Council has been careful to kep the retaliation card in its pocket. However, there appears to be litle disposition to play it in the im-

continuing the discussions.

As far as the EECs own import curbs are concerned, the Council yesterday gave general approval to the Commission's ideas that import quotas negotiated with supplying countries for 1984 should be broadly

U.S., although the details were not clear. In his view it was worthwhile

in line with tonnages for 1983. This means that suppliers would be able to sell in the EEC tonnages 12.5 per cent down on their 1980 lev

Imports account for about 10 pe cent of the EEC market. The Commission's proposals will thus be disappointing to the European producers who have been pressing for im-

# France resists Portuguese and Spanish pressure on accession

BY ANDRIANA IERODIACONOU IN ATHENS

M PIERRE MAUROY, the French nean enlargement of the EEC, espe- also provided a deft answer to a de sponsibility for the delay in Spanish and Portuguese entry into the EEC on to other member-states yesterday when he stressed in Athens that France was not responsible for blocking a solution to the linked problem of an increase in Commu-

Sr Felipe González, Spain's Prime Minister, and Sr Mario Soares, of Portugal, pressed their countries case for early admittance to the EEC during an informal meeting of five southern European socialist prime ministers in Athens at the weekend. The meeting was called for by Dr Andreas Papandreou of Greece. M Mauroy and Sr Bettino Craxi the Italian Prime Minister, also attended.

Despite the fraternal setting, the Spanish and Portuguese demands came up against French stonewall-

essential to strengthen investment

risks were worth taking

and to show that entrepreneurial

It pointed out that the gross in-

come of businesses amounted to about 21 per cent of national in-

come in the first half of this year,

cent average of the previous two years, but below the 22 per cent ra-

tio of the first half of 1980. In the

1970s the ratio was 23 per cent.

while in the 1960s it was as high as

This was better than the 19 per

on a seasonally adjusted basis

**Bundesbank profits call** 

Prime Minister, sought to shift re- cially to include Spain. The French Government is faced by the opposi-tion of farmers in southern France, a siginificant electoral force.

M Mauroy told a press conference yesterday: "In order to contemplate enlargement, the EEC must take Mediterranean agricultural products into account. In order to take Mediterranean agricultural products into account we must have the resources. And it is not France which is blocking the issue of EEC

The French Premier was understood to be referring to EEC member-states such as Britain, West Germany and the Netherlands, which link an increase in Community resources with reforms in agricultural spending.

Continued from Page 1

your darn zippers up."
The film is anti-Washington and

emerge as the ultimate possessor of the right stuff (that is reserved for legendary test pilot Chuck Yeager,

the first man to break the sound

barrier in 1947), he comes through

in the end as a brave, and on the

whole sympathetic, leader of men.

President, he is clearly the one to

Three already much-discussed

scenes develop Mr Glenn's screen

image further. In a tender moment

with his stuttering wife, she gig-glingly agrees with his colleagues'

accusation that he is a "gung-ho

In another, he bucks the space es-

tablishment to spare her from an

unwanted home visit by Vice-President Lyndon Johnson and the TV networks. In the third, he grimly

hums the Battle Hymn of the Repu-

blic while plunging back into atmos-

tal flight, unsure whether he is go-

ing to burn to death in the process.

Mr Glenn himself, who has spent

the last nine years as Democratic

dudley do-right."

ns want an astronaut for

Space film may be a

launch pad for Glenn

his lusty fellow astronauts to "keep première and has generally adopted

phere from the first American orbi- ing but good. The \$40m that Holly-

Senator for Ohio, is uncertain what Mr Glenn, it's free. The film's back-

the impact of the film will be. He ers expect up to 25m people to have

turned down an invitation to the seen it by the spring if it's a hit.

His statement neatly tipped on its head the main González/Soares ar-gument that enlargement is part and parcel of the issues which the ing. Paris is reportedly increasingly reluctant to encourage Mediterra a crisis of survival. The statement

mand by Sr González that EEC agricultural reforms must take Snanish fruit and vegetable products in-

The gloom of the Spanish and Portuguese delegations was not relieved by the fact that the Athens meeting for the first time yielded strong hints that the package of problems facing the EEC is unlikely to be solved by the summit meeting in Athens in December. These probems will then be carried over to the French presidency of the Communi-

If France chooses to prevent the completion of enlargement talks within its presidency, treaty formu-lation and ratification procedures could then delay Spanish and Portuguese accession until January 1 1987. In Athens at the weekend, Sr Soares warned that unless Portuguese accession takes place by 1988. his country will seek unspecified

a stand-offish attitude. It seemed

more than coincidence, however,

that the film opened simultaneously with his first five-minute nation-

wide TV commercial, which showed

old film of his historic flight and

stressed his heroic achievements -

right down to the voice of the space

controller 21 years ago wishing him

His chief Democratic rival, for-mer Vice-President Walter Mon-

dale, has so far ignored the whole thing, while the White House, some-

what ironically, is pooh-poohing the idea that Hollywood can make a

President. The voters were not go-

ing to base their vote on a myth

created by a movie, but on the is-sues, said Mr James Baker, Mr

Reagan's chief of staff, at the week-

Others were not so sure. No cand-

those who attended the première

was that it could do Mr Glenn noth-

wood is spending on production and

promotion is more than any single

candidate is likely to spend on the

entire election campaign - and for

"Godspeed, John Glenn,"

# France near

complicated the negotiations be-tween Sig de Benedetti and the French Government are the current negotiations between the Italian company and American Telephone and Telegraph (AT & T), the domi-nant U.S. telecommunications group. AT&T confirmed this sions with Olivetti were continuing.

AT & T's designs on the European elecommunications market and the U.S. group's link-up with Philips.
To unblock the prolonged nego-

back this 10 per cent interest.

The French parties in the Olivetti

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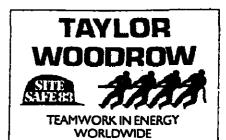
**Tuctu** 



#### SECTION II - INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES

# **FINANCIAL TIMES**

Tuesday October 18 1983



MAJOR U.S. BANKS FEEL IMPACT OF LATIN AMERICAN DEBT PROBLEMS

# Chase Manhattan profits slide

BY PAUL TAYLOR IN NEW YORK

CHASE MANHATTAN yesterday became the second major U.S. bank to report a third quarter earnings decline. It blamed non-performing loans, particularly to Brazil and Venezuela, for some of the decline. Chase, the third largest U.S. banking group, said its third quarter net earnings fell by 11.5 per cent to \$108m or \$2.76 a share compared with \$122m, or \$3.20 a share in the

same period last year. The bank said its third quarter results would have been \$11m lower had it not been for a change in the way it treats its loans, which brought it into line with most other

Despite this change, Chase said \$224m of its loans to Mexico, \$125m to Argentina, \$107m to Venezuela and \$42m to Brazil were determined to be non-performing at the end of the third quarter. The loans to Brazil and Venezuela alone reduced net earnings by about \$6m.

In contrast, a number of other major U.S. banks yesterday reported an increase in third quarter ing comparisions confusing.

BY OUR NEW YORK STAFF

leading U.S. computer company,

managed to increase its net income

third quarter. The surge occurred in

U.S. West in

Telegraph, plans to seek a full list-

ing on the London Stock Exchange.

The company hopes to have the listing shortly after January 1,

when the break-up takes effect.

With assets of about \$15bn, U.S.

West would be one of the largest U.S. companies to be listed in Lon-

The move reflects a desire by the

new companies to become more

widely known throughout the in-

Full financial details and fore-

casts for the new companies are ex-

Drug company

hits a record

Northwest Bell

pected next month

bid for full

**UK** listing

cent to \$40.7m.

NCR increases net

income to \$70m

earnings. These included Security Pacific, the fast growing west coast bank, and First Chicago, which re-ported a 50 per cent surge in third quarter earnings.

The mixed results reported yes-terday and last week highlight the patchy performance of the U.S. ma-jors and also throw a spotlight on the impact of the major banks' in-ternational lending - particularly to ternational lending - particularly to the financially troubled less developed countries in Latin America.

A change in state banking rules has allowed state chartered banks to extend from 60 days to 90 days the permitted grace period before loans in arrears are categorised as

But the major banks, some of which are state chartered and others federally chartered, have never-

its earnings, which fell by \$5m to \$101.1m, would have been a further \$5.6m lower had it not been for the change, Security Pacific, a federally chartered bank which yesterday reported a 6 per cent increase in third quarter net earnings to 67.4m or \$1.83 a share, has chosen to become more cautious, placing 60-day past due loans including those to Brazil, • Security Pacific, on a non-accrual basis, although it third quarter earning and required to do see

was not required to do so. In contrast Chase Manhattan, another federally chartered bank, had until now adopted the 60-day grace period but said yesterday it had decided to move into line with most of non-performing for regulatory purposes. This change allowed state the 90 day period. Had it not done chartered banks to move into line with those iederally chartered.

But the major banks, some of lated to Brazil and Venezuela.

Chase said that, had it not been for the change, its non-performing loans, which totalled \$1.9bn at the end of September compared with \$1.8bn at the end of June and \$1.2bn

While Morgan said last week that a year earlier, would have been ts earnings, which fell by \$5m to \$325m higher.

For the nine months, Chase reported earnings of \$319m or \$8.18 a share compared with \$207m or \$5.18 a share in the 1982 period when a special loss of \$117m or \$3.49 a share related to the Drysdale Gov-ernment Securities failure de-

 Security Pacific, which reported third quarter earnings of \$67.4m or \$1.83 a share compared with \$63.7m or \$1.76 a share, said "strong profit growth in our consumer banking business and in our specialised financial services group" reflected the U.S. economic recovery and the bank's broad-based financial services diversification.

The bank said its non-performing loans increased to \$905m at the end of the third quarter from \$788m at the end of June and \$553m a year ago, but added that about one third of the increase in the latest quarter "is due to placing 60-day past due loans to Brazil on a non-accrual sta-tus."

# **Insurance downturn** cuts Amex growth

BY OUR NEW YORK STAFF

NCR, the U.S. computer manufac- categories. The company says the turer, increased its net income in increases are "most encouraging the third quarter by 40 per cent to with respect to the outlook for \$70.2m but Control Data, another 1984." than-expected, 11 per cent, increase Revenues in the third quarter in third-quarter earnings and \$2.1bn to \$2.5bn. rose 4.5 per cent to \$878m and for blamed a 25 per cent drop in its inin the same quarter by only 5 per the nine months were 5 per cent higher at \$2.6bn. Net income in the offset gains in most of its other NCR, whose earnings were boost- first nine months totalled \$173.2m

ed by a \$8.4m gain on securifies sales, says incoming orders were up "very substantially" during the "NCR says it expects continued" earnings growth in the final quarter of the year but not at the rate expethe company's main geographic of the year but not at the rate markets and across all product rienced in the latest quarter.

AMERICAN EXPRESS, the fast-growing financial services group, \$180m or 88 cents a share from yesterday reported a smaller-\$163m or \$0.85 a share in the 1982 third quarter on revenues up from

The latest quarter results helped, surance subsidiary's profits, which to lift nine-month income to \$537m or \$2.64 a share, a 26 per cent rise over the \$425m or \$2.21 a share As a result, American Express's earned in the same period last year.

thare price plunged in early trading Mr James Robinson, the group's the company's strategy of diversification to produce a "balanced finan-

#### share price plunged in early trading Mr James Robinson, the group's before recovering slightly to show a chairman, said the results justified \$1% decline at \$36 share by lunch-

Advance for Hospital Supply BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF

U.S. WEST, one of the seven indeed third quarter net earnings to pendent regional holding companies to be formed through the break-up of American Telephone &

tions of \$43.8m or 61 cents. share. Sales in the latest quarter years. rose from \$745.2m to \$839.5m.

\$158m or \$2.13 a share against net the products it sold, intends to in-would help hospitals cut costs.

\$56.2m or 75 cents a share, against with American's medium-term net income from continuing opera-growth forecasts. Mr Harold Bernions of \$43.8m or 61 cents. that, chief operating officer, said in The 1982 figure excludes \$27.8m London last week that he expected from discontinued operations, mak-earnings to increase by 17-19 per ing a final net \$71.6m or 99 cents a cent a year over the next three

The company, which last year The nine month earnings were manufactured about 44 per cent of

AMERICAN Hospital Supply, the major U.S. manufacturer and distributor of health care products, lift-52.47bn. crease the proportion of manufactured goods, where margins are higher. It intends to spend \$600m. tured goods, where margins are higher. It intends to spend \$600m The latest results are well in line on research and development from with American's medium-term 1984 to 1988, against \$250m in the past five years.

Mr Bernthal said that a new system for reimbursing treatment costs for Medicare patients, based on a fixed scale of charges, would spur research into treatment aiding earlier and better diagnosis, as this

# Interim slide for Lafarge Coppee

vestment community. Mr Howard Doerr, chief financial officer, said in LAFARGE COPPEE, the French-London this week that the listing would also help U.S. West with any Euromarket offerings from within hased international cement group, suffered a further sharp setback in earnings in the first half but exthe group. Its telecommunications pects an improvement by the end of liaries will be the present AT & T subsidiaries, Mountain Bell, Northwestern Bell and Pacific

the first six months to FFr 39.4m (\$4.92m) from FFr 84m in the corresponding period of 1982. Turnover

rose by 6 per cent to FFr 8.3bn, of Canada Cement Lafarge and Gen-which 5 per cent was due to eral Portland - still made a loss in changes in the structure of the

group and to parity changes.

A turnround is expected largely because of the improved prospects by 16 per cent in the first half. Net consolidated profits fell in for the U.S. market, where Lafarge Corporation - the newly formed holding company for the group's two wholly owned subsidiaries,

Reflecting the pick-up, cement deliveries by General Portland rose Canada Cement's results also showed an improvement Overall. Lafarge Corporation turned in a

\$3m profit in the second quarter

# Fram in joint venture

FRAM CORPORATION, a subsid- Fiaam, of Mantua, and Sofil, of Cas-

iary of Bendix and Allied Corporation, is to set up a joint venture with Compagnie Industriale Riumita (CIR), the Italian Industrial group controlled by Sig Carlo de Benedetti, Olivetti's chairman and largest Italian shareholder.

Will merge to benefit from the wide distinction network and rationalisation. By Our Financial Staff AMERICAN HOME PRODUCTS has reported record sales and earnings for the first nine months of the The U.S. food and pharmaceuti-

cals group, which has major interests in prescription drugs and overtheir European operations in the manufacture of automotive filters the counter medicines, raised net profits from \$144.76m to \$164.04m, into one company, which will be owned 60 per cent by CIR and 40 scquired Bendix, is among the 25 or from 93 cents to \$1.05 a share, in the third quarter. per cent by Fram. It will manufac-This took the nine-month total to ture and market under the Fram The companies involved in the ways signalling equipment and in-

\$464.11m, against \$415.9m, or to \$2.96, against \$2.67. Sales for the quarter rose 2.5 per cent to \$1.24bn. transaction are CIR's subsidiaries, dustrial components.

#### Phone group lifts earnings

By Our Financial Staff

CONTINENTAL TELECOM, the third largest non-Bell telephone company in the U.S., lifted third-quarter earnings from \$38.6m or 57 cents a share to \$45.4m or 64 cents, with revenues up from \$468.2m to \$537.4m.

This lifted nine-month earnings to \$125.7m or \$1.79 a share against \$112.5m or \$1.65. Revenues rose from \$1.37bn to \$1.55bn. Results for the 1982 periods were restated to reflect acquisitions.

Continental's rise in profits continues the trend set last week by United Telecommunications.

## Mesa in Gulf Oil share acquisition

A GROUP of investors led by Mesa Petroleum, the Texas oil comsa retroteam, the texts of com-pany, has emerged as the mys-tery buyer of the shares of Gulf Oil, one of the major groups in the industry. Mesa disclosed that it has paid \$630m for a 8.75 per cent stake and has another \$470m to green! \$470m to spend.

The group insists that the 14.5m Gulf shares it has bought so far have been acquired "for investment purposes."

Trading in Gulf shares has been upgravely setting over the country of the

been unusually active over the last couple of months as speculation has mounted that one or more investors was building up a substantial stake. The company ranks number nine in the Fortune 500 list of U.S. corporations but its performance has lagged behind that of its rivals in the oil industry for some time.

Last week Gulf announced plans to reorganise itself into a new Delaware holding company which would make it safer from unwelcome takeover manoeuvres and make it more difficult for individual investor groups to obtain potentially disruptive

board representation. It was revealed at the weekend that Gulf was adding to its ar-moury of corporate defences by preparing to increase its credit lines with its major bankers. The Pittsburgh company has tradi-tionally been close to Mellon Bank and the latter held a 6.7 per cent stake at the end of 1982. Mr T. Boone Pickens, who heads Mesa, has built a reputa-tion as an astute wheeler-dealer

in oil company shares over the last year and a half and has made profits of more than \$100m for his company through taking strategic stakes in Cities Service, General American Oil and Superior Oil. With sales of \$375m last year and net income of \$130m, Mesa is a minor in the oil business compared with Guli which \$30.6bn last year and is capitalised at \$7.8bn on the stock market.

#### Fall in debt costs gives Lockheed lift

By Terry Dodsworth in New York DESPITE A sluggish trading per-formance, Lockheed, the U.S. aerospace company, recorded an 8 per cent increase in net third quarter earnings as it reaped the combined benefits of a sharp fall in its borrowings and the reductions in interest rates.

Interest expense fell from \$298m in the same period of last year to \$13.3m. While long term debt was cut to \$405m at the end of Sentember compared with \$884m at the year en

The company said yesterday that its deteriorating performance at a trading level, where profits fell from \$120m to \$117m, was largely due to the absence this year of favourable cost performance adjustments on certain missile, space and electronics contracts. But after taking into account its reduced interest charges, net earnings rose from \$55.1m to \$59.6m, or 93 cents a share after a three for one share

Lockheed added that it has been hit by increased costs in the competition for new business this year. Nevertheless, the group appears to be moving into a more expansionary phase with an order backlog that has reached \$5.7bn against \$4.9m a

New orders in the third quarter also rose, going up to \$1.4bn against \$1.1bn in the comparable period of last year, and included only a fraction of the space shut-tle processing contract which the company was awarded in mid-September.

# MoDo wins long struggle for controlling stake in Iggesund

BY KEVIN DONE, NORDIC CORRESPONDENT, IN STOCKHOLM

MODO, Sweden's third largest forest products group, has acquired a majority sharebolding in Iggesund. another important Swedish producer of timber products, pulp and board in a deal worth SKr 297m

MoDo already had a substantial minority holding in Iggesund, but it has now decided to buy a further 23 per cent interest in the group from Stora Kopparberg, Sweden's second largest paper and forest products group, raising its stake to 55 per

MoDo is seeking an early meet-ing of Iggesund shareholders in order to elect a new board in line with its majority position and to review tax profits more than trebled in the the position of Iggesund's top man-

power struggle in the Swedish for-

That bid was partly thwarted by

MoDo, and Stora Kopparberg was left bolding only 23 per cent of the Iggesund equity.
Iggesund, which had sales last year of SKr 2.1bn, has gone through a series of far-reaching restructur-

ing measures aimed at concentrat- of the Swedish krona. ing its operations in the principal areas of forest products and chemieals in an attempt to restore group A SKr 11m loss before tax and al-

locations in 1981 was turned into a SKr 72m profit last year, and prefirst seven months of this year.

agement. MoDo, Iggesund's new parent MoDo's acquisition of Iggesund is company, is also enjoying a distinct the culmination of a protracted improvement in its trading perforimprovement in its trading performance. In the first eight months of est products industry, which began the year it produced a SKr 112m in early 1981 when the two big profit, before extraordinary items, the year it produced a SKr 112m

groups, Stora Kopparberg and Bill- tax and allocations - compared with erud, tried to take control of the a SKr 89m loss in the correspond ing period last year.

Pulp deliveries jumped by 37 per cent in volume in the first eight months of the year compared with the corresponding period of 1982, and deliveries of fine paper rose by 8 per cent, helped considerably by last year's 16 per cent devaluation

Group turnover rose by 25 per cent to SKr 3.6bn compared with SKr 2.9bn a year earlier. The group's financial position has also been strengthened considerably through the recent sale of substantial hydroelectric power holdings

for nearly SKr 1bn. The company said margins for most of its principal products were now satisfactory and it expected at least to double the profits of the

# KemaNobel doubles profits

BY DAVID BROWN IN STOCKHOLM

KEMANOBEL, the Swedish chemi- SKr 77,8m, due to costs associated cals industry in a deal with two othcals group, has announced it has more than doubled pre-tax profits after extraordinary items for the first eight months ending August to SKr 331m (\$43m) from SKr 149m in the corresponding period last year. Sales climbed 49 per cent to SKr 3,7bn, 16 per cent of which was generated by the Nordsjö paint company acquired in November last year. The management is predicting a pre-tax result (excluding possible extraordinary items) of SKr 450m for the full year, compared with

SKr 221m for 1982, and foresees imrovements in all business areas.

share are included, the earnings fig-tiled at the start of next year. ure is increased to SKr 327m. An Mr Ove Sundberg, group presi-extraordinary item of SKr 3.3m is dent and chief executive officer, has SKr 141.5m on sales of SKr 975m. cant holdings. The company announced this Au-

with the acquisition of both Nordsjö er Nordic companies, Norsk Hydro, and a manufacturing plant in the Norway's biggest company, and U.S. operating under the name Neste, the large Finnish state oil and petrochemicals company, in a deal which could be worth SKr 1bn. which KemaNobel holds a minority Final details are expected to be set-

added to reach the pre-tax figure. said the company will concentrate The biggest improvement came on traditional sectors. These inin the plastics and industrial chemi- clude bleaching chemicals used for cal division, where operating re-sults increased almost threefold to which the company retains signifi-

The glues and paints division in-Operating profit rose from SKr gust that it will sell its holdings in creased sales from SKr 373m to 149m last year to SKr 364m. Net financial costs climbed 81 per cent to and withdraw from the petrocheminary of the per cent to SKr 81m.

## **Uddeholm cuts loss** through assets sale

UDDEHOLM, the Swedish special steels group, has reported an in-crease of SKr 46m (\$5.9m) in operating results to SKr 39m for the eight months ending August. Sales were ahead by 12 per cent to SKr

The group said the sale of Hydroower assets had reduced operating esults but enabled it to bring down its interest burden. Net financial costs for the period declined 12 per cent to SKr 169m, bringing the loss before extraordnary items to SKr 130m, compared with the SKr 200m loss last year. Uddeholm posted an extraordi-

nary item of SKr 87m from the sale of shares, reducing the pre-tax loss to SKr 43m. The group had pre-tax losses at the same time last year of SKr 326m, due in part to an extraordinary debit of SKr 126m.

agreement with the Government in March on a rescue package for its loss-making Nyb stainless steel en-terprise, but this has been held up pending disposition of the special steel restructuring plan agreed dur-ing the summer between Sweden's

five major steelmakers, which is to

take effect at the start of next year.

to a profit of SKr 86m this year,

thanks mainly to extensive capacity

cutbacks. The devaluation of the

krona did not permit pricing

changes because of worldwide over

capacity and low demand, the re-

The company has been saddled

with the heavy cost of a restructur-

ing programme. Uddeholm reached

port stated.

The group forecast simply the fullyear results will be "better" than recordinary debit of SKr 126m. the eight-month figures, and that
The steel division improved opdemand in the last four months erating results from a SKr 32m loss would improve "somewhat".

## Kosmos to raise \$12m through rights issue

BY FAY GJESTER IN OSLO

and industrial group that has been seeking to acquire control of Saugbrugsforeningen, a forest products company, is planning to raise NKr 90m (\$12.2m) of fresh capital through a one for two rights issue. The issue would lift share capital from NKr 72m to NKr 108m. Existing shares, with a par value of NKr 100, would be split into four NKr 25 units before the new shares are of-

fered, from November 11 to 25. The NKr 62,50 price proposed for the rights issue shares corresponds to NKr 250 per share before the split. It compares with yesterday's Oslo market price of NKr 510 per The board is also seeking authorisation for a later, additional NKr 24m increase in share capital to NKr 132m. Kosmos offered Saugbrugsfore

ningen shareholders a price of NKr subject to certain conditions. This is nearly 50 per cent above the shares' market price when the offer was announced, late in August. One of the conditions for the deal

was that Kosmos should secure at least 90 per cent of the Saugbrugs-foreningen shares. This condition is believed to have been met, and a formal announcement of the takeover is likely in the fairly near fu-

#### New group to trade in biotechnology

By David Brown

A GROUP of Swedish investors has formed a biotechnology trading group, Skandigen, to act as a broker for the country's biotechnology in-

The company, with an initial private share capital of SKr 40m (\$5.1m), will be led by Professor Beirtil Aberg, a well known scientist who will leave the presidency of KabiGen, a subsidiary of Cardo, to "develop new ideas and make use of great capacity left in existing labo-ratories in different countries."

Initially, the new company will concentrate on trading production and purification methods, licences and hybridised bacteria. Professor Aberg said.

There will be "no production facilities whatsoever" said Mr Thomas Fischer, who is leading the group of

Swedish investors. Mr Fischer said the SKr 40m would be invested with the aim of providing working capital, and forecast the investment could yield a rate of return of about 15 per cent.

#### Canada backs helicopter plan By Robert Gibbens in Montreal

CANADA's federal and Quebec governments plan to invest up to C\$375m (U.S.\$305m) in a C\$750m helicopter production programme with Bell Helicopters, part of the U.S. Textron group of Fort Worth, Texas. They will provide up to \$275m in grants for a plant to build Bell 400 Twin Ranger, 400A and 440 helicopters at Mirabel Industrial Park, near Mirabel International

Ottawa will also contribute CS100m towards the \$250m cost of developing a new helicopter turbine being built by Pratt & Whitney, to

## Restructuring decision on Daon debt delayed

BY NICHOLAS HIRST IN TORONTO

MEETINGS OF debenture holders ers accepting shares instead of cash and shareholders to agree to a re- interest for a three-year period. structuring of Vancouver-based Daon Development Corporation's C\$1.77bn (US\$1.43bn) in debt have been adjourned.

Too few proxies were sent into the company to provide the necesbenture holders in Vancouver last be adjourned. Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday. The company stresses, however,

that the proxies received so far have been overwhelmingly in fa-vour of the scheme, which involves bank lenders and debenture hold-

Adjourned meetings will be held in Vancouver from October 27. At the adjourned meetings it will not be necessary to have a fixed number of proxies to vote on the plan. If insufficient proxies are received for sary quorum at meetings of differ-ing classes of shareholders and de-row and on Thursday, they too will row and on Thursday, they too will

Provided the restructuring er rivals. In the event, both rumours were agreed, Daon intends to make a C\$160m rights issue and share placement to be underwritten by British and other investors outside

# Amfas scotches rumours of further losses

BY WALTER ELLIS IN AMSTERDAM

AMFAS, the Dutch insurance to be taken over by Nationale Nedgroup, which last year lost Fl 68m erlanden, Ago or Amev, each of (\$23m) is emerging this week from another, wholly unexpected, period its equity.

tion that the merger will bring.
Allied Corporation, which recent-

biggest U.S. companies. CIR op-

erates in such fields as tobacco pro-

cessing machinery, tannery, rail-

A walkout last Wednesday by all three members of the group's board ently because, following last year's of management led to rumours losses, they were "less able to assoabout the company's future. These included the possibility of big losses again in 1983 and the possibility Last December, Amfas anthat Amfas was going to seek sanc nounced that it had recorded a loss

The board of management had resigned - without warning - appar-

ciate themselves" with the compa-

tuary in the arms of one of its larg- of F1 60m for 1982, including provisions of F1 137m intended to cover both last year and 1983. Then, in scotched at a hastily convened April, it announced that the loss news conference. Amias was on tar- was in fact Fl 68m, with increased it had no intention of allowing itself sector having added to the total.

An appearance was created of a company determined to put everywhich has a substantial holding in thing bad safely behind it, so that it could start off with a clean slate moving into the present year. No final dividend was declared.

The strategem worked, and a first-half profit for this year of Fl 3m was announced, with a further FI 3m to be added by the end of De-

Serious problems in the international insurance field incurred by the London end of the Seven Provinces division had been resolved. get for a Fi 8m profit this year and provisions in the marine insurance stalled, and all in the Amfas garden seemed well.

In this context, the sudden resignation of Mr Leon Collignon, the 60 year-old chairman of the board of management, and his two col-leagues, Mr J. J. van Luijk and Mr Jan de Vries, appeared strange.

In June it had been disclosed that Mr H. J. J. van Bussel, formerly with Volvo Car, would join the board and eventually take over from Mr Collignon. It was also announced that Mr R. G. Jonkman. ex-Gist Brocades, would join the board. This has now happened, but the transfer has been abrupt, not .New Senior staff had been in smooth, as had been planned, and the departure of the board leaves unanswered questions.

## Broströms slips into loss at 8 months

eight months ending August comiary, ICT, which was valued at SKr pared with a profit of SKr 20m for 85m, reduced the pre-tax loss. the same period last year.

Sales declined 28 per cent to SKr 945m. Operating profits fell to SKr 29m after depreciation against SKr 168m last year.

Ship sales added SKr 10m to the

cantly down from SKr 168m last year.

BROSTRÖMS, the Swedish ship- year to SKr 119m. Exchange losses ping group has reported a loss begrew somewhat to SKr 75m but an fore tax but after extraordinary extraordinary gain of SKr 18m and items of SKr 52m (56.6m) for the deconsolidation of a Dutch subsid-

> The poor results were attributed to the weak state of the world shipping market, and particularly that of the U.S. Dry cargo, tanker and freight operations were all affected

No major improvements in de-Net financial costs were signifi- mand are seen before the end of the

Bergen Bank A/S

Floating Rate Capital Notes Due 1991

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the three month Interest Period from 18th October, 1983 to 18th January, 1984 the Notes will carry an Interest Rate of 10% per annum and the Coupon Amount per U.S. \$1,000 will be U.S. \$25.56.

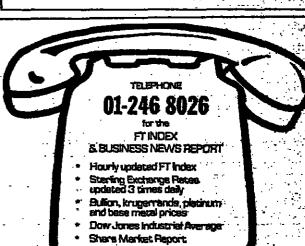
> Credit Suisse First Boston Limited Agent Bank



and interest

hereby given that for the six month Interest Period from 17th October, 1983 to 17th April, 1984 the Notes will carry

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited Agent Bank



#### INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES and FINANCE

# Foreign issue of Nakasone Inquiry bonds back on the agenda BMF loan

Japan's Finance Ministry is increasing the inflow of capital. studying the feasibility of floating abroad the governmentmove is in response to increasing pressure from the U.S. government for steps to bring the undervalued yen up to a higher level by facilitating

However, before such bonds can be floated abroad several obstacles have to be cleared including the revision of existing laws. "The ministry plans to make ready legislation so as to be able to float such bonds any time the yen's exchange rate is under heavy downward pressure, even though the flotation of the bonds would not flotation of the bonds would not when it tried to curb the fall be formally announced as part of the dollar through flotations

In order to ward off criticism from the U.S. that Japan is the yen to fall and thereby promoting a domestic business recovery, the Japanese Govern-

Casio

Computer

well ahead

parent company recurrent profits of Y7bn (\$30m) for the

six months to September, com-

production costs also contrib-

First-half sales rose to

Sales of personal computers

and electronic music keyboards were good, and quartz watch

The company has made no

the full year to March of a

in its predictions for

sales rose by 11 per cent.

uted to higher profits.

Y77.71bn last year.

and sales of Y173bn.

The new economic package is expected to include the stimulation of domestic demand through additional public works, set at around Y1,700bn-1,800bn and the easing of access for foreign imports by creating a bankers' acceptance (BA) market, and by allowing a greater capital inflow through foreign issues of yen-denominated bonds.

Nakasone bonds are designed to encourage the inflow of capital into Japan so as to rectify the yen's exchange rate against the U.S. dollar. The concept is modelled on President Carter of an overall economic in the Deutsche Mark and package," said an official. Swiss Franc markets in 1978.

Japanese Prime Minister, Mr Yasuhiro Nakasone instructed the ministry to study the creation of such bonds last November as a means of financing the government's serious budget deficit as well as of faciliment has placed most budget deficit as well as of facili-importance on overseas econ-tating capital inflow so as to omic counter-measures such as achieve an improvement in the easing increased imports, or yen's exchange rate. However, year, ending March 1984.

the idea of Nakasone bonds was originally shunned by both the ministry and the city banks.

Of late, however, the flotation of the bonds has come back into the limelight when Washington asked Japanese Government to put the issue of the yendollar exchange rate on the agenda at the summit meeting due during President Reagan's visit to Japan in November.

The Finance Ministry is believed to want to show its willingness to have a higher yen through legislative preparation for the issue of Nakasone bonds, even though it will not be inclu-ded in the economic package prepared before the U.S. president visits Japan.

As an advocate of the new economic package, the Japan Development Bank's (JDB) issue of government-guaranteed bonds in New York, believed to be of "Nakasone bonds in a different form " is being welcomed, because it can be done without change in the law.

#### Lower tourist spending hits Robinson and Co.

by tourists has led Robinson and Co, Singapore's most prestigious department store, to re-port its first-ever operating loss of S\$1.32m (US\$379,000) for the years to June. Mr C. W. Tresise, Robinson's

pared with an earlier estimate of Y6.80bn and the Y6.24bn achieved in the same period of chairman, said that a "dramatic downturn" in tourist spending in the city-state and the fact that prices in Singapore are no All sectors of the company have increased sales, and improved quality and lower longer "attractive" to the visi-tor had led to the fall in sales. Their numbers are fewer and those who come spend less," he record Y87.50bn against an commented. Tourist numbers earlier estimated Y84bn from are currently 10 per cent lower than last year.

Robinson's sales fell from \$\$69.72m to \$\$68.57m in the year just ended. The company's financial position is being shored up by gains on its investments, S\$7m in the past year, and this should enable it to withstand the existing adverse trading conditions. Mr Tresise said that intensely problems.

TOKYO—Casino Computer will SHARPLY LOWER spending competitive conditions are re-report later this month record by tourists has led Robinson ducing profit margins and addducing profit margins and add-ing to the expense of sales pro-motions and advertising. Other costs are also rising.

On prospects for the current year Mr Tresise said that these were not encouraging and that the outlook for the next two years was not promising. Many retailers in Singapore

present. Tourist numbers are down and action by neighbouring states, such as Indonesia which has imposed a tough exit tax on travellers, have reduced the potential for growth in this

high rents in the newly built shopping centres - many of them constructed in the expectation of expanding tourist num bers. The strength of the local currency against the U.S. dollar has further complicated their

# sought into scandal

TAN SRI Kamarul Ariffin, the former chairman of the state-owned Bank Bumiputra.

By Wong Salong in Kuala Lumpus

who has been a central figure in the bank's mayive loan scandal in Hong Kong. yesterday came out in sup-part of a Royal Commission of Inquiry into the affair which has severely under-mined the credibility of the

Mr Lik Kit Slang, the opposition leader, is also de-manding such an inquiry which has been rejected by

Tan Sri Kamarul sald many people, including Dr Mahathir, the Prime Mini-ster, had been "unfair" focussing the bank's troubles on him, while be was unable to reveal what he knew and defend himself because of

defend himself because or banking laws on secrecy.

He reiterated that he knew nothing of the esti-mated U.S.\$500m to U.S.\$850m lent by Bumiputra Malaysia Finance, the bank's subsidiary, to Hong Kong

property companies. He said he resigned in March 1982, but had not been August 1981 when he went

August 1981 when he went on leave.

"I did not attend any board meetings between August and December 1981, and the directors who approved the loans, did not bring them to my attention." bring them to my attention."

A statement from Bank Buniputra yesterday confirmed that some loan disbursements were made in 1982, but added "the history of leans to the Carrian group began in late 1979."

Tan Sri Kamarul said he was being made a scapegor; for the doubtful loans and hinted that top ranking Malaysian officials could have

Malaysian officials could have been involved. Last week three senior

officials resigned, including two directors of Bank The resignations will, it is believed, open the way for Mr Mohamed Basir Ahmad to join the bank as executive director charged with resolv-

ing the BMF issue. Mr Basir, husband of Rafidah Aziz, the Minister of Public Enterprises, is currently an adviser to Bank Negara, the central

# South Korean bank reforms urged

BY ANN CHARTERS IN SEOUL

panies. He has now been charged with accepting 200m PRESSURES FOR a reform of the South Korean banking system are mounting following the arrest on Saturday of Mr Lee Hun-Seung, president of the Cho-Heung Bank. Mr Lee has been charged with togething won to help one of these comobtain such loans.
Investigators at the Seoul been charged with accepting bribes in a multi-million dollar scandal that has led so far to the arrest of 28 former bank officials and company execu-

The arrest of Mr Lee, head of South Korea's fifth largest commercial bank, is a further blow to public confidence in the country's banking system. The scandal at Cho-Heung is the third to hif banks here in the

last 18 months.

Mr Lee resigned from the presidency of the bank last week claiming that he accepted a "moral responsibility" for the issuing by his employees of 176.8hn won (U.S.\$224m) in

while seeking the extradition from the U.S. of the former vice-chairman of Cho-Heung Pank and the presidentor Shim Han Cast Iron who both fled month. Also being sought is

the president of Yongdong Development, whose mother, the company chairman, is already under arrest. South Korea's new ministers sworn in only on Saturday, now face the thorny task of how best to shore up the banks while continuing with previously announced plans for a gradual

liberalisation of the country's

prosecutor's office are mean-

#### **AMIC** to transfer African **Products to Tongaat**

BY OUR JOHANNESBURG CORRESPONDENT

its food interests by transferring the wholly-owned African Products to Tongsat-Hulett acquisition price of R36m taxed profits of R7m. At present taxed profits of R7m. At present taxed profits of R7m at present taxed profits of R7m. At present taxed pr

from its present 28.1 per cent. Anglo-American's shareholding

ANGLO-AMERICAN Industrial unchanged but its interest in Corporation (AMIC), the industrial arm of the Anglo-American mining house, is to cousolidate

African Products processes

ordinary shares to AMIC. industrial group with interests

AMIC's interest in Tongast
will increase to \$8.4 per cent ing materials, and aluminium processing. In the year to March it earned pre-tax profits of

#### **Bombay Stock Exchange** lifts forward trading curbs

lifted, but daily cash margins months, are being imposed on fresh Reuter

U.S. \$100,000,000



Allied Trish Banks Limited (Incorporated in the Republic of Ireland under the Companies Act, 1963)

Floating Rate Notes 1992 Subordinated as to payment of principal

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice & an Interest Rate of 10 ½ % per annum. The relevant Interest Payment Date will be 17th April, 1984 and the Compon Amount per U.S. \$10,000 will be U.S. \$511.51.

# BOMBAY - The Bombay Stock business to curb excessive

Exchange is to lift existing speculation. curbs on forward trading from Increased business can now tomorrow to boost the volume be carried forward subject to of business.

The exchange imposed the

curbs on June 16 to cope with agitation by brokers staff squared, demanding higher wages. Fresh Brokers said the lifting of trading was limited to spot curbs will boost trading, which trading was limited to spot deals settled on a cash basis. The ceiling has now been

Increased business can now payment of normal contango tharges and margins are

has fallen to 25 per cent of

NEW ISSUE These Warrants basing been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only.



Merrill Lynch Canada Inc.

(formerly Merrill Lynch, Royal Securities Limited)

50,000 Euro Canadian Warrants Series 1

to Purchase

101/4% Government of Canada Bonds Due February 1, 2004

Merrill Lynch Capital Markets

October 1983

NEW ISSUE These Warrants having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only.

Merrill Lynch Canada Inc. (formerly Merrill Lynch, Royal Securities Limited)

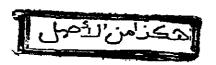
75,000 Euro Canadian Warrants Series 2

to Purchase

91/2% Government of Canada Bonds Due October 1, 2001

Merrill Lynch Capital Markets

October 1983



# Planning to divest or acquire? The Morgan Bank knows the people you should talk to



Are you a multinational company seeking to divest a division that doesn't fit your strategy? Or to expand through acquisition or merger? Then put the special resources and contacts of The Morgan Bank's Mergers and Acquisitions Department to work for you. With our international client base, long experience in M&A work, and strong global network of corporate finance specialists, we can identify and put together buyers and sellers, anywhere in the world.

nks Limited

11115

The most important mergers, acquisitions, and divestitures in the 1980s have involved multinational companies. Nearly all are Morgan banking clients. Many of the transactions themselves are international, with either buyer or seller headquartered in another country.

These companies frequently look to us for assistance in their purchase or disposal of businesses. Think of the advantages and opportunities this gives you as a potential seller or buyer when you work with Morgan. We know these companies and understand their criteria. We know what they're looking for.

Of course, Morgan fully protects each client's confiden-

tial information and interests. We've set up internal controls to ensure strict secrecy of M&A assignments—from the first contact to the final handshake.

Unique research resources

Morgan offers another key advantage—our Financial

Analysis Department. Staffed with more than 100 professional analysts in 15 countries, it's one of the largest, most experienced research teams in the world.

These professionals understand financial planning and strategies. They specialise in key industries. They are completely at home in the countries they operate in, and know politics and economics there.

Morgan clients also have the added value of our extensive international electronic library that allows analysis of the current names, locations, industry, and specific acquisition or divestiture intentions of thousands of public and private companies worldwide.

Morgan works for you

We offer a total advisory capability to help you through the maze of modern M&A requirements. You can use all our services, or any part of them. Defining your criteria. Preparing industry studies. Identifying, screening, and approaching possible partners. Establishing values. Helping negotiate price and structure. Working with your legal counsel and accountants. Closing the deal.

We can also give an objective opinion about the fairness of a transaction from a financial point of view. And we can advise on or arrange acquisition financing.

\$20 million to \$2.5 billion

Merger, acquisition, and divestiture work has been a Morgan speciality since 1968. We've developed special expertise in corporate divestitures, transactions involving purchase or sale of banks, and international deals. Our volume of M&A business, on transactions from \$20 million to \$2.5 billion, has tripled in the last three years.

Mobilise Morgan's unique resources for your company. You don't have to be a Morgan banking client. We're paid by fee—agreed on in advance and defined by the nature of the assignment.

For more detailed information, write or call one of the vice presidents in our European Mergers and Acquisitions Department: Andreas R. Prindl, Francis J. Depré, or Georges van Erck, Morgan Guaranty Trust Company, 1 Angel Court, London EC2R 7AE; (01) 600-2300.

The Morgan Bank

#### Fisons aims for growth in America: issues notes

By Carla Rapoport

WITH THE aim of boosting its profile in the U.S. Fisons, Britain's fast-growing health care and agriculture group, is raising \$15m from leading American

financial institutions.

In a deal which is believed to be the first of its kind by a British company, Fisons interests to offer guaranteed convertible notes due 1998 for private placement with U.S. institutional investors. These will be converted into Fisons' ordinary shares at a price yet to be deter

American investor interest in both Imperial Chemical Industries and Glazo, the directors of Fisons are keen to boost the American investment in their company: Along with those afore-mentioned companies. Fisons' sales in the U.S. have been growing rapidly, particularly in its pharmaceutical and scientific

Fisons said yesterday that the primary objective of the U.S. fund-raising exercise was to "lay the foundation in the U.S.

The group's U.S. shareholding. The group's U.S. shareholding traded through American Depositary Receipts, is around 2 to 3 per cent of the group's equity If this percentage increases substantially within the next year or so, it will be only a matter of time before the group seeks a listing for its shares in New York Figure sald York, Fisons said

The marketing of Fisons' convertible notes, which is expected to be completed by the end of next month, is being handled by Goldman Sachs in New York. The coupon is still Fisous' shares, which closed in London last night at 647p, are currently more than 50 per cent higher than their level of a year

#### Parker Knoll

Shareholders' funds of Parker Knoll, furniture maker, totalled £16.01m at the year ended July 31 1983, compared with £14.71m, and net current assets were £7.37m, against £6.72m. Group fixed assets amounted to £9.77m (£9.58m) and liquid fixed increased by £335,000 (£3.22m)

decrease).

Results for the 12 months were reported on September 27 in a full preliminary statement with

L PRODUCTS
Led (1):
Led (2):
Led (3):
Led (4):
Led (4):
Led (4):
Led (4):
Led (5):
Led (6):
Led (6):
Led (7):
L

Profit after taxation and State's share of profit

# Bryant Holdings' profits fall by nearly £2m

After briefly looking at the state of play in London markets the Lex column moves on to the latest events in Hong Kong and comments on the market's reaction there to the weekend's

moves. The column then returns to events closer to home by assessing the latest retail figures and what they mean for the British stores sector. Lex finally comments on the severance

A LOWER level of profit, as anticipated in last year's chair-man's statement, is reported by Bryant Holdings, West Midlands' property investment, homes and property development and construction group, for the year to May 31 1983.

stay 31 1983.
The pre-tax figure slipped from 19.6m to £7.7m, but the lower level was relieved by a substantial reduction in the tax charge—down from £2.91m to £1.41m—arising from adjustments in respect of prior presents. respect of prior years and in-creased stock relief. First half pre-tax profits were down from £4.51m to £3.47m. This has resulted in full year

earnings per 25p share showing only a modest decline from 8.3p to 7.9p. The final dividend iseffectively raised from an adjusted 1.5p to 1.65p net for a total of 2.2p against 2p. Group turnover advanced from

£72m to £85m, and the directors say this upturn arose largely from increased activity in the private homes market, both in the South and the West Mid-Operating profits fell from £7.68m to £5.63m, but net property revenue improved from £1.46m to £1.83m. Associates' profits were £278,000 against £413,000. After tax, attributable profits were only slightly lower at £6.32m (£6.64m). Dividends absorb £1.77m (£1.61m), leaving £4.55m (£5.03m) for transfer to

Reserves at May 31, 1983 stood of £29.77m compared with at 128.77m compared with 235.2m. Commenting on the year's figures, Mr Bryant says the con-

Danks Gowerton

It is the belief of Mr A. J. S.

sees return

to profit

tracting division operated profit-ably and it continued to benefit from settlements of old con-tracts. In addition, there were increased earnings from pro-perty investments.

Although the private homes activity increased by greater investment and aggressive marketing, it was only achieved at the expense of margins. This was due to the highly competitive discountainess existing during ing the period in the geographi-cal areas in which it operates. Mr Bryant adds that, as a matter of policy to protect the future, the group has continued to make additions to its land bank, and this now stands at \$33.8m (£31m). This investment is largely for homes development and represents approximately five years supply at the present

level of sales.

The balance sheet, he says, is stronger than last year, even though bank borrowings are £Im higher at £8.3m. This figure

of a long standing flour contract between Dalgety/Spillers and Ranks Hovis McDougall. On the bids scene Norton Opax, which recently made an abortive attempt to gain control of Waddington, the famous board games group, has popped up with a £41m purchase of a security printing company. remains at only 16 per cent of shareholders' funds and is a very intensive business.

> had quite a satisfactory year—despite the nation's economy "bouncing along the bottom." June began with high interest rates and declining enthusiasm on the part of the customer.
>
> The lower interest rates pre-The lower interest rates pre vailing during the Autumn gave a shot in the arm for the second half of the year, while the availability of the all-important mortgage funds fluctuated

The company's main profit, he says, still comes from the high quality more expensive homes for which it has a sizeable land for which it has a sizeable land bank. It is also active in the sheltered housing market of retirement flats for senior citizens.

In an increasingly competitive market, it had to enlarge its promotional expenditure, and for new commercial and have a market value of around flatmustrial clients. State of industrial clients. States and flatmustrial clients. States and flatmustrial clients. States and share a market value of around flatmustrial clients. States and share a share a market value of around flatmustrial clients. States and share a share a market value of around flatmustrial clients. States and share a share a market value

ment, Mr Bryant says this con-tinues to provide solid asset

properties coming on stream, but also from the purchase of construction activity

nationally is still at a low level and very competitive, he reports that the contracting division has again operated profitably. again operated profitably.

The traditional base, the West Hidlands, suffered considerably, particularly in the industrial and commercial sectors. The groun is now well-established in the Thames Velley, centred on Bracknell, and has been successful in obtaining contracts in this more active construction market for new commercial and budgestrial clients.

apart from the mainstay of the lettings. The recent reduction local, and to a lesser extent the in base rates and the success of national press, it spent heavily on local radio and regional talevision. This, together with the building societies in attracting savings, will be of benefit to the home building industry. He anticipates that results for the group for the new financial year will be satisfactory to shareholders.

comment

tinues to provide solid asset
backing for the group, though
the present economic climate has
made the viability of future
investments even more difficult
to assess.

Three-quarters of the portfolio
is freehold compared with just
over half last year. Net rental
income has again increased, not
only from rent reviews and new
properties coming on stream, but
in the Home Counties. So the
group has had to struggle to
achieve an 18 per cent increase
in turnover, which was entirely
only from rent reviews and new
properties coming on stream, but
in house completions to 1,900. in house completions to 1,900. a highly competitive environment and prices, especially in the West Midlands, lagged far behind, with the result that pretax profits were down by 19 per cent. At the same time, the balance sheet is comparatively clean for a housebuilder and property developer. Gearing rose a couple of points to only 18 per cent of shareholders funds to finance extra work in progress and additions to the land bank. The latter stands at a highly competitive environland bank. The latter stands at five years' supply and could have a market value of around

# Erith expands in first half

FOR THE set mouths ended June 30 1983 builders' merchant Erith reports an 18 per cent increase in sales and a 25 per cent advance in profits before tax. And Mr Gordon Fisher, chairman expects the present level of activity to continue through to the end of the year and profits to show another satisfactory

Sales moved up from £17.73m to £20,88m, and represent a real increase in volume in a period when inflationary rises in prices of building materials have been low. The profit came out at \$283,000, against \$626,000, althoug margins have come under pressure as a result of keen

The interim dividend is lifted from the equivalent of 0.7p to 0.85p net, out of earnings ahead from 1.78p to 2.76p. For the year 1982 the total payment was 2.3p from profit of £1.46m. Charges against profit for the half-year included depreciation

half-year included depreciation £225,000 (£182,006), interest paid £129,000 (£184,000) and pension fund contributions £128,006 (£119,000). After tax £255,006 (£288,000) the net profit was £328,000 (£338,000). Erith has acquired the trainess.

of Greenwich Distributors:
(Building Materials). with
branches at Greenwich and
Carshalton which will enable the
group to establish a presence in
the southern and south-eastern
districts of London.

An extraordinary meeting is
being called for November 2
when shareholders will be asked. the southern and south-eastern districts of London.

An extraordinary meeting is being called for November 2 when shareholders will be asked to approve the adoption of a shares have option scheme and

scheme.

The schemes are designed to enhance the inferest of employees at all levels in the company's art all levels in the company's at all levels in the company's art all levels in the company are all levels in the company are

future growth and profitability by providing a suitable method of obtaining an equity participa-

The market reacted coolly to take Erith's 25 per cent increase in pretex profits and left the SLSm shares unchanged at 70p. It had proper become accustomed to rather assummer dramatic signs of revival net.

of which have made radical advances from a lower hase. Since Existic market is fragmented die buik of sales cames from annel builders in the repairs and three-widom business—volumes for faster appeller has led to a slight contraction in gross margins. If there are no major wice weaknesses he the current haif, Erith should make subund \$1.5m pre-tan for the year. The gi.Sm pro-tay for the year. The prospective yield is 5.8 per cent, securing a final dividend of 1.9p

because its presence in the south largely insulated if against the chill felt early last year by

dates of board meetings to the Stock Exchange. Such meetings are usually teld for the purpose of considering dividends. Official indications are not sessibile as to whether the dividends are intentine or tinels and the subdivisions shown below are based mainly on lest year's timetable.

TOGAY
Interims—Brooks Street Buresu, Davies and Newman, Edith, Hunting Petroleum Services. Welter Lawrence, London and Northern, More O'Ferroll, Municipal Properties, Ibstock Johnsen, Whittington International.

Finals—James Austin Steel, Brooke Bond, Castie (G. E.), Humberside

Resis—James Austin Steel, Brooke nd, Castle (G. B.), Humberelds stronics, Paterson Zochonis, Rambs, FUTURE DATES

#### DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED

..... 4.19 ..... 1.65

Dividends shown pence per share not except where effectives stated.

\* Equivalent after allowing for script issue. For aspital increased by rights and/or acquisiting issues. # USM stock. In

#### BPM on recovery path with £1.36m surplus family and its trusts are interested in some 60 per cent first time the directors have real motivator behind the change depreciated the trade value of is 100 less names on the pay-cach branch over 20 years from roll. Undoubtedly the free sheets the date of purchase. This new have made an impact and the

SOME RECOVERY has been madeby BPM Holdings, the newspaper publishing and retailing house, in the year ended July 2. 1983, with its profit before tax improving from £403,000 to £1.36m. The dividend is again 775p, the final being 4.194p.

Roe, chairman of Danks Gowerton, that this steel pro-cessor, boiler and plant designer will earn a profit in the current In his annual statement, he writes: "Having reviewed and reorganised those areas of our business which made losses in the year (to June 30), we approach the coming year with a belief that a profit will be earned. "This group has some under-

**Rand Mines Group** 

All companies are Members of the Barlow Rand Group

**Gold Mining Company Reports** 

(All Companies incorporated in the Republic of South Africa)

40 702

21 579

Directors

Office of the Secretaries of the undermentioned companies in the United Kingdom, 40 Holborn Visduct, London EC1P 1A.I

36 730 3 532

26 445

HARMONY GOLD MINING

ISSUED CAPITAL: R13 442 325 IN 26 884 650 SHARES OF 50 CENTS EACH REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE QUARTER LARGES JOTH SEFTEMBER, 1583.

EAST RAND PROPRIETARY MINES.

LIMITED issued Capital: RJ 544 000 in Spares of R1,06 Each Report of the directory for the quarter ended Joth September, 1963.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

12th October, 1983

COMPANY, LIMITED

utilised property and steps are being taken to establish management expertise in property matters to lease such facilities, reby minimise the holding

Last week. Danks Gowerton reported pre-tax losses of £1.34m against profits of £242,000.

of the BPM capital.

DURBAN ROODEPOORT DEEP.

LIMITED

BLYVOORUITZICHT GOLD MINING COMPANY, LIMITED

squed Capital: R6 000 000 in 24 000 000 shares of 25 cents each. Eport of the directors for the quarter ended 30th September, 1963.

Copies of these quarterly reports are obtainable from the United Kingdom Registrers and Transfer Agents, Charter Consolidated P.L.C., F.O. Box No. 102, Charter House, Park Street, Ashford, Kent, TN24 8EQ.

ISSUED CAPITAL: R2 325 000 IN SHARES OF R1.00 EACH REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CHARTER EMBER 20TH

There are commitments for Clottal expen-

Turnover moved up to £92.65m, compared with £89.79m. Included in the pre-tax profit was related companies contribution £267,000 (£385,000), income from other fixed asset investments £218,000 (£222,000), other ments £213,000 (2222,000), other interest receivable and similar income £56,000 (£24,000). Interest payable and similar charges came to £1.22m

The group publishes the Birmingham Post, Birmingham Evening Mail, and Sunday Mercury, and local weekly newspapers. It operates a newsagents and confectionery chain, and shops sell-ing greeting cards, costume jewellery and giftware. The Iliffe

for the Quarter ended 30th September, 1983

In July the group took a 15 per cent interest in Chapman Industries, by selling its subsi-diary West Midland Envelopes, to Chapman in exchange for

After tax £950,000 (£412,000) and last year minorities of and last year minorities of \$7,000, the 1982-83 net attributation, the 1932-85 net attribut-able profit comes out at £409,000 compared with a loss of £16,000, equal to 9.9p (0.5p) per share. There are extraordinary charges totalling £1.02m charges totalling £1.02m (£145,000). These comprise re-dandancies £509,000 and stock adjustments at Supercards, the greeting cards side, £582,000, less corporation tax £487,000 (profit on sales of trade investment £145,000). The ordinary divi-dend absorbs £943,000 (same).

Trade value of newsagents canches has been re-classified this year as an intangible asset rather than goodwill, and for the There is no profit share to be paid to the trustees of the employee share scheme this year, as the profit before tax is less

Just as BPM started to get its traditional newspaper business heading the right way its retail division has crept up and dealty it a mortal blow. The daily papers—and this now includes 12 papers—and this now incindes 12 free sheets—swing round from a £437,000 loss to a film profit and the weeklies made a £462,000 turnsound to a £51,000 profit. A 21 per cent cut in newsprint of per cent and advertising volume was up f per cent on its usin titles, though BPM says the 0.8 per cent holding in Reuters.

have made an impact and the "if you can't beat them; join them" attitude must have added them" attitude must have added a six-figure number to the profit line. Yet retail has let BPM down badly. Its newsagants put up a fine performance with a £1.2m profit against £950,000— and that was struck after £300,000 of extra depreciation. But the group managed to lose £1.1m by selling greetings cards. Shareholders will no doubt be glad to hear that divisional management has been charged. A recovery there should underpin a profits target of £25m or so this year; good, but still a far cry from the near-fine of 1978-79. At 102p this shares yield. 1978-79. At 102p this shares yield: 8 per cent, but for more fashion

H.S. Atkinsons Transport Services, Applied Energy

(Parkway),

New Appointments Group, Cutters, Allum Builders, Harper and Hargreaves, H. Geall, Gram-vale, New City Enterprises, and Cera International.

Sumnat (Import-Export), JSO Video, Sun Bol'-lays Universal, Datarite Terminals, D.R. Elewel-

Altogs, Contraccors Employment

Dipping Equipment, Rymac, and

petitioner agreed that the com-

missed by consen

pany should con voluntary liquidation.

Transport Company, Instruments, Swift Fin Spectrovision Display.

Magnet Elmec

# 157 companies wound up

Glenbridge Builders, Edwards of Longbridge, Fontalin, Zac's Blooses, Actofon, Speke Auto-care (Body Repairs), Capital Data Services, and John B. Hogg & Company.
Corporacion Rio Plateado SA.

20 259

D. T. WATT ) Director

Clovecaria, B. A. Jay (Haulage Contractors). Klimatechnik Wolf, Chalkglow, John David Haulage, Pacific Marketing & Distribution,

Guinness Mahon International Guinness Mahon International
Fond Ltd. (Guernsey)
PO Box 188, St Pater Port
Guernsey - Tel: 0491 22908
CURRENCY DEPOSIT SHARES
DOLLAR 320.073
STERLING 510.038
YEN Y5011.787
DEUTSCHEMARK DM90.101
SWISS FRANC SWF150 028
DAILY DEALING

> 680-685 (mch) Based on FT Index Tel: 01-493-5261

Coates

COMPULSORY WINDING up and Theorone computions winding up orders against 157 companies were made by Mr Instice Nourse in the High Court resterday.

They were S. Farid (Spectroules) Manufacturing Greenwich Pleasure Craft, Cloakiynn, Scopecharm, T. Canham & Sons (Services). Steeplecrest, and R. J. & M. Howell & Company.

Benabello, Loankime, B. J. Kemp Electrical, Bentley (Plymouth), Orpheus Wines, Lankes and Brookroyd.

H.S. Atkinsons Transport. Benabello, Loankime, B. J. Kemp Electrical, Bentley (Ply-month), Orpheus Wines, Lankes-ter & Son (Wholesale), K Engel-

ber & Plastic Extrusions, and Geoffrey Morris, Motion Pic ture Marketing, Breeze Gold. Lynch & Company Building Contractors, Polegreen, Betti E. Show Fashion & Beauty Club, Riverside (Freight Forwarding), Irongrade, and Golden Town

Datarite Terminals, D.R. Eleweliyn Group Finance Consultants, Lanbourne Wells, S.F. (Film) Distributors, J.G. Lovett (Transport), Dommavale (Builders), and Europa Agency.
E.E.V. (Rendon), Shelness Transport, Wingbourne Motors, Bishopdale Properties, John McGirr (Turf Accountants), Enidgien, and Badgers Mount Stone and Building Supplies, Stafford Transport Training, Altogs, Contractors Employment Corporacion Rio Plateado SA, Riposte Holdings, Southward Engineering Services (North Wales), Jubilique Crane Hire Company, Spectra Manufacturing (UK), Lawsons of Epworth, Buttsbridge, and Cape Container Leasing.
Muiride, Sessmes (UK), Regis
Ford, W. Lethaby & Company,
Sealord Navigation Company SA,
Crombie Builders, Autumn
Upholstery, and Comet Freight Radio Productions Wallisand Co., Si Vacuum Systems

(UK).
Penguin Garage, British Crane
Hire Corporation, Genivco (UK),
Alex Electronics, Awardlynn,
Foodstuffs, C.L. Roadshows,
Sherwood Advisory Systems,
H Line Equipment, and Barford Circlegap.
A compulsory winding uporder made on October 10
against P. J. Finch & Son was
rescinded and the petition dis-Pleoring Distributors.

Barnprofit, J. Binning (Build-

Barnprofit, J. Binning (Building Coutractors), Lacrew, Sovrin Engineering, Photostatic Business Systems, Skovia International, Fruit Transportation, and Castro (London).

Icon International (Merchanting), Impact Building Services, Nedplan, P. D. & W. Nudd, Testal, Safeguard Systems (Fire), Peak Electrical Distributors, Pioneer-Lloyd, Hitch & Tow Caravan Sales & Accessories, and Asset Recovery and Protection.

Gorseglow, Langley Polishers (Witney), P. & E. Garden Machinery, Side by Side, Form-work and Couversion Company, Swallow Joinery, W. & A. Spencer (Haydock), and Trend 2000. Change Wares Manufacturing

LADBROKE INDEX

#### THE LYHN GROUP OF COMPANIES WINDSOR

who distribute Likojuice, Sps. Mineral Waters, Waterford Cream, Pineta Pina Colada, and other fine products.

ARE PROUD TO ANNOUNCE THEIR APPOINTMENT AS SOLE UK IMPORTERS AND DISTRIBUTORS OF



One of the oldest and greatest Bodegas of traditional brandies and sherries in Spain

Stock new available for immediate distribution

- BRANDY 163 - FINO VICTORIA AMONTILLADO - DRY OLOROSO - CREAM SHERRIES

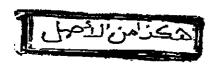
For further information and for a fast and efficient service please contact Mr Richard Martin, Sales Director of

The Lynn Group of Companies of Lisa House, 36-37 Thames Street, Windsor Tel: 07535-51912/4 Telex: 849253 LYNN G

# BARR AND WALLACE ARNOLD TRUST PLC

## Interim Report 1983

Interim Results For the seven months ended 31st July 1983	7 Moriths 1963 £	7 Months 1982 £	12 Months 1982 £
TURNOVER	70,000,000	54,000,000	106,172,000
Divisional Profits			
Leisure & Holldays Motor Distribution Computer Services Fuel Distribution	396,467 402,134 33,913 133,160	339,464 242,384 162,195 72,574	268,228 787,582 227,569 129,519
Deduct Parent Company Interest and Expenses	965,674	816,617	1,412,998
less other income	473,448	493,474	643.218
Profit Before Tax Taxation Estimated:	492,223 60,000	323,143	769,780 120,612
•	432,223	323,143	649.168
Earnings per Ordinary and A' Ordinary Share of 25p Net Dividend per Ordinary	7.13p	5.330	10,70
and 'A' Ordinary Share of 25p	<b>2</b> p		<u>50</u>



sectus includes information given in compliance with the Regulations of the Council of The Stock Exchange of the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland ("The Stock Exchange") for the purpose of giving information to the public with regard to the Stock to be assued by the nwealth of Australia ("Australia"). Australia has taken all reasonable care to ensure that the facts stated herein are true and accurate in all material respects and that there are no other material facts the omission of which would make misleading any state



Dated 18th October, 1983

# Commonwealth of Australia

Issue on a vield basis of

## £100,000,000 Loan Stock 2015

payable as to £25 per cent. on application and as to the balance by 16th February, 1984 with interest payable half yearly on 26th April and 26th October

The Issue has been underwritten by

S. G. Warburg & Co. Ltd.

County Bank Limited Kleinwort, Benson Limited

Hill Samuel & Co. Limited Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited

J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co. Limited

anothers by 9.30 a.m. on Faiday, 31st October, 1983. It is espected that confirmation of allotments will be despatched on that day, Acceptances of applications for Stock will be conditional (Inter also) upon the Council of The Stock Exchange admitting the Stock to the Official List on or before Wednesday, 26th October, 1983 and the rate of interest on, and issue price of the Stock being approved by the Treasurer of Australia (see "General Information—Underwriting Arrangements" below).

THE APPLICATION LIST WILL OPEN AT 10,00 A.M. ON THURSDAY, 20TH OCTOBER, 1983 AND WILL CLOSE LATER ON THE SAME DAY.

TERMS OF PAYMENT IN RESPECT OF APPLICATIONS
Each application, unless made by a recognised Bank or Stockbroker taking advantage of the alternative method of payment described below, must be accompanied by a cheque made payable to "Lloyds Bank Pic" and crossed "Australia Loan", representing payment at the rate of £25 per cent. of the principal amount of Stock applied for. Such cheques must be drawn on a branch in the United Kingdom or the Channel Islands of a bank which is either a member of the London or Seotlish Clearing Houses or which has arranged for in cheques to be cleared through the facilities provided for the members of those Clearing Houses.

The alternative method of payment is available only to recognised Banks or Stockbrokers, in respect of payments of £10,000 or more, who irrevocably engage in the application forms lodged by them to pay the Receiving Bank for credit to the account designated "Australia Loan" by 10,000 a.m. on Wednesday, 26th October, 1983 the amount in Town Clearing Funds representing payment at the rate of £25 per cent. of the principal amount of the Stock in respect of which their applications shall have been accepted.

S. G. Warburg & Co. Ltd., on behalf of Australia, reserves the right to instruct the Receiving Bank to retain the relevant alloument letters and surplus application moneys (if any) pending clearance of applicants remittances. The balance of the amount payable on the Stock allotted must be paid so as to be cleared on or before 12 noon on 16th February, 1984. Any amount raid in advance of its due date shall not hear interest or be entitled to any other payment.

Failure to pay the balance on any Stock when due will render all amounts

advance of its due date shall not bear interest or be entitled to any other payment. Failure to pay the balance on any Stock when due will render all amounts previously paid liable to forfeiture and the allotment liable to cancellation. Interest at the rate of two per cent above the Base Rate for the time being of the Receiving Bank may be charged on such balance if accepted after its due date. Australia further reserves the right, in default of payment of such balance, to sell any such Stock fully paid for its own account. The expression "recognised Bank or Stockbroker" shall mean any organisation which is a recognised bank for the purposes of the Banking Act 1979 and any firm of stockbrokers which is a member of The Stock Exchange and such other banks or brokers as S. G. Warburg & Co. Ltd., on behalf of Australia, shall at its absolute discretion think fir for the purposes of the issue.

The expression "Town Clearing Funds" shall mean a cheque or banker's payment for 110,000 or more drawn on a Town Clearing Branch of a bank in the City of London.

DELIVERY
Renounceable allotment letters (partly paid) in respect of Stock allotted will be despatched not later than Wednesday, 26th October, 1983 by first class post to, and at the risk of, the person submitting the application in accordance with the instructions stated on the application form. Alternatively, a recognised Bank or Stockbroker (as defined above) using the alternative method of payment may, by ticking Box A on the application form, request that the renounceable allotment letter be retained at Lloyds Bank Pic, Registrar's Department, Issue Section, 111 Old Broad Street, London EC2N IAU for collection between 3.00 p.m. and 5.00 p.m. on Wednesday, 26th October, 1983, Any uncollected allotment letters will be despatched by first class post as

1983. Any macoliected allotment letters will be despatched by first class post as above.

Allotment letters may be split up to 3.00 p.m. on 14th February, 1984 in accordance with the instructions contained therein into denominations or multiples of £100 principal amount of Stock.

Unless a duly renounced fully paid allotment letter with the registration application form duly completed is received by the Receiving Bank on or spokention form duly completed is received by such allotment letter will be for eight the registered in the name of the original allottee and thereafter Registered Stock will be transferable only by instrument of transfer. Allotment letters will provide for holders of Stock to elect to take delivery of Reserve Stock instead of Registered Stock Each holder of Stock who elects in the allotment letter to receive Bearer Stock may elect to receive the Bearer Bonds representing the same in one of the following ways:—

[8] by collection from the offices of Lloyds Bank Pic, Registrar's (a) by collection from the offices of Lloyds Bank Pic, Registrar's (b) by post, at the risk of the applicant; or

[9] by post, at the risk of the applicant; or

[10] by post, at the risk of the applicant; or delivery on and after Cepter Stock has been presented to be available for delivery on and after CEDEL S.A.

Bearer Bonds are expected to be available for delivery on and after Stablesh 1984.

Bearer Bonds are expected to be weatable for delivery on and after 15th March, 1984.

Stock certificates will be despatched on 15th March, 1984 at the risk of registered holders of Stock to each registered holder (or in the case of joint holders to the first-named) at his registered address. After that date alletment letters will cease to be valid for any purpose.

No Stock certificate and no Bearer Bond will be made available solices the relevant Stock is fully paid.

INFORMATION RELATING TO THE ISSUE

The basic of the Stock was authorised by the Governor-General of Australia

The basic of the Stock was authorised by the Governor on 13th October, 1983

acting with the advice of the Federal Executive Council on 13th October, 1983

acting with the advice of the Federal Executive Council on 13th October, 1983

acting with the stock will be decorated by a Deep Poll, to be dailed 26th October, 1983

acting a Deepartment Issue Section, 111 Old Broad Street, London EC2N 1AU, and
Department Issue Section, 111 Old Broad Street, London EC2N 1AU, and
holders of Stock will be decorated to have notice of, and will be bound by, its

terrast.

States

States will constitute a direct, unconditional and general obligation of The Stack will constitute a direct, unconditional and general obligation of Australia and the full faith and credit of Australia will be pledged for the due and punctual payment of the principal and interest in respect of the Stock and for the due and timely performance of all obligations of Australia with respect for the due and timely performance of all obligations of Australia with respect thereto. The Stock will be unsecured and will tank pari pears with all other unsecured. The Stock will be unsecured and will be defined in the Deed Poll) of Australia from Indebtedness (as that term will be defined in the Deed Poll) of Australia from

Porm and Transfer
The Stock will be available either in the form of Registered Stock or, at the round of the person entitled thereto, in the form of Bearer Stock. On or after option of the person entitled thereto, in the terms and conditions of the Stock. Inth March. 1984, and subject to the terms and conditions of the Stock. Inth March. 1984, and subject to the terms and conditions of the Stock. Registered Stock may be exchanged in principal amounts of £5,000 or integral

26th October, 1983 at a rate per ann The Stock will bear interest from 26th October, 1983 at a rate per annum to be defermined in accordance with "Determination of Rate of Interest and Issue Price" above. Interest on the Stock will be payable by equal half yearly instalments on 26th April and 26th October in each year except that the first payment of interest in respect of the period from (and including) 26th October, 1983 to (but excluding) 26th April, 1984 will be paid on 26th April, 1984 and will be calculated using the following formula:—

 $\mathfrak{A} = \left(\frac{113}{365} \times \frac{25}{P} \times \mathbb{R}^{n}\right) + \left(\frac{70}{365} \times \mathbb{R}^{n}\right)$ where II is the first payment of interest on £100 principal amount of Stock; R is the percentage rate of interest attaching to the Stock; and P is the issue price.

P is the issue price.

Payments
In the case of Registered Stock, payments of principal and interest will be made in pounds sterling by cheques or warrants drawn on a Town Clearing Branch of a bank in the City of London, which will be sent not later than the drawn of the persons registered as Stockholders at the close of business on the retevant Record Date or to their nominated agents for their account. "Record Date is all mean the thirtieth day before the relevant interest payment date or, if this is not a day on which the specified office of the Registrar is open for business, the first such day thereafter.

In the case of Bearer Stock, payments of principal and interest will be made, subject to the provisions of the Deed Poil, against surrender of Bondo or, as the case may be. Coupons at any specified office of any Paying Agent by sterling cheque drawn on, or at the option of the holder (if surrender is made at a specified office of not in London), by transfer to a sterling account maintained by the payce with, a bank in the City of London, subject to any fiscal or other laws and regulations applicable thereto and to normal banking practice. The initial Paying Agenta and their specified offices are Lloyds Bank Pic, Registrar's Department, Issue Section, 111 Old Broad Street, London EC2N IAU, Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Avenue des Arts 35, B-1040 Brussels, Belgium, and Kredietbank S.A. Luxembourgeoise, 43 Boulevard Royal, P.O. Box 1108, Luxembourge.

Boulevard Royal, P.O. Box 1108, Lunembourg.

Resemption

Australia will redeem the Stock at par on 26th October, 2015.

Australia will irrevocably authorise and direct S. G. Warburg & Co. Ltd., or its successor as purchase agent, (the "Purchase Agent") to endeavour to purchase for the account of and at the expense of Australia 22,500,000 principal amount of the Stock (with, in the case of Bearer Stock, all immatured Coupons appertaining thereto attached or surrendered therewith) during the period from 17th February, 1984 to 26th October, 1984 and during each of the 12 month periods beginning on 27th October in the years 1984 and 1985. In each case purchases will be made at such prices not exceeding the issue price (exclusive of accrued interest and all costs of purchase) as the Purchase Agent may at its sole discretion consider appropriate in order to purchase Stock in such amount during each such period. If during any such period the Purchase Agent is mable so to purchase the relevant principal amount of Stock, the Purchase Agent will be irrevocably authorised and directed to purchase for the account of Australia during the six months next following the expiry of that period, on the conditions set forth above and before purchasing any Stock which it shall be authorised to purchase during the next following 12 mounth period, Stock of an aggregate principal amount equal to the shortfull in the principal amount of Stock purchased during that earlier period, provided that any such shortfull shall in no circumstances be carried forward beyond the six months next following the expiry of that period. The purchases may be made by the Purchase Agent of The Stock Exchange or otherwise from such persons and at soch times as the Purchase Agent in its sole discretion may determine. In acting under the foregoing provisions, the Purchase Agent shall be cancelled forthwith.

Australia will be able at any time to purchase: Stock in the open market at any

companion in any absert of Stock Stock in the open market at any price or by private agreement at a price (exclusive of accrued interest and expenses) not exceeding 115 per cent, of the middle market quotation for the Stock on The Stock Exchange (or, failing such quotation, on such other stock exchange on which the Stock is listed for the time being) at the close of business on the last business day before the date of purchase, but not otherwise. Any Stock so purchased during any of the periods mentioned in the preceding paragraph may be applied (with, in the case of Bearer Stock, all immatured Coupons appertaining thereto attached or surrendered therewith) at its principal amount in or towards satisfaction of the principal amount of Stock to be parchased by the Purchase Agent during such period pursuant to such paragraph. Except for Stock applied as aforesaid Australia will be entitled to hold and deal with Stock purchased in accordance with the terms of this paragraph, which may be exceeded or not as Australia thinks fil.

If Australia wishes to issue further stock so led to form a single issue with the Stock, it shall be at liberty to constitute such further stock by a supplemental Deed Poil on terms that it shall be consolidated and form a single issue with the Stock.

USE OF PROCEEDS The net proceeds of the issue of the Stock will be added to Australia's international reserves. The Australian currency equivalent of the net proceeds will be used for general financing purposes of Australia.

STOCK EXCHANGE DEALINGS

The Stock in both bearer and registered form will be dealt in on The Stock Exchange in the Gilt-edged market and will normally be traded for settlement and delivery on the dealing day after the date of the transaction. The price of the Stock will be quoted inclusive of accrued interest. It is expected that dealings on The Stock Exchange will begin on Friday. 21st October, 1985 without documents of title and at seller's risk for deferred settlement on Thursday, 27th October, 1983.

Australia
All payments of principal and interest on the Stock will be made without withholding or deduction for or an account of, and shall be free of, any present or future taxes, duties, fees, or other charges imposed or levied on the Stock or any holder thereof by or on helpf of Australia or any political sub-division or taxing authority thereof or therein. The fotegoing shall not apply to payments to or for the benefit of any resident of Australia or of any of the Australian Territories of Norfolk Island, Cocos (Keeling) Islands or Christians Island.

United Kingdom In the case of interest payable in respect of the Registered Stock. United Kingdom income tax at the basic rate (currently 30 per cent.) will be deducted from each payment and accounted for to the Inland Revenue, except that,

GENERAL INFORMATION

GENERAL INPORMATION

Underwriting Arrangements
By a Subscription Agreement dated 17th October, 1983, S. G. Warburg & Co.
Lid., County Bank Limited, Hill Samuel & Co. Limited, Kleinwort, Benson
Limited, Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited and J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co.
Limited (the "Underwriters") have agreed with Australia to underwrite the
issue of the Stock. The Subscription Agreement is subject to certain conditions
and S. G. Warburg & Co. Ltd., on behalf of the Underwriters, may in certain
circumstances terminated or the Subscription Agreement if the Subscription
Agreement is so terminated or the Subscription Agreement does not become
unconditional, no application for the Stock will be accepted or, as the case may
be, acceptances of applications for the Stock will become void.
Australia has agreed to pay to the Underwriters commissions aggregating £1.25
per £100 principal amount of Stock for their services as managers and

-clear Clearance System and CEDEL S

The office of the Australian High Commission, Australia House, The Strand, London WC26 4LA. S. G. Warburg & Co. Ltd., 30 Gresbam Street, London EC2P 2EB. Rows & Pitman, City-Gate House, 39-45 Finshury Square, London EC2A 1JA.

Phillips & Drew, 120 Moorgate, London EC2M 6XP R. Nivison & Co., 25 Austin Frans, London EC2N 21B Lloyds Bank Plc, Registrar's Department, Issue Section, 111 Old Broad Street, London EC2N 1AU. Lloyds Bank Plc, 131 George Street, Edunburgh EH2 4LQ

) 		APPLIC	CATION FORM					
ì	The application	list will open at 10.00 s.m. on T	harsday, 20th October, 1983, and	close later on the same day.				
·	This form must be lodged with Lloyds Bank Plc, Registrar's Department, Issue Section, 111 Old Broad Street, London EC2N 1AU.							
ì			EALTH OF AUSTRALIA of £100,000,000 Loan Stock	-				
Ī	Payable as follow	•	ent. By 16th February, 1984					
	Tu. S. G. Warberg & Co. Ltd., on beh				<del></del>			
i i	is socordance with the terms of the below:		18th October, 1983, 1/we request you	to allot to me/us Stock as set out	FOR OFFICE USE ONLY			
i		Principal amount of the Stock applied for	Amount enclosed at L25 per cent of the principal amount applied for		1 Acceptance			
į	۱.	£ -00	£ -00		1			
1 1			east of Stock and thereafter for the fol		2 Amount of Stock accepted			
i i	Amount of Stock applied for Up to £1,000	<u>Multiple</u> £100 £1,000	Amount of Star 110,000 - 1100,000 . 1100,000 or greater					
i	I/We enclose a cheque" in the amount				J Amount recented on apple atton			
Ī	same in conformity with the terms of	the Prospectus	nount that may be allutted in respect o		<u>r</u>			
ŀ	I. We request that any letter of afformation and Box A below is ticked) by furnished and are a second by the second second by the second secon	ent as respect of the Stock allotted to ast class post at my our rak at the ack	me'us be sent to pie, of tuniess the allo hess shown below. In consideration of the process Automorph Infected to their	restive method of payment is being.  Australia agreeing to allot the Stock.	4 Amount payable on			
	and and Box A below is ticked) by fit on and subject to the terms and coud be arrevocable until Thursday, 27th O become hading upon despatch or dely accumpanied by my/our cheque cousts	tiober, 1983 and that this sentence she very of this application form to Lloyd	all constitute a collateral contact between Bank Pic 1/We understand that the course will be hardward on first presented	ren Australia and merus which shall completion and delivery of this form	Stock accepted			
	belance psyable on the Nock by 16th to pay such balance by the due date w	February, 1484 on any allotters ma- ill reader the amount previously paid	type will be heliculated on best presental de to use us as respect of this applicate hable to forfeiture and the allement it ds Bank Pic usay be charged on such to payment, self the Stock fully paid for subtotics and allement.	no and I/we understand that failure able to cancellation and that interest	£			
	at the raig of two per cent above the and that Australia may, without projet that any letter of allotment is hable to	Base Rate for the ume bring of Lloy- fict to any other rights, in default of be held needing elegrance of such ter	ds Bank Pic may be charged on such t payment, sell the Stuck fully paid for sittance and allotment.	to and scenari   Mc seymonledge	5 Amount returned			
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ľ	*A separate chaque must accompany a drawn on a branch in the l'ained Kin	ach application from Chepter should edom or the Channel bloads of a har	be much payable to "Lloyds Bank Pic sk which is either a member of the Lo	" and crossed "Australia Leam" and adon or Scottish Change Houses or	6 Halanic perable			
! ↓	which has arranged for its cheques to i	or cleaned through the facilities provide	d for the members of those Clearing Hi	NSG.				
!┌─	[				1			
:	Date:				7 A. L. number			
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	Surname:		Fortalines	ma interest to the second	}			
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ľ	(3) Usual signature:		(4) Usual signature: .		properate (g unh)			
1	Forenemes		Forenames		1			
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1	ALTERNATIVE METHOD  (This section of payment is available		Please the laste of the mark of	offert your tennumentic letter of	B 1			
ľ	Suchbroken in described in the Prosp	Tita)	Bank Pk. Registrat's Department. I	subscription maneys from Linds some bectum, 111 Old Broad Succe.	<b>-</b> [¯¯¯]			
1	We hereby engage to pay Lloyds Bank Section, 111 Old Brand Street, Look manager designated "Australia Look"	ton ECSN IAU for credit to the by 1000 a.m. on 20th Uniober.	London ECZN TAU					
ì	account designated "Australia Luan" 1985 the amount in Town Clearing trate of £29 per cent for the Stock at	ulted to the nervocals) assure show	hame of bank or broker:					
l	in respect of this application in con- allies be block as mentioned above, a be mesogable until 17th October,	secretist of America agreeing to be agree that this engagement shall that and that this secrets a bell	Address in full:	*** .				
i · ·	to institute a collateral constant between became busing upon despaich or de Lloyde Bank Pic	ten Australia and as which shall there of this application form to		,				
I ·	Lloyde Best Pk							
•	Authorised signature							



The second section in the

of Links Hoper Burg

with the Chart Section 2

45人は大学 70年 Section 1 & BROKE  $j_{ij} \sim_{\mathcal{A}} c(s), \boldsymbol{f}$ 

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*  $\gamma = \gamma \cdots \gamma^{m^2}$ 

The second section of the second section is ्र दश्य प्रतिवृत्ति  capital profits or the net operating income in return for his are due for a shake-out once

TOGETHER with results for the year ended May 31 1983, ing it with a joint partner.

directors of Thames Investment

Securities announce a pro
Thames that TMI should under
with a view to developundertaking the management of dealings re-start after the development.

October 31 extraordinary meet ing. The suspension price is 80;

Thames that TMI should under
where the development in the Miami project will but net asset backing is now 67; & Securities announce a pro-posed disposal of the company's interest in a US\$20m (£13.35m et current rates) Miami project. Turnover of this Unlisted Securities Market company, with interests in investment and development of commercial and partner. industrial property, was un-changed at £1.9m (£1.91m) and there was a £2,32m turnround extent of the further borrowings from £412,000 profits to £1.91m which would be required, the

losses at the pre-tax level. Directors say the pre-tax loss related primarily to the excess carrying cost of UK properties over their current income, and includes £350,000 representing Thames' share of the loss from Allied Residential, an associate, to the date of disposal last May. After tax, £230,000 (£7,000), extraordinary debits, £2.79m (£316,000), and preference dividends, £50,000 (£242,000), the loss for the 12 months came through at £4.98m, compared with £153,000. Basic loss per £1 share was 56p (11.1p earnings) and fully diluted 48p (11.2p On February 1 last, Thames Miami Inc (TMI), a wholiy-owned subsidiary of Thames,

take the joint venture in con-junction with Beverley Hills Savings and Loan Association. However, no agreement was reached and the company has not been able to find another

Due to the level of financial commitment involved, and the company would be unable to continue with the obligation alone and would not be able to fund the \$20m payable under the agreement.

Directors have, therefore, taken steps which will allow Thames to withdraw from the project and from all related professional fees. The company and IMI have entered into an agreement with Mr G. Thomas Whyte, which is conditional on certain matters and on shareholders' consent. Mr Whyte and Mr Joseph Benjamin, chief executive of Thames, have also entered into an agreement under which sub-ject to the above agreement being rendered unconditional, ject to the above agreement being rendered unconditional, Mr Benjamin will be entitled to receive 20 per cent of the net capital profits or the net operat-

Mr Benjamin's future involve-ment in the Miami project will not be compatible with his duties as chief executive of Thames. He therefore resigned able loss for the year. The as chairman on September 21 and proposes to withdraw from the company, leaving the board and company, leaving the board and resigning as chief executive on October 31.

Mr Martin Mendelsohn, a nonexecutive director of Thames and a partner in the company's firm of solicitors, has been appointed non-executive chairman, pro-temp, and the board will make an amouncement as to the intended board restructuring and the future management of On Mr Benjamin's resignation as chief executive, board conas other executive, source consider it would be appropriate to make him a termination payment of £50,000 together with a contribution of £6,000 plus VAT towards legal expenses incurred by him in connection with his withdrawal from the commons. withdrawal from the company. As the disposal and the pro-posed payment to Mr Benjamin are subject to shareholders' consent an EGM has been conconsent, an EGM has vened for October 31.

increased involvement is supposed to enhance Thames' recovery projections, what exposure the group still carries in the American sunshine belt, how income and carrying costs became so grossly mis-matched last year, on what basis was the portfolio valued before this sudden write-down and, lastly, at what price did the founde

is still

an extensive, or even wholesale, disposal this year and eventual reinvestment. If the entire market, and the property sector

in particular, were in a deter-minedly bull phase, Thames might constitute a useful cash "shell" as the proposed liquida-

tion gets uncer way. But, this must be a big caveat, the group

is still carrying a very heavy burden of debt and assets

have presumably been written

down to no better than current realisable values. Shareholders attending the extraordinary meeting may well ask how the

U.S. savings and loan fund's

F. Sumner losses October 31 extraordinary meetincrease ing. The suspension price is 80p but net asset backing is now 67p to £112,000 per share after a £4.9m attribut-

LOSSES before tax at Francis Summer (Holdings) increased from £92,000 to £112,000 for the first half of 1983. With conditions in the group's traditional markets remaining difficult, the directors say it is unlikely that the trading performance will show any marked improvement in the second half.

In the last full year pre-tax losses of this group with interests in textiles and clothing amounted to £228,000. Last April the directors said that although they had not seen

any improvement in the first few months of the current year, they were hopeful that further re-trenchment would help restore the group to profits in the second half of 1983.

The results over the last 18 months have demonstrated, say the directors, how difficult it is for a small specialised, textile and clothing group to achieve an acceptable return on trading assets. Accordingly, they have concluded that group policy should be to diversify into other areas which offer better growth prospects. Saitable acquisitions are heing sought.

Although down on the year end owing to an increase in working capital requirements of

working calculated requirements of trading subsidiaries, the directors say the group remains in a healthy position with cash, loans and investments of £797 400.

In view of the results the In view of the results the directors are not recommending an interim for 1983. The last dividend was a special payment of 0.2p in 1981. Losses per 10s share for the six months increased from 0.340 to 0.42p.

Turnover for the half year fell from £3.3m to £2.56m.

Limited progress was made during the period by textile subsidiaries in difficult trading conditions, say the directors.

conditions, say the directors with the result that a small over-all profit was achieved against losses last year. However, this progress was more than over-shadowed by increased losses of £126,000 at the clothing subsi-

diary.

Action has been taken to im prove the efficiency of the clothing subsidiary and alternative markets are being sought with a view to improving gross margins.

margins.
Comparative figures for 1982 incorporate results of A. W. Hewetson, a former subsidiary, which was sold in August 1982. For the first half of 1982 turnover of £633,000 and losses of £4,800 related to this company. There was again no charge for tax. Losses for the year were £112,000 (£109,000 after extraordinary debits of £17,000).

Newmarket assets at high of \$107m in third quarter

57.78, equivalent to £5.36 against

£5.09. The directors say this further improvement represents a com-bination of increases in the values of Equatorial Communications, Iomega, Telelogic—which completed a further financing at greatly enhanced price-and

VisiCorp.

As a result of earlier sales of Apple Computer, including the sale of 50,000 shares in the previous quarter, the group's original holding of 290,000 shares was reduced to 50,000. The total bolding had been acquired at a second of 290,000 and control of 290,000 and control of 200,000 and ost of \$262,500 and a gain of

also lower than the previous quarter as the cash resources became invested. There was, therefore, a deficit of \$388,543 (\$2.14m surplus) for the nine months to September 30. This includes a charge of

\$791,535 for the amortisation of issue expenses, which is a non-cash charge. In these circumstances, it is unlikely that the company, which is based in Bermuda, will be in

the current year.

The number of venture investment proposals received during

NET tangible assets at New market Company (1981) rose to sales so far.

Group revenue, almost entirely castle, examined 50 proposals the third quarter to September 30, 1983. This was an increase of 3.3 per cent over the June 30 in the third quarter, and were appraised in detail, of which five have become investigation. In all, 10 investiments were made during the ments were made during the quarter—two by Newcastle. The portfolio now contains investments in 69 companies, of which 52 ere in the U.S. 14 in

the UK, and one each in Europe. Canada and the Far East. The group balance sheet at September 30 shows portfolio investments totalling \$105.28m is based in Bermuda, will be in compared with \$46.77m. These a position to pay a dividend for the current year.

The number of vecture invest.

102.25m (\$13.89m) unquoted, at directors' valuation. Net current the third quarter has continued assets stood at \$4.63m (\$31.25m), at the very high level of the and group net assets were previous two quarters, say the \$111.13m (\$78.27m).

#### Link House sees regional expansion

entered into an agreement with City National Bank of Miami to purchase a property in Miami,

The policy of introducing regional editions of Exchange & Mart continued through the year Mart continued through the year to the end of June 1983 at Link House Publications. Launch costs were incurred by the introduction of two further local editions, and three editions are now being published in Manchester, South Yorkshire and Tyne-Tees, says Mr G. C. Burt, chairman, in the latest report and accounts. and accounts.

As reported on September 27
1983 pre-tax profits for this

1983 pre-tax profits for this group moved shead from £5.65m to £6.4m as a result of improvements in the advertising periodicals division, which pub-lishes Exchange & Mart. The introduction of local The introduction of local editions is seen as part of long term strategy—such publications are not expected to contribute to profits in the short term. Shareholders' funds grew from £5.85m to £7.12m. Tangible #5.89m to F/12m. Tangible fixed assets amounted to £1.25m (£1.17m). Net current assets moved up from £5.02m to £6.21m. There was a net increase in funds of £1.56m (£1.08m). The directors say they intend to introduce an executive share Meeting: Bournemouth

# Laidlaw joining unlisted market

Laidlaw Group, one of the restricting Ford franchises to leading Ford dealership groups five dealerships, Laidlaw plans in the UK, is planning to join to sell off one of its companies. the Unlisted Securities Market Laidlaw's profits for the current to merchant bankers Noble are expected to exceed £950,000. Grossart. Brokers to the issue will be Fielding Newson-Smith. Laidlaw has six dealerships. Laidiaw has six dealerships, four in Scotland, and two in the south east of England. The group has expanded rapidly since 1970 when the present a move into other manufactuarman, Mr Mac Robertson, tolined the group.

14.4m.

According to Mr Robertson, further growth in profits should result from the acquisition of larger dealerships and possibly since 1970 when the present a move into other manufacturers' franchises.

The shares to be placed will

oined the group. The shares to be placed will In keeping with Ford policy represent 23.4 per cent of the

company's share capital. Half will be new shares issued by the company.

The directors of Laidlaw hold 47 per cent of the equity. Noble Grossart Investments, which has provided some of the long-term capital to finance the expansion of Laidlaw, owns 37 per cent.

Mac Robertson said yesterday: "We plan to expand through further acquisitions and we are confident that the placing, which will give us additional cash and more marketable shares to offer, will help up in this expans

#### RESULTS AND ACCOUNTS IN BRIEF

WETTERN \$ROTHERS (manufacture and distribution of construction materials)—Turnover hall year anded June 30, 1983. was £3m (£3.51m). After interest charges £22.90 (£20.80m). After interest charges £22.90 (£20.80m). Reorganisation of activities has progressed. Rationalisation programme for builders' merchants in West Midlands, November 7, at noon.

CRADLEY PRINT (lithographic company announced the sale of the company announced the sale of the lease of two floors of Wettern House, Croydon, for £315,000 net of expenses, which will further significantly improve. Iliquidity and the balance sheet.

BRASWAY (iron and steet scrap processor)—Results for the year to April 30, 1983, reported on August 16. Shareholders' funds £2.8m); fixed assets £2.61m (£2.98m)@ Current issues £2.62m (£2.93m); current liabilities £50.65m (£3.92m); net current assets £1.12m (£3.92m); net current assets £12.881

#### **Encouraging** signs says FII chief

says that there are encouraging signs at FII Group and that pro-gress should be maintained. He explains that turnover, in the first four months of the current year, is higher than the corresponding period in 1982, the footwear manufacturing

company has a good forward order position, and directors are hopeful of a moderate improvenent in merchanting activities. Mr Sumray says the company's three "factory shops" have been augmented by a fourth, larger, outlet, in Swansea, and that the medical division should begin to establish itself this year, although the group looks to the future for the major material benefits.

the major material benefits.

As known, on turnover up by 28 per cent to £10.06m, pre-tax profits for the year ended May 31 1983 advanced to £728,000 (£542,000), As at May 31 fixed assets As at May 31 fixed assets amounted to £357,000, against £391,000, and net current assets stood at £2.49m (£2.12m). Share-holders' funds were £2.5m, compared with £2.32m. Working capital increased by £394,000 (£76,000).

In contrast to "my cautious half-year forecast" the chairman says that second half results being better than those of the first was mainly because of a further upsurge in sales, production and deliveries,

Meeting, Barbican Centre, EC, on November 29, at noon.

FINANCIAL TIMES

#### Lloyd's Life Assurance new business grows

STEADY GROWTH in new life and pensions business for the year ending September 30 1963 is reported by both Lloyd's Life Assurance and its subsidiary Lloyd's Life (Isle of Man).

In the UK, single premium business during the year advanced nearly 40 per cent to £27.5m, of which £23.1m was linked bonds, with the balance being predominantly guaranteed bonds.

New annual premiums in the

New annual premiums in the UK rose 8 per cent from £7.7m to £8.3m, with annual premiums on the Fair Share Whole Life Plan jumping 40 per cent to £1.98m.

business linked to Britannia and Gartmore offshore unit trusts. Lloyd's Life Unit Trust Management is now being more positively marketed and made a contribution of £350,000 to the sales results for the year.

Mr Mike Gordon, marketing director, expressed confidence in maintaining the high level of single premium sales.

The company was seeking to further expand its annual premium business by placing more emphasis on its pensions business, coupled with promotion of mass marketed products.

Coleman Milne The off-shore Isle of Man subsidiary saw single premium business improve by more than 50 per cent from £15.6m to £24.4m and new annual premiums rise by more than 40 per cent from £1.67m to £2.44m. There was substantial growth in Striking price of 50p per share.

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# KEITH COLLINS PETROLEUM CORP.

Notice is hereby given that a Special (in lieu of Annual) feeting of the stockholders of Keith Collins Petroleum Corp., a Celorado Corporation ("KCP.C."), will be held at the Marriot Hotel, 6363 East Hampden Avenue, Denver, Colorado. on November 9th 1983 at 19 a.m. Denver time, for the

To elect five members of the Board of Directors for the ensuing year or until the Agreement and Plan of Merger is consummated, in which event the existing Directors will be removed and replaced by four Directors to serve for the remaining portion of the ensuing year.

To consider and vote to ratify the selection of Arthur Andersen & Co. as independent Auditors to K.C.P.C. for the fiscal year ending November 30th 1983, or until the Agreement and Plan of Merger is consummated.

To consider and vote on a proposal whereby K.C.P.C. Newsub, Inc., a Colorado Corporation, which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of K.C.P.C., would be merged with and into Gerber Energy Corporation, a Colorado Corporation ("G.E.C."). The 13,500,000 outstanding shares of G.E.C. common stock will be converted into a minimum of 9,025,000 and a maximum of 14,962,500 shares of K.C.P.C. common stock upon all the terms and conditions set forth in the Agreement and Plan of Merger.

To consider and act upon such other matters that may probably come before the meeting and any adjournment thereof.

Information relating to the Agreement and Plan of Merger is available from the U.K. transfer agents, Gerald Quin Cope & Co., Lid., 19 Moorgate, London EC2R 6BX or Sternberg, Thomas Clarke & Co., Provincial House, 218/226 Bishopsgate, London EC4M 4QD.

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Norton Opax, Leeds-based security printer, has made an agreed share and cash offer for Broadprint Group, Cheshire-based printer, worth almost 14.7m.

THE TERMS have been agreed whereby De Zoete and Bevan on behalf of Mr Neil Phoenix or one

of his family companies will make a cash offer to acquire Russell Bros. (Paddington) shares now in issue, and to be issued, at a price of 100p for

each.
The Russell directors and their

advisors consider the terms of the offer to be fair and reason-

able and unanimously recom-

closing price for Norton Opax shares of 118p, this values each Broadprint share at £20.26. A cash alternative of £20.25 per share is being provided, which values Broadprint at £4.467m. Broadprint shares are put diluted. \$10.6m, generating a pre-tax

Norton, which recently changed its name from Norton and Wright, shot to prominence in May this year when it launched a £10.7m bid for John Waddington, the printing and packaging group which is also based in Leeds. The bid was eventually dropped, with Norton selling its Waddington stake to Mr Robert Maxwell's British Printing and Communications Corporation.

Mr Richard Hanwell, Norton's chief executive, said yesterday that acquistion of Broadprint would put "less strain on the digestion" than purchase of the stock exchange. Norton said yesterday that acquistion when it law received irrevocable undertakings to accept the offer from shareholders accounting for 54.27 per cent of Broadprint, established in 1815, is involved in broadly similar areas to Norton Opax. Its main subsidiary, Jesse Broad, is just 45 minutes travelling time from Leeds. Broadprint also prints cheques and building society passbooks through its subsidiary Continuprint.

Mr Richard Hanwell, Norton's cheques and building society the executive, said yesterday that acquis. Ion of Broadprint would put "less strain on the digestion" than purchase of Waddington would have done.

His company is offering £12 in on a turnover of £11.85m. This cash and seven Norton Opax shares for each Broadprint ordinary share. At yesterday's under £9.8m. It had a net asset the end of December last year, Broadprint carned pre-tax profits of £322,000 changes with a loss in 1981 of rationali at Broadprint ordinary share. At yesterday's under £9.8m. It had a net asset

directors to accept the cash offer

£10.6m, generating a pre-tar profit of just over £1m. Both companies employ workforces of fust under 500.

Mr Hanwell has been active in seeking acquisition opportunities since last year, when Norton bought four printing companies for £233,000. He said yesterday: "I believe that we have to grow steadily. It will have to grow steadily. It will certainly take some time to digest Broadprint, but this isn't the end of our acquisition programme."

He will replace Mr Chris-topher Clarke as chairman of Broadprint, but other board changes are not expected. Mr Hanwell added that some rationalisation could be expected at Broadprint, "but nothing

Agreed bid for Russell Bros. and also intends to continue the irrevocable undertakings condi-tional upon the release of this announcement, from certain certain employees including terms and conditions of employment and pension rights be fully safe-guarded.

in respect of 402,140 ordinary shares (approximately 5.6 per cent of Russell). Upon the offer being declared Mr Phoenix, who is a chartered unconditional, Mr Phoenix and Mr W. Johnston will be appointed to the board, and Mr Johnston will become chief executive of Russell. surveyor, with a number of private business interests, will endeavour to maintain the list-ing of Russell's share capital,

**Espley-Tyas** 

#### Skean Dhu to seek offers £6m property disposal by

for some time, been considering to return to his native U.S.

As a result of discus of the company in the light of its successful development as a leadthe board, it is now proving the company in the light of the company in the light of the board, it is now proving the company in the compa

The two major shareholders, Sidlaw Group (31.4 per cent) and Mr R. E. Mullins (23.6 per cent), have informed the board that they are considering the realisation of their investment. Mr Mullins, who founded Skean Dhu and has been its chairman and chief executive since inception chief executive since inception appropriate.

The board of Skean Dhu has in 1972, desires in due course changes in the financial structure of the company in the light of its successful development as a leading independent hotel chain in Scotland.

The two major shareholders, Sidlaw Group (31.4 per cent) and M.P. P. Mullim (32.6 per cent) and Thur to maintenance in the financial structure of the company in the light of its successful development as a leading independent hotel chain in Scotland.

As a result of discussions between these shareholders and the board, it is now proposed that Hill Samuel and Co., Skean Dhu's financial advisers, should seek offers for the whole of the issued share capital of Skean Dhu's financial advisers, should seek offers for the whole of the issued share capital of Skean Dhu's financial advisers, should seek offers for the whole of the issued share capital of Skean Dhu's financial advisers, should seek offers for the whole of the issued share capital of Skean Dhu's financial advisers, should seek offers for the whole of the issued share capital of Skean Dhu's financial advisers, should seek offers for the whole of the issued share capital of Skean Dhu's financial advisers, should seek offers for the whole of the proposed that Hill Samuel and Co., Skean Dhu's financial advisers, should seek offers for the whole of the proposed that Hill Samuel and Co.

It is expected that it will be some time before evaluation of any forthcoming offers can be completed and a further an-nouncement will be made when

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Through various subsidiaries, Espley-Tyas Property Group has contracted the sale for £6m of a substantial portfolio comprising industrial, warehouse and retail investments and trading properties, principally located in the Midlands.

The hasic consideration is The basic consideration is payable as to £4.25m on completion and the remainder deferred and guaranteed by the purchaser, which is undisclosed.

Mr R. A. Shuck, chairman and chief executive, says that the agreement will enable Espley to realise substantial funds to be used in developing other areas of its business and reduce while posts "ultimate realisation until the market improves and an optimum

market improves and an optimum price can be obtained."

The purchaser will manage and resell the properties over a period and the deferred part of the basic consideration to which Expley will be entitled irrespective of the success of the reselling campaign, will be discharged from the surplus arising from that exercise.

Additionally, Expley will be entitled to further payments equal to the amount by which one half of the profit realised by the purchaser from holding and reselling the properties exceeds the deferred part of the basic consideration.

Milbury

Saint Piran is the beneficial holder of 4.98m ordinary shares in Milbury (88.13 per cent).

# offer for Broadprint Group S. African holding

By Charles Batchelor

Low & Bonar. Dundee packaging, engineering, textiles and travel group, is negotiating the sale of its haif share in Bonar Long (SA) to its South African partner in the operation, National Trading Company.

The announcement of the negotiations, made yesterday, comes two weeks before consultants are due to complete a review of Low & Bonar's troubled UK engineering opera-

National, a publicly-quoted company, approached Low and Bonar with a proposal to take full control of the Bonar Long, which makes electrical transformers and switchgear.

Negotiations have reached an advanced stage and should be completed before the end of the year, Low and Bonar said. It declined to reveal the likely price, or Bonar Long's profits and

pany employs 300 people in Johannesburg. Bonar Long has not been in-

capacity.

Low and Bonar identified trans former manufacturing as a parti-cular problem area within engineering when it published first half results in September.

ventures run jointly with the local national electricity boards

local national electricity boards, Mr Gilbert said.

Low & Bonar originally supplied transformers and switchgear to South Africa using National as its agent, but the two companies decided to establish Bonar Long about 16 years ago. Low & Bonar rose 1p to 110p ex dividend yesterday.

Farnell Electronics has acquired Keelan Engineering, a company based in Harrogate, whose principal activity is the manufacture of printed circuit boards. Net assets of Keelan amount to £456,000.

Farnell of 84,062 ordinary shares. In addition, should Keelan's results for the year to January 30 1984 reflect the forecast pre-tax loss of £30,000, a further £40,000worth of shares in Farnell will be issued. The second tranche of the con-

sideration is variable depending on the results for the year, on a £1-for-£1 basis.

#### BTR/Tilling

BTR owns more than 97 per cent of the issued ordinary capital of Thomas Tilling, and wishes to acquire the balance. A scheme of arrangement is being despatched to the outstanding holders of Tilling ordinary.

Under the scheme a holder of 160 Tilling ordinary will receive 33 BTR new ordinary, the same consideration as under the ordinary share offer by BTR for Tilling, which closed on July 20, adjusted for capitalisation issues of Tilling and BTR approved at Egms of Tilling and BTR on June 29 and October 17 respectively.

Implementation of the scheme is being recommended by the board of Tilling, and its advisers, S.G. Warburg and Co.

#### Westminster Prop.

Milbury and its associates now control or are deemed by the Takeover Panel to control 14m ordinary shares, or 50.49 per cent of the capital, in Westminster Property Group.

Acceptances of the Milbury offers have been received in respect of 1.46m ordinary shares (5.28 per cent). They are declared unconditional as to acceptances and remain open.

ances and remain open.

#### Chemical Methods

Share dealings in Chemical Methods Associates, the U.S. dishwasher maker which was launched on the USM in May this year, resumed after a 10-day suspension yesterday. They ros by 10p to close at 70p. The shares were suspended ahead of interim profit figures anead or interim pront ngures
which were far lower than profits
forecast at the time of the company's USM launch. The original
launch price was 115p per share
but the price has slipped steadily
since then.

To make amends for falling to

meet profits targets, the board has offered shareholders their money back. Yesterday's share price increase is likely to be due to buying interest by investors who were impressed by this rare gesture aimed at re-establishing confidence in the company, city analysts said.

Siebe Gorman Siehe Gorman, the protective clothing and safety products group, announced yesterday that it acquired 1.9m stock units in it acquired 1.9m stock units in Tecalemit, the garage products manufacturer for which it has launched a contested f15m offer. The stake was purchased last week at 45%p per stock unit and half came from piecemeal market purchases and half was sold by an institutional holder which had previously started to lighten its holding. The stake amounts to 5.5 per cent of Tecalemit's equity.

# Norton Opax makes £4.7m Low & Bonar Low gold prices threaten to sell Harmony's dividend rise

For the first half of the current year the average gold price received by the mine has been just over R15,000. While this is above the price received in the same period of 1982, it is clear that higher prices will be needed to bring the current year's average up to the required R16,000 level and at the moment the price is only R14,200.

Blyvoor's lower earnings also reflect a fall in gold production as a result of extensive damage to the hoist at No. 1 shaft following an accident on August

a wholly-owned subsidiary of Gopeng Berhad while remaining

the operating company, will have its mining leases renewed for a further 15 years. PSDC will also subscribe M83.5m (£1m) in cash

It is proposed that Gopeng Consolidated shares should be cancelled, and that in exchange all shareholders should receive cash and shares in Gopeng Berhad on the basis of two shares in Gopeng Berhad plus 31p in cash for each Gopeng Consolidated share.

to Gopeng Berhad.

BY KENNETH MARSTON, MINING EDITOR

A SHARPLY lower net profit for the September quarter is reported by the South African gold and uranium-producing Harmony mine in the Barlow Rand group.

In column with the rest of the gold mines, Harmony's work.

For the first half of the process of R60.84 per loane miled.

ing costs have been inflated by wage increases in May and June for the white workers and as from July 1 for the black employees. Power costs have also risen as a result of a 5.8 per cent increase in electricity troubled UK engineering opera cent increase in electricity

charges.

Because of a favourable exchange rate the average gold exchange rate the average gold price received by Harmony in terms of rands at R15,009 per kilogramme was only slightly lower than in the previous quarter, while the U.S. price feil to an average \$420 per ounce from \$432. But Harmony's from \$432. But Harmony's uranium revenue was lower.

In the recent annual report for the year to last June, Mr

D. T. Watt, the chairman, said that if the increase in unit production costs could be limited to

B. Repairs are now being carried out and the hoist should be back in operation by the end of this month.

Br Watt has already forecast a reduced dividend for Blyvoor buthan Deep ... \*4 0.49 \*1,165 \*5 6.49 to the following table.

Sept Jon Mr

Endes Rodes Rodes Rodes Rodes 3.741 to the increase in unit production costs could be limited to

turnover. Low and Bonar's share of Bonar Long's net assets is worth £1.3m. The South African com-Gopeng plans move to Malaysia

cluded in the review of Low and Bonar's UK engineering opera-tions but "there has to be a relationship," Mr Brian Gilbert, chief executive, said. World-wide there is too much manufacturing THE LONDON - REGISTERED in exchange for cash and new Gopeng Consolidated, which produces tin in Malaysia, plans to the proposals are impleduces tin in Malaysia, plans to the proposals are impleduced for tax mented, PSDC will hold 50 per the listing of Gopeng Rerhad the proposal of the THE LONDON - REGISTERED in exchange for cash and new Gopeng Consolidated, which produces tin in Malaysia, plans to transfer its residence for tax mented, PSDC will hold 50 per purposes to Malaysia in accordance with that country's economic policies.

In exchange for cash and new mining leases.

Once the proposals are implemented, PSDC will hold 50 per cent plus one share of Gopeng Consolidated, which will become

Gopeng has reached agreement with Perak State Development Corporation (PSDC) on proposals to effect this, and the introduction of Bumiputra (indigenous Malay) participation in the company. first half results in september.

It then announced a recovery
of pre-tax profits to £2.16m in
the six months ended May 31,
1983 from £64,000. Engineering
contributed £528,000 against
£286,000 the year before.

Any review of the UK activities would also affect the company's Malaysian and Sri Lankan
mentures run jointly with the company.

The proposals are to be implemented by means of a scheme of arrangement under the terms of the UK Companies Act 1948. This

will involve the acquisition—for a mixture of shares and cash of Gopeng Consolidated by a new Malaysian company, Gopeng Berhad, and the issue of shares by that new company to PSDC Vlakfontein resumes capital repayments

#### Farnell Electronics

# THE ABOLITION of the financial rand in February means that the Vakfontein gold mine in the Gold Fields of South Africa group has decided to resume its programme of tax-free capital repayments to of the limited scale of Vlakfontein made similar repayments to contain a striction of the contains a satisfiance and strictions.

Consolidated share.

The proposals are still subject operation,

shareholders. with the remainder bought in. The ending of the two-tier This proposal, which is subject to the approval of the South it clear that there were no plans removed this disadvantage.

No further dividends will be paid by the existing company until the schemes comes into

costs of R60.84 per tonne milied (they were R59.40 in the past

shares on both the London and

Kuala Lumpur Stock Exchanges.

Consolidated.

Africa group has decided to difference of R1.2m in capital is surplus to requirements, in view of the limited scale of Vlakfontein made similar repayments to shareholders.

Shareholders approved a special resolution at the recent annual meeting providing for a reduction in the par value of the shares from 70 cents (41p) fined to the treatment of surface dump material, some difference being paid out to shareholders.

This proposal, which is subject to the approval of the South it clear that there were no plans

#### ROUND-UP

#### **Buffels** rockfall kills two miners

TWO MINERS died in a rockfall 2,000 metres underground at the Buffelsfontein gold mine in South Africa. Six others were injured, and rescue workers are still searching for one miner who is missing.

(they were R59.40 in the past quarter) he anticipated a year's total dividend of about 200 cents compared with 270 cents for 1982-83.

Of the two marginal veteran mines, East Rand Proprietary made a loss before allowing for the State assistance claim, but Durhan Deep managed to increase its pre-as-istance profit thanks to increased production. None of the mines made any forward gold sales during the quarter. Net profits are compared in the following table. The mine is in the General Mining Union Corporation (Geneor) group, which is due to publish its quarterly report on South African gold mining petivities on Thursday.

A preliminary estimate of drill-indicated reserves at a gold pro-peet near Val d'Or in north-western Quebec suggests a deposit containing \$34,000 tonne grading an average of \$.2 grammes of gold per tonne.

The deposit is owned as to 60 per cent by the state-controlled Soquem, and 40 per cent by New Pascalis Mines, controlled by Falconbridge.

Exploration to date runs from surface to a depth of 155 metres. Further drilling is planned, as two holes have inducted that the gold-bearing structure is open at depth.

Australis Mining has sold a 25 per cent interest in two gold leases near the highly-prospective gold area of Nullagine, in Western Australia's Pribara rection, to Boss Strait Oil and Gas (Holdings), in return for a commitment to spend A\$346,000 (E216,000) on exploration. (£216,000) on exploration.

The reserve arising from the cancellation of the Gopeng Consolidated shares will be capitalised and applied in paying up in full new shares in the company, which will be allotted to Gopeng Berhad, giving that company full ownership of Gopeng Consolidated. Bass Strait will earn its interest by spending the money on two years' drilling in the search for an enriched gold deposit similar to the Witwatersrand area of South Africa.

Australis bought a 98 per cent interest in the leases for A\$20,000

Gopeng Consolidated will take steps to transfer its residence for tax purposes to Malaysia once the scheme has become effective. The latest quarterly report from Witwatersrand Nigel, the small independent South African gold producer, shows a turnround to a profit of R304,551 (£180,000) for the three months to the end of September, compared with a loss of R92,637 in the previous quarter.

> This encouraging performance came about as a result of higher mill throughput and an increased average gold grade, Siving rise to lower operating costs and in-creased gold production.

Mr G. Abdinor, chairman, sai& that the improvement in grade is expected to be maintained during the current quarter.

Nevertheless, the mine's existence remains precarious, as the recent annual report demonstrated. The company's annual meeting, to be held in Johannesburg tomorrow, will no doubt be told more about the problems by a group of sharcholders who are trying to change the future trend of operations.

# WESTERN MINING CORPORATION HOLDINGS LIMITED NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING TO BE HELD IN THE GOLDEN BALLROOM

SHERATON-PERTH HOTEL, 207 ADELAIDE TERRACE, PERTH, WESTERN AUSTRALIA, ON FRIDAY, THE 4TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1983, AT 10.30 A.M. The following are extracts from the Notice dated 10th ctober, 1983.

**Ordinary Business** 1. To receive and to consider the Group Financial Statement as at 21st June, 1983. 2. To elect Directors

The following three Directors retire in accordance with the Articles of Association: (i) Sir Geoffrey Badger, AO
(ii) Sir Kenneth Townsing, CMG, ISO, Hon. LLD
(WA), Hon. DUniv (Murd)
(iii) Mr. D. M. Morley

Being eligible, Sir Geoffrey Badger and Sir Kenneth Townsing offer themselves for re-election and Mr. D. M. Morley offers himself for election.

3. The following resolution will be proposed as a special

resolution. That the Directors be authorised to implement and in their discretion maintain, on terms and conditions determined by the Directors from time to time, an Employee Share Purchase Plan ("the Plan"), an outline of which is identified by the initials of the

Chairman of the Meeting under which: (i) the Company may issue and allot fully paid ordinary shares to or on behalf of qualifying employees of the Company or any of its subsidiaries (including Directors holding full-time salaried employment or office in the Company or any of its subsidiaries) provided that the aggregate of shares issued subject to the Plan from time to time shall not exceed 3% of the issued capital of the Company immediately prior to each issue:

(ii) the Company may provide loans or other financial assistance to assist qualifying employees of the Company or any of its subsidiaries (including Directors engaged in the full-time employment of the Company or any of its subsidiaries) to acquire shares in the Company in accordance with the Plan and such loans or financial assistance may be made to such employees either directly or indirectly as the Directors consider appropriate and upon terms and conditions to be determined by the Directors from time to time; and

(iii) the Company may provide such additional amounts for the implementation and operation of the Plan as may be determined by the Directors from time to time as reasonably incidental

4. The following resolution will be proposed as a special

That the regulations contained in the printed document submitted to the Meeting, and for the purpose of identification, signed by the Chairman of the Meeting be approved and adopted as the Articles of Association of the Company in substitution for and to the exclusion of all the existing Articles of Association of the Company.

Other Business 5. To transact any other business that may be legally brought forward.

#### **Explanatory Memorandum to Shareholders** Employee Share Purchase Plan (Business item 3)

Purposes To encourage employees generally to have a greater involvement and share in the future growth, prosperity and profitability of the Company, in a way which gives them a community of interest with shareholders and promotes better employer employee relationships. Such employee share purchase plans have been introduced in recent years by a number of Australian companies. The proposed plan is generally similar to a number of the existing plans. New Articles of Association (Business item 4)

The Company's existing Articles of Association were adopted under the Companies Act 1961 and have not been revised since the introduction of the Companies (Victoria) Code. The new Articles of Association are being proposed to reflect the Companies (Victoria) Code and current company practice, to meet current requirements of the Australian Associated Stock Exchanges ("AASE") and to include Articles designed to regulate the level of ownership by foreign persons of the Company's shares. Similar provisions exist in the Articles of Association of a number of Australian companies.

The Commonwealth Government's foreign investment policies provide for examination, restriction and prohibition provisions for projects or investments undertaken by a Company in the event of foreign shareholding in that Company exceeding certain nominated limits. The extent of foreign participation in the Company is difficult to ascertain, particularly having regard to the very significant shareholdings registered in the name of professional nominee corporations and the inadequacies of present disclosure provisions under the Companies (Victoria) Code.

The Directors seek additional powers in the belief that appropriate provisions would assist the Directors first, in ascertaining an accurate understanding of the level of foreign investment in the Company, and secondly, to initiate appropriate action to ensure that the nominated levels of control referred to in the Foreign Takeovers Act 1975 are not exceeded and in so doing best protect the interests of all existing shareholders, both Australian and foreign.

Such a provision would substantially remove the need for Directors to make share placements of shares directed solely to Australian institutions in order to bring about the same result. It is the strong preference of the Directors that the Article proposed should, in the absence of a change in the Commonwealth Government's foreign investment policy, be available to protect the interests of all shareholders, rather than relying on alternative measures. The new Article would confer power on the Directors (inter alia) to compel disposal of shares held by foreign persons in certain circumstances. It is the present intention of the Directors that such power would not be exercised in respect of the existing shareholdings of existing shareholders as at the date of the Annual General Meeting who are foreign persons or who hold shares on behalf of foreign persons. The proposed Articles of Association have been reviewed including, in particular, the proposed Article regarding foreign ownership in the circumstances described above and have been accepted by the Australian Associated Stock Exchanges and are recommended for adoption by shareholders.



By Order of the Board Grahme S. Dixon, Secretary, Melbourne, 10th October, 1983.

Full details are available from Austral Development Limited, 9 Park Place, St. James's, London, U.K. and the Secretary, Western Mining Corporation Holdings Limited, 360 Collins Street, Melbourne, Victoria,

#### **BUSINESSES FOR SALE**

# Microcomputer

Central London

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David Johnson Telephone 01 283 3070

Spicer and Pegler Associates

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- \* Freehold premises of over 35,000 sq. ft.
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The company is situated at Birkenhead and has an estimated turnover of £3.8m per annum.

Further information from The Joint Receivers D. G. Rowlands and A. Griffiths, 1 Stanley Street, Liverpool L1 6AD. Telephone: 051 227 4211

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Persons interested in acquiring the business should contact the

P R C Densham FCA, Price Waterbouse, Clifton Heights, Triangle West, Bristol BSI IEB, Telephone: (0272) 293701, Telex: 449834

). rice 'aterhouse

# **emoulder**

Business and Assets for Sale as a Going Concern Radial Remoulds (Corby) Limited, based in Corby, Northamptonshire, specialises in remoulding ty-tor commercial vehicles. Tumover approx. £1.2m per annum.

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tact: J. Kenneth R. Jones, Joint Receiver and Manager Robson Rhodes, Centre City Tower, 7 Hill Street, Birmingham B5 4UU Telephone: 021-643 5494 Telex: 339420 ROBSON G

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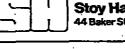
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20.000.000 EUROPEAN COMPOSITE
UNITS ("EUROD")

NOTICE 15 HEREBY AND 188

NOT

CREDIT LYONNAIS US\$50,000,000 FLOATING RATE
NOTES DUE 1988
In accordance with the provisions of
the Notes, notice is hereby given that
for the six month interest period from
October 17, 1983 to April 17, 1984
the Notes will Carry an interest rate
of 10% per ginhum. The refevant
interest payment date will be April 17,
1988 and the coupen amount per
US\$10,000 will be the Page Apont
BANQUE INTERNATIONALE
A LUXEMBOUSH
Societe Anonyme

FOR SALE

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# FINANCIAL TIMES SURVEY

Tuesday October 18 1983

# Enterprise Zones

An official report has produced a not proven verdict on Britain's first enterprise zones which are expected to reach the critical point in their development in the next two years. Fourteen new zones are being created, however, by the Government, suggesting the concept is firmly established in Whitehall economic thinking

# Success still to be proven

BY ANTHONY MORETON

WHEN THE Government Tym partnership and its report announced the creation of more on the second year of operation enterprise zones in November was not published until April last year it came as something 1983, five months after the of a surprise. Originally the second tranche had been first 11 zones were intended to announced. be an experiment to be carefully monitored over the years. Admittedly, the Government had had the report since the

the zones was economic the thinking was clearly political. The zones were intended to - or disprove - the theory that if left to themselves the economy would prosper and the economy would grow faster than if they were constrained by a nexus of planning and other bureaucratic regulations.

Sir Geoffrey Howe launched the idea before the 1979 election while an Opposition spokesman and he translated his idea into practice in his first Budget as Chancellor of the Exchequer in 1980. However, the administration was devolved on to the Department of the Environment, one way of saying that the Government did not look upon the zones as part of its regional policy, which is administered by the Department of Industry.

The surprise of the second Government has not waited to see if the experiment has succeeded. The zone experiment is being carefully monitored for

Although the rationale behind previous October and therefore was aware of its contents when was aware or its contents when making the announcement. But that makes the second list all technology park, added three more surprising because the Tym report in effect brought in a "not proven" verdict.

The Government's approach to enterprise zones now appears to be in a gestidearchie erter of the in a gestidearchie erter of the content of the con

to be in a considerable state unconfusion. Although it was clearly stated at the outset that the zones are not part of regional policy they have been to reflect zone is on five sites covered by the chosen to reflect zone is on five sites covered by the covered to be in a considerable state of carefully chosen to reflect regional pressures: three for Wales, three for Scotland, two for Ulster and the rest spread geographically around England.

ties running one of the recently-appears to be an arbitrary launched zones, around the manner.

Medway towns in north west On the Altham estate in Hyndregional and economic factors factories already built and is whether the experiment is pened.

Certainly, zones have proved working to their advantage, occupied on the estate have been succeeding, to which there is a The biggest confusion is, however, in the companies which to be an important marketing have moved into the zones tool for those authorities which

ever, in the thinking behind the second 14. Most of the original 11 were either single items, of a respectable size; or, where they covered more than one site, such as the Salford-Trafford zone, However, in Burnley, on the Rosential Salford Salfo there was a certain unity since Rossendale Road estate, the the land in the two boroughs boundary has been drawn in merely happened to be separ-such a way that occupied ated by the Manchester Ship factories are included.

the Government has looked for pockets of problems and simply lumped them together in a locality and called the whole an enterprise zone.

In the Tayside zone, for instance, there are seven quite separate sites, six in Dundee and one further north in Arbroath. The Government has taken a site by the city's waterfront, one

separate boroughs - Burnley, three local authorities and Scunthorpe is on two sites.
In many cases the Govern-

ment now appears to have gone for modern industrial estates development potential. This has happened in north west The only part of England Kent north east Lancashire and which does not have a zone is on Tayside. But it has drawn the south west and the authorithe boundary lines in what

Kent, were surprised to be burn the boundary has been awarded it because of the other drawn in such a way that those

government have gone ahead with the second tranche of

The result is that "lost"

rates—the amount central government will have to refund

local authorities for rate in-come on premises in the zones

will probably not come to much more than £1m in the 14 new

zones in the first year compared with an estimated £5m in the

first 11 zones.

This means that rate relief.

the cost of the 100 per cent capital allowances will come to

but it seems obvious that the very minimum cost of the

enterprise zone experiment will be £100m over the 10 years and

it could quite easily approach £200m.

Has it been worth it? If it is thought that the British economy will move more quickly through a freer form of

government-industry relations then this is a relatively small

The more important question

From the evidence available it is too soon to judge on the question of success. What is clear is that the critical point in the life of the zones has now been entered and within the next two years success or failure will be apparent

such a way that occupied factories are included.

The Government admits there are some anomalies but claims that it has deliberately set out to keep them to a minimum after burning its fingers in the first list when the number of occupied premises tended to be higher than was thought To gain the maximum benefits from a zone a company needs to start operations within nc ds to start operations within it from the day of designation. The 10-year benefits operate from that day and progressively become less important as the life span of the zone expires. After a certain period, thought to be about four years, the benefits to be gained in rate relief and capital allowances begin to be offset by the costs of removal and so on. to be higher than was thought comfortable. 'Lost rates'

of removal and so on With the exception of the Isle of Dogs, in London's dock-lands, all the original 11 were designated between June and October 1981, and so are two years old. Between now and October 1985 they have to maxi-mise the rate of entrants, and

at 1981 prices, will now cost the Government some £60m over the 10-year life of the zones. No figures are available for what thus job creation, if they are to Up to May 1982 just under 300 companies employing some 3,000 people started operations in the zones. The Tym report suggests that just under half the companies, accounting for some 40 per cent of the jobs,

were new starts. From the Government's point of view, this might be thought to be an encouraging beginning. However, the other half give ess ground for optimism. One of the hopes of enterprise zones was that they would act as magnets for footloose investment. There is little initial evidence that this has hap-

often bitter comments of estate agents and property developers that zones distort rents and property values by creating arti-ficial markets behind the boun-

Tym found that nine out of every 10 entrants had come from the same county. Threequarters of the companies mov-ing into the zones confessed they would not have looked out-side the county for new premises and an overwhelming 85 per cent said they had no intention of going outside the region. It would initially appear, therefore, that zones have done

There are two main and one minor exceptions. Swansea and Corby are the major exceptions and Wakefield, no doubt helped by its superb position on a motorway crossroads, the minor one. Each of these has attracted a considerable amount of incoming investment from outside

nothing to create industrial and regional mobility.

#### Inducement

All three benefit from extra attractions since they have assisted area status and this, on top of the zone inducements, has been found to be a powerful

The Isle of Dogs might also be described as an exception but, because it started life well after the others, it is not yet clear how far its big influx of jobs is due to the zonal incentives or, as is more probable to its fortunate position just a mile or two east of the Tower

Certainly, zones have proved



state, almost without hesitation, that zone stautus attracts a lot of inquiries and some potential entrants look at the wider area once they have seen the zone.

Many of the earlier zones such as Liverpool, Dudley and Hartlepool, suffered because the amount of infrastructure work that had to be done held up the arrival of potential incom-ers, and therefore cut the benefit-time that a company could expect to build into its accounts The Government appears to have gone out of its way in the second tranche by chosing sites with developed, or easily developed, industrial estates in order to maximise the attrac-

The question that might then be asked is whether this is not loading the dice in favour of the experiment. There is a feeling, especially among developers, that zones are no longer seen by the Government as an experiment but as part of official economic thinking. It might be helpful if a minister restated the philosophy in order that others might be in a better posi-

#### CONTENTS

The new zones: Reports on Middlesbrough, Rotherham, Telford, Wellingborough, North-East Lancs, Tayside, Delyn and Milford Haven, Londonderry, North-West Kent, Invergordon II and III

The existing zones: How they are faring

Enterprise Zone companies: PP Profiles, Herman Smith

The Developers: Interest beginning to quicken Incentives: What is avail-

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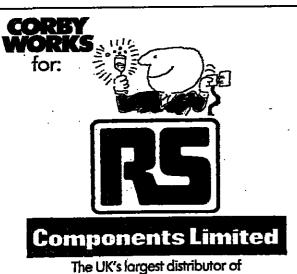
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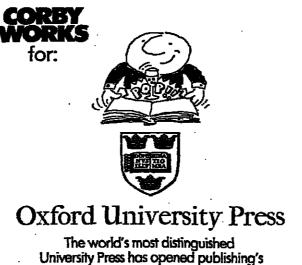
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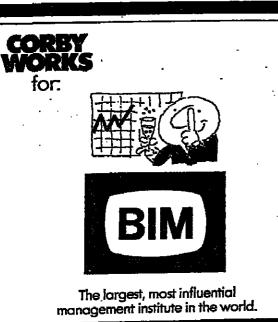
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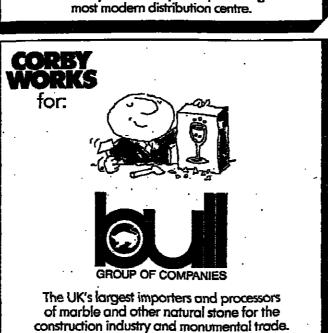


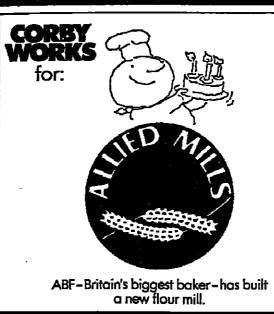


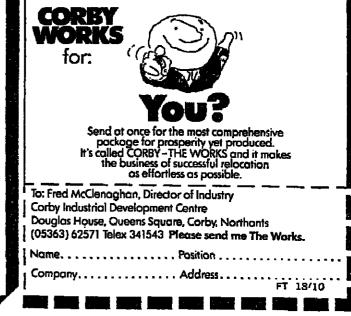












On this and the facing page, the location and prospects for the new enterprise zones are analysed

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ISLE OF MAN BASED MANAGEMENT - CONSULTANCY - MARKETING Marketing activities on the Isle of Man MANN INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT SERVICES LIMITED.

THE COUNTY of Cleveland has zone, which is soon to receive House. It has 56 acres including rication plants has taken a high had the highest unemployment its designation and is in a the former British Steel Coron Mainland Britain for much Special Development Area, poration Britannia works and of the recession, though its geo- covers 190 acres within a loop graphic and demographic struc- of the Tees north-west of the ture has allowed it to escape many of the urban scars norm-

per cent with some pockets as prise 20ne.

local authority that encompasses
Telford New Town—one of the
troubled West Midlands
unemployment black spots with
one in five jobless—is a late

The council, which had been

campaigning for assisted areas

status, was a clear front-runner for the first round of enterprise

zones awarded in 1980. But Wrekin spurned the idea,

"Councillors were very con-cerned that an enterprise zone

could mean a planning free-for-ail and the whole concept of Telford is one of a planned environment," explains Mr Roger Paine, the chief execu-

tive. Experience of the way enter-

prise zones had operated in practice and the special conces-

sion made for Telford swung support behind the idea this

The concession which he

claims makes Telford unique is that the prime site of the five in

forbidden to industry. Coun-cillors intend to ensure a 20-acre

site close to the town centre will remain up-market for use for offices and hotels only. The

aim is to boost service indus-

tries in a town which, with a

population of 126,000, remains over-dependent upon manufac-

turing industry. Talks have already taken

place with developers and there is confidence a hotel project will soon be coming out of the ground. The development correction.

poration — another plus for Telford in generating rapid

time round, Mr Paine says.

Forbidden

convert to enterprise zones.

high as 50 per cent.
The Britannia

**Telford** 

Middlesbrough

The borough council owns just under half — in the Riverally associated with industrial just under half — in the River-decline and a 20 per cent unside Park part in the 2018 northern section. It has sold One way of calculating Mid- some land to the English Indusdlesbrough's unemployment re- trial Estates Corporation which sults is a figure of about 23 has about 15 acres in the enter-

The biggest landowner after enterprise the local authority is Trafalgar

The development corporation

owns four of the sites with the other, of only 20 acres, held by a local steelmaking company. A

joint steering committee with representatives from Wrekin

Council and Tellord Develop-ment Corporation has been set

up to supervise the enterprise zone which is expected to start

The man to head up the

Michael Morgan, formerly commercial director of the develop-

ment corporation, has already been appointed: "The inquiries are already streaming in even

before we have started adver-tising," he says.

Mr Morgan sees the key to the success of the enterprise zone

as the opening, scheduled next month, of the long-awaited M54

two-lane motorway link direct to the M6. "The enterprise zone straddles the new motor-

way with two exits giving direct access to industrial sites." he

Though Telford scrupulously

avoided "old or rundown buildings" on its sites for

designation, there was some

300,000 sq ft of modern indus-

the application was made in

November last year. Mr Morgan is confident that by the time

the enterprise zone gets under-

way next January, not only will

but other new projects will be

all the empty space have gone

trial space vacant at the time

points out.

operating in January.

marketing campaign,

the Linthorpe and Dinsdale Wharves.

At the northern end of the zone some 70 units have been built over the last five years, mainly by the EIE. Practically all the small units of 45 to 90 square metres are occupied.

There has been a small surge rather than a rush in the takeup of properties since the pros-pect of an enterprise zone emerged. However, council officers have been pleased by development, prior to its formal

(computer aided design and manufacture) is working on WREKIN district council, the growth—is already building a local authority that encompasses 32,000 sq ft speculative office Telford New Town—one of the Cleveland County Council to develop what planners hope will be a large complex in the zone. Economic decline and the physical problems of north Middlesbrough formed the cen-

> council's submission. The Ironmasters district in north Middlesbrough was a major centre of iron making and heavy engineering. Much of this eventually moved to the

tral element in the borough

mouth of the Tees but closure of heavy engineering and fab-

At the same time the huge amount of regional aid money spent on Teesside during the late 1960s and 1970s was directed at capital intensive industries. This created only limited new employment in industries such as chemicals and steel which have suffered since from severe rationalisation under the pressure of world-wide overcapacity.

#### Network

Industrial dereliction has followed in the wake of these stresses. The Government's re-The CAD/COM Association versal of an earlier decision to Agency to Middlesbrough was a further blow.

The county and the borough have been promoting industrial development during the recession. A number of schemes in the inner area programme will also improve north Middles-brough's potential for develop-

The zone is already con-nected to the motorway network by dual carriageway road, and rail and dock facilities are

Nick Garnett It has already put in a road,

# Rotherham

that its new enterprise zone is not the answer on its own to the town's unemployment prob-lems. The hope is that it might represent something of a counterbalance to unpleasant, long-term structural changes in its industrial base.

"If it stimulates interest and we can get companies tuned in on Rotherham, get a change in emphasis it will have done its iob," says Mr Peter Fairholm, Rotherham's assistant director

of planning. The south Yorkshire town is trying to rectify problems which originated in the 1960s. In the four years from 1968. Rotherham lost 11,000 jobs in coal and steel. The unemploy-ment rate is now 19 to 20 per

The zone designated in August covers 260 acres stretching almost from the town centre towards Car Hill and Rawmarsh in the north. It is in a Development Area. Rotherham metropolitan borough council owns about a half of the 201 acres of developable land. The rest is in fragmented ownership, mainly of the nationalised industries. The council intended using the site as an industrial estate long before the possibility of on enterprise zone was raised.

trees as part of a landscaping buffer with the green belt north of the zone.

which has recently been up-graded at a cost of £16m, runs

into the zone which has an inland water terminal.

An "A" class road runs through part of the zone and the M1 motorway passes close to the town.

There are few buildings on the site. One is an 80,000 sq ft purpose-built, air-conditioned office block vacated by Grattan Warehouses just 150 yards from car parks and a bus station. There is also a 37,000 sq ft exsteelworks heat treatment plant. The move to put Rotherham

more firmly on the map is already showing signs of reaping results. The council says that since the end of last year it has had hundreds of inquiries.

Magnet Southern pleting a 50,000 sq ft plant it had decided to build on the site before it positively knew it would be designated an enterprise zone. This will produce toughened glass.

Hilliards has also signed up to build a supermarket in the zone employing an expected 100

# Wellingborough

WELLINGBOROUGH, one of the booming small towns of the 60s and 70s—it boasted lowest unemployment rate in prosperous Northamptonshire—was perhaps the most unlikely candidate for consideration as an enterprise

Alan Northen, 70-year-old leader of the Couservativecontrolled borough council, says it came as "quite a shock" when a series of closures by big employers pushed unemployment from only 4 per cent in 1979 to around 14 per cent within two

The Wellingborough zone has 135 acres, of which only 95 are capable of develop-ment, and is one of the smallest zones in the country. Mr Northen agrees that could with good reason. He believes the Government saw

boost to help the town over a

particular hurdle. He is confident the whole site can be developed, let, and some 2,000 jobs created within two years. Indeed, Mr Bob Entwistle, the director of development, has only been appointed on a two year contract.

Mr Entwistle, a 38-year-old property man with experience in new towns, local authorities and private practice, believes he is off to "a flying start." Since designation on July 26, the bulk of the 67,000 sq ft of the first speculative units has been let. Some 500 jobs are already in the pipeline, including around 250 for TNT Road Freight (UK) which was already committed to the site prior to

Mr Entwistle argues the fact Wellingborough council

designation.

site already in its ownership and serviced was a factor influencing the Government in declaring the enterprise zone. "The Council demon-strated the right philosophy: that things were ready to that things were ready to happen and would happen quickly."

Another consideration, he believes, was the artificial in-ceptives on offer by nearby competitors. Corby. just 10 miles away, not only has an joys assisted area status. Northampton, which is even nearer, has a new town development corporation to protowns of Milton Keynes and Peterborough are also seen as competitors for mobile indus-

"Unless it was given help. Wellingborough would have fallen under the shadow of the towns around it," Mr Entwistle says.

Welcome as the enterprise zone is, Mr Entwistle believes a bigger attraction for the town is the 15-mile dual carriageway link westwards to the ML. A non-stop high speed train service to St Panera: Landon, takes only

Wellingborough, as an overspill town for London, has seen rapid growth ever the past two decades to push the population to 64,000. The mod-eru Arudale Shopping Centre is an attractive retail area. There is a long-standing sur-plus of office space, but, with rents for modern accommoda-tion still only £2.00 a sq ft, farther development is highly

Anthony Moreton

# N.E. Lancashire

NORTH EAST LANCASHIRE is another multi-size zone. There are seven sites covering about 250 acres within four local-authority districts -Burnley, Hyndburn, Pendle and Rossendale, While the councils are responsible for both infrastructure and contractual negotiations, promo tion is undertaken by the North East Lancashire De-

velopment Association. Burnley and Rossendale have one site each and, con-fusingly, the name of the Burnley site is the Rossendale Road estate. As with the other two districts, all the sites are on existing, relatively modern industrial estates. While they vary in size there is a certain homogeneity

among them. The Government has been careful, too, not to include old cotton mills within the sites. It sees the zone as an opportunity to get industry into modern areas rather than rehabilitate derelict or empty

The Rossendale site is a new industrial estate and has the advantage over all others

that it is wholly in a development area. None of the other three local authorities has assisted area status.

Burnley has the largest acres, with a substantial Lucas unit on it which the company is building up, taving bought the plant from

Hyndburn's Altham estate is considered by many to be the premier site. It is in the early stages of development, having four factories of 20,000 sq ft already built.

The other two sites in the borough are more modest in size, one being part of an ex-GEC complex and a Cor-borundum works. The latter has now been let,

In Pendle, which is proband Colne, the new industrial estate, Lomeshaye, is next to the northern end of the M65 motorway, which will eventually run from Colne to Blackburn. It is a particularly well-placed estate

well-placed estate **Anthony Moreton**  THE NEW Workington enter- and Tootal's Condura Fabrics. prise zone which covers 210 have closed. acres on the West Cumbria coast is different from most

West Cumbria

also within a steel closure area, enjoying the incentives that trust providing centralised assis-tance for incoming companies. This is Mobet, an independent

others in two ways.

agency owned by BSC (Indus-try) and the local authorities Its manager Mr Winterbottom is a former merchant banker. Secondly, the area surround-

ing the zone has an economy largely dependent on industry but is really a small enclave in a region dominated by agricultural, leisure and other non-industrial activities.

The West Cumbrian coast has been subjected to strong structural changes in industry and recessionary pressures.

The British Steel Corporation's Cumbria operation has suffered substantial redundan-cies. Other plants, such as those of British Industrial Plastics

These overall pressures have given Workingon's travel-towork area, which includes First, not only is the zone in a development area but it is unemployment rate of 17 to 18

per cent. Maryport's rate is around 25 per cent. The zone's six sites vary considerably in size. They include the steel-work area in Workington, which incorporates the Clay Flatis trading estate where English industrial Estates has been building small and mediumsized factories, and the Mobet trading estate which is the home of the business advice centre serving the whole of

West Cumbria. The Sidick area between Workington and Maryport includes a relatively modern building of 152,000 sq ft ready for occupa-tion. Just outside this part of the zone is a warehouse and distribution centre.

The Solway port of the zone has a trading estate operated mainly by EIE. It is being modernised.

N. G.

# **Tayside**

second tranche—comprised a nopen that aeronautear consisingle site, Dundee's zone is on cerns will go to the 30 acres seven separate sites, six of next to the airport on the which are in the city and one western entry to the city.

The second largest site is on the second lar

whole. This project identified a number of sites capable of development and these were already associated with the accepted by the minister.

The Arbroath site, at Kirkton, ts the largest, covering 90 of the zone's 250 acres. It stands on the edge of the town and has been chosen with an eye to cap-turing some of the work which has gone to Aberdeen, an hour's drive to the north, now as a result of North Sea oil, one of the most prosperous cities in Britain.

Arbroath is the main centre in Tayside for mechanical engineering and it is hoped the zone will appeal in particular to offshore engineers. Part is at present farmland and so offers the prospect of bespoke development, though there are already advance factories on the site, put up by the Scottish Development Agency, for those who want off-the-peg premises. The Dundee authorities are hoping to use the large number of sites to develop a form of

DUNDEE is the most multi-zone specialisation. The 30 sited zone of all those created, acres by the port will clearly Whereas many of the original be a focus for offshore oil zones—and even some of the activities and it is similarly second tranche—comprised a hoped that aeronautical constitutions are the 30 series.

which are in the city and one
which are in the city and one
western entry to the city.
The multiplicity arose from
the Dundee Project which grew
out of a waterfront study and
came to encompass the city as a
whole. This project identified a
whole. This project identified a
attracting high-technology in-

The mainly undeveloped part of the Wester Gourdie industrial estate has also been in-cluded in the zone along with an area of some 30 acres in the city centre which has a long

The attraction of the zone according to Mr Howard Moody of Tayside regional council, " is that the public authorities own most of the land. We can therefore perform in such a way that the aspirations of the private developers are not held

up."

The response to the zone, which is expected to be designated early next month, has so far been muted. There has been some oil-industry interest but more general reaction is expected after Tayside begins to market the zone more force fully.

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generation zone, not attempting to reconstruct a

decaying inner city but imaginatively using the

enterprise zone concept to create a variety of

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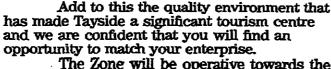
available to all developers in the Enterprise Zone.

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technology facility in the country.



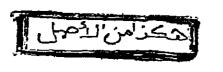


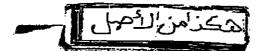
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Or write to: Howard Moody, Development Officer, Tayside Regional Council, Tayside House, 28 Crichton Street, Dundee.





#### ENTERPRISE ZONES III

# Delyn and Milford Haven

THERE WAS no shortage of interest among Welsh local authorities when the Government amounced plans to extend the enterprise zone

Although Rife

falling and their

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experiment to fresh areas. Wales's first zone — at Swatsea has proved to be among the most successful in the country. In its first two years of operation, it has attracted some £12m worth of capital firestment, creating some 706,000 sq ft of new industrial and commercial space and at least the same amount

and at least the same amount again is under negotiation.

The number of new jobs created in the Swansea zone so far is not large—365 at the last count—and it has led to a certain number of local companies simply relocating to take advantage of the zone benefits. But some 1,300 jobs are premised in the longer term. Moreover, zone designation has had the effect of accelerating the redevelopment of the lower Swansea Valley, once a by-word for

valley, once a by-word for industrial dereliction.

The two new Welsh zones share some of the dereliction problems of Swansea, though in less acute form. On the other hand, they are not so favourably located in terms of rest communications, though

The new zone at Flint. North Wales, one of the UK's werst, unemployment blackspots, extends to 293 acres and its recent official approval has already begun to have a significant impact on the lower landscape.

Designation has triggered the demolition of three former Courtables textiles mills and the former Grosvenor Chater paper mill which, between them, once dominated employment in

Thanks to generous help from the Weish Development Agency, the local authority, Delyn Borough Council, has heen able to put in train a two-year £6m programme to clear 100 acres of the new zone for new industry. New factories should start to appear on the ground early

Activity

The proposal to grant enterprise zone status to more than 350 acres on either side of Milford Haven, West Wales, represents a fresh attempt to promote more economic activity around one of western Europe's best deep-water anchorages.

Milford Haven's recent economic record has been one of dashed hopes and one of dashed hopes and unfulfilled promise. The dramatic growth of oil-refining capacity around the Haven in the 1960s led to an appreciable expansion in the local labour force but failed to generate a significant expansion in downstream activities and now one of the five oil terminals, Esso's

refinery, has shut. In the early 1970s, the Haven went to great lengths to prepare for a major Celtic following disappointing early drillings, interest evaporated and, with it, the prospect of large numbers of explorationrelated jobs.

In 1979, the Irish British and Irish Steam Packet Com-pany Ltd line opened a regular ferry service hetween Pembroke Dock and Cork which promised to produce considerable spin - off benefits but earlier this year the service was abandoned for all but the peak summer months, a vic-tim of the recession. The once large local trawling industry has also all but dis-

The net overall result is that the local unemployment rate is running at some 30 per cent.

Unusually, two district councils, Preself on the north hank and south Pembrokeshire on the south, are involved in managing the Mifford Haven zone. But they have moved quickly to establish co-ordinating machinery by setting up a joint EZ committee and initiating moves mittee and initiating moves to appoint a manager.

They also plan to create an They also plan to create an EZ forum embracing other interested public sector bodies, such as Dyfed County Council and the Miliford Haven Conservancy Board, and private sector interests, who would meet regularly to air problems and review

Formal designation of the Milford Baven zone is ex-pected next February when the statutory consultations

procedures should have been all completed. In the meantime, the two district councils have put forward plans for a zone conforward plans for a zone con-sisting of 13 separate sites— seven on the north bank and six on the south bank—in order to take maximum advantage of two key local features. One is the deep water access, the other, a wide variety of different sites and buildings which are in need of development or redevelopment.

Designations

Preseli's proposals take in 48 acres of the Milford Docks area, three other sites with area, inree other sites with deep water access—two of them at Nelee Neyland which are undeveloped and a third at Ward's Yard which has a jetty and two others embracing both existing industrial estates and greenfield sites. They add on to field sites. They add up to 195 acres and cover seven

South Pembrokeshire's proposal embraces six separate sites totalling 166 acres in and around the town of Pembroke Dock. The two largest sites are 49 acres of the former Royal Naval Dockyard and 53 acres around the Waterloo estate where there scope for the development of a marina,

of a marina,

Other planned designations include the land, buildings and jetty originally developed as the Celtic Sea supply base, as well as more conventional industrial land and buildings. Robin Reeves

# North West

Kent

WHEN THE North West Kent zone was announced it both delighted and surprised the authorities in the area. De-lighted them for obvious reasons: pleased them because with so many natural advantages already in their favournearness to London, accessi-bility to the Channel ports, at the hub of the South East, on the motorway network—they hardly expected to be chosen.

the zone, says: "Since we were notified of enterprise zone status we have been pleased at the interest generated, not just in the zone but in the whole area.

"Following the announce-ment, just over 30 companies have moved into the area, or announced their intention of doing so, such as Tesco, which is buying the old Metal Box site to develop as a distribution centre for the South East. "Interestingly, not all 32 are

going on to the zone and so we believe the zone will have a beneficial effect on the whole The Cromarty Firth Port area. Local developers and estate agents, who once thought it would divert resources within the area, are now coming round to seeing the greater overall benefits."

The zone comprises five quite

separate units, the most import-ant of which is the 112 acres of the Gillingham Business Park. The park a Grosvenor Estates development, is being con-structed in seven stages, four of which have already been let. So far 12 acres have been developed and a further 90 remain.

The park has recently-built buildings, mainly leasehold and is just 12 minutes by dual-carriageway from the M2.

The second site comprises 72 acres on the Frindsbury penin-sula near Rochester. This is a riverside greenfields site oppo-

Mark Meredith site Chatham dockyard and has only basic services. There is an access road and some other services but it has still to be developed fully. It is owned by a consortium

of four partners, each of which will develop separately but to an overall plan. The local council is one of the pariners, as is John Howard Construction

group.

Local history finds an association with the third site through the Knights Templars, whom Knight's Road, after whom Knight's Road, Strood, was named. This site can be sub-divided into an existing industrial estate, on which many older factories such as the Metal Box which lie empty awaiting development, and 12 acres of land owned by Blue Circle which are free of buildings.

The fourth site comprises 40 acres of the former Imperial Paper Mills at Gravesend. A new access road is to be built from it to the M2 and the mill owned by Reed, has to be pulled down before development can

Finally, there is the 25-acre Springhead Road site at North-fleet. This is owned by the council and is greenfields. Contracts are out to tender and if is expected that building will

# Developing Businessmen -

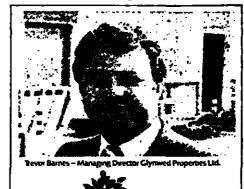
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# Londonderry

of the ordinary about London-derry's Enterprise Zone. This, perhaps, is just as it should be in an area where the problem is, not so much the rejuvenation of old industrial areas, but the fact that the industrial revolu-tion never really arrived.

The city's traditional source of industrial employment was the shirt industry but London-derry never acquired the heavy engineering and textile indust-ries of Belfast. In recent years the area received further blows with the closure of man-made fibre plants such as Courtauld's The enterprise zone planners have responded to the city's

A single tenant seems ununlikely, although Courtaulds encouraged to call upon the
are said to be considering skills and experience of PA.
imaginative ways of making use "We will quantity their busiimaginative ways of making use of the building. One small firm

Attractive

The advantages include the The advantages include the side investment to play a large fact that the Londonderry part in the development of the managers are operating an zone. It does believe that out-

enterprise zone.

This leaves the zone with advantages and a few problems.

The biggest problem is a Courth of the We believe if can produce the zone says: "Since we were contract managers. In the case division meaning with Journal of the Zone says: "We have a 310 acres.

Mr David Homewood, economic development consultant for the Zone says: "Since we were This leaves are zone with advantages and a few problems, went to PA Management Consulpotent in a Courtaulds plant; Im so ft of highly specialised building. The factory was designed to process ment is represented on an analysis of the control of the consulpotent (NI). The department of the website of the Department of the website raw material through to finished advisory committee, comprising

QUITE A FEW things are out fabrics and this makes it difficult interests such as city councult to divide it into suitable cillors, the Chamber of Trade and the CBL

> ness plans, draw up projections of the building. One small firm making facing material for the for future growth and provide construction industry is already operating from an adjoining building.
>
> The building one small firm for future growth and provide the legal and bureaucratic paperwork," says Mr Edward Cartin, manager of the zone. PA also has clear ideas about how jobs can be created in a peripheral area like London-derry. It does not expect out-

The enterprise zone planners are operating an enterprise zone which comparises fully-serviced, attractive industrial estates at Pennyburn and Springtown as an enterprise zone. Outside the city, the 80-acre Courtaulds' site and 20 surrounding acres have also been designated as part of the enterprise zone. This leaves the zone with the contract managers. In the case of Loudonderry, the contract mixture here of private that outside companies can help expansion at side companies can help expansion and diversification of existing local companies through is sited is, very approximately, is sited is very approximately, is sited is, very approximately, is sited is, very approximately, is sited is very approximately, is sited is very approximately, is sited is very approximately, is sited in ventures and licences. Civil servants have been impressed with the speed with which PA was able to get the very approximately. The contract managers in the case division dealing with job contract managers. In the case division dealing with job and the zone itself comprises are operating and diversification of existing local companies through joint ventures and licences. Civil servants have been impressed with the speed with which PA was able to get the contract managers. In the case division dealing with job contract managers, in the case division dealing with job and the zone itself comprises through joint ventures and licences.

The Ulster zones, London-division of the case of the contract managers are operating and diversification of existing and diversification of existing and diversification of existing local companies through joint ventures and licences.

Civil servants have been impressed with the speed with which PA was able to get the contract managers in the case of ventures and licences.

The Ulster zone with the zone operating

Brendan Keenan

# Invergordon

THE SCOTTISH OFFICE chose prise zones, the largely urban invergordon as an Enterprise advantages of a zone such as zone following the industrial rates relief and relaxed planning procedures are wasted.

The zone appears to some British Aluminium's smelter critics as only offering marginal. just outside the town in

The recent official designation of Invergordon along with a

£10m cash injection for the area were essentially political Eestures from a government not ready to intervene directly to save the smelter.

But the new Enterprise Zone and its administration, run from the offices of the High-lands and Islands Development. Board, face an uphili struggle

enticements to new industry in December 1981.

About 890 people lost their jobs with the closure and the carcass of the huge works has lain like a dead beast, its chimneys sticking up like legs into the air.

The recent official designation of Invergordon along with a

What industrial expansion there has been in Scotland has largely been in the central belt area between Glasgow and Edinburgh and in the Scottish

What Invergordon does have going for it is a good location of offshore support industries. Britoil's oll terminal is nearby to bring new industry and bust-ness into the Cromarty Firth area of the Highlands.

It can be argued that, as the most rural of the British enter- anchored in the Cromarty Firth

for maintenance work by local engineering firms, a pointer to the Firth's good location out of the more exposed areas of the Moray Firth.

Authority also controls an offshore base at Nigg which will be linked by a new road to the easterly part of the zone as a further encouragement to offshore support industries. But Invergordon is not alone hunting for the lucrative busi-

ness that comes with offshore development. Ports like Ler-wick in the Shetlands, and Montrose and Peterhead to the south, all compete with the main oil industry port of Aber-New Towns.

deen for attention. The zone has been divided into two areas, the first between the town of Invergordon and the former smelter, and the second to the west, adjacent to the town of Alness on an exist-ing industrial estate.

# Scunthorpe and Glanford

attracted considerable attention. It has brought people to the town who probably would not have otherwise come here." according to Mr Isn Hutchison, the borough surveyor. They have been more than pleased with what they have seen."

The zone is in two or three parts, depending on whether the nearby zone in Glanford is included. Glanford disputes inclusion but Scunthorpe is in-cluding it in its marketing drive.

The two Scunthorpe sites comprise 259 acres. The original covering the old British Steel works at Corporation's Normanby Ridge. However, English Industrial Estates Indbied for the inclusion of a second area, Queensway, and its 40 acres have been added to Normanby Ridge's 219.

At Normanby Ridge 60 acres have been reserved and two developers have gone shead on a greenfields site. The council thought the

former iron works would be more difficult to move but has been surprised by the speed with which it has been taken up.—Both the central engineering works, a large building which would probably cost £2m to build today, and the rolling mills were included. It was felt these, with their high roofs and ample floorspace, would provide good workshops for large engineering companies. gineering companies.

In the event, two companies fought for the engineering works. A local company took the laboratories and what Mr Hutchison describes as "a big company" took the rolling mill and associated ground.

FIFE has forged ahead with units at Queensway and has a 25,000 sq ft advance factory almost ready and two others of 25,000 and 10,000 sq ft approach-

SCUNTHORPE'S zone, approved ing completion. It also has land given us a magnificent start."

on September 23, has already available.

Mr Hutchison says. The council has acquired the

remaining 100 acres and while the Government would clearly prefer private participation, local authority participation allows the zone to seek European Regional Development pean Regional Development Fund assistance through grants from Brussels since only pub-lic authorities can claim these. The Glanford zone, covering 100 acres, is technically a separate zone, though it is closer to the centre of Scunthorpe than the Normanby Ridge area. The two authorities are co-

ing policies. Glanford was included after North Derbyshire withdrew and its 100 acres cover the Nypro chemical works site at Flixborough which was burned down in the mid 1970s, rebuilt and re-opened only to close two councils.

operating closely over market-

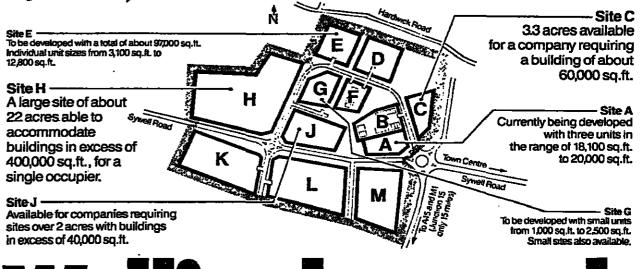
to three years ago.

The site has a modern; wellequipped office block, good services and other buildings.

soon after designation. Tony Moreton

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# How the existing zones are faring

zone to open its doors for business. Within a matter of days Corby was the first English zone to go operational and all have now attracted industry with varying degrees of success.

Some, like Clydeside, have attracted over 130 companies, a considerable proportion of which are new to the area. Others, like Corby, have reached point where they have almost absorbed their supply of land; factories are still being built on the Corby site for occu-pation in 12 to 18 months' time, but after that the zone will be

Others have been less succ ful but all have attracted a cer-tain amount of new work and contributed to the reeneration of run-down areas. Corby has fared particularly well and at the end of last month announced another massive project. Computer concern Commodore has decided to centralise its facilities in the town within the zone and in-crease the number of employees

from 160 to an eventual 1,000. Even this does not make it the largest concern because R. S. Components is to put all its people—at present num-bering 615 in the town—in a warehouse on the zone and in-crease the number employed to

70 companies in the zone now provide for over 2,000 and its attractions have been sufficient to induce other companies to move to the town itself. BAT Industries, for instance, could not find a space large enough on the zone but settled for a location in the

own. Mr Fred McClenaghan, director of industry, says rents con-tinue to be strong, despite some tinue to be strong, despite some initial pessimism, with very small units commanding £3 a square foot and those over 1.500 square feet going for £2.40

COURTS foot.

Dudley, a larger site, when the square foot and those over added, presumably to offset the problems created by the closure of the Round Oak Steelworks.

This success is in contrast to what has happened in the New-rounded the steelworks and it castle part of the Newcastle/ made sense to include the Gateshead zone. In Gateshead, works' site in the zone after Gateshead zone. In Gateshoad, which comprises some 500 acres of the 590-acres zone, the Team Valley estate has been reasoncastle part has been bedevilled by the decision of Vickers to move from Elswick to Scots

The authorities had expected Vickers would stay and develop the Dreadnought project at Elswick. When the company moved, the local authority had the task of demolishing some

IT IS now 26 months since 70 acres before the site could At Hartlepool all six sites on Swansea won the race to be be prepared for building, a pro- British Steel's Sandgate development the first enterprise cess which should be completed opment have been sold and Christmas.

This means that factories will not be ready for occupation for another 18 months to two years, which is four years into the life of the zone and approaching the critical stage from a company's point of view be-cause the tax attractions begin to run out as the zone's have a ten-year life.

lewcastle have come from the locality and there has been little transfer from outside the North East. Most have moved in as a consequence of developments within the local property market—leases falling in, factories ageing, expansion limited by floor space available. There have, though, been a number of new starts, which is what the Government originally hoped for, and there has been a lot of public-sector investment in run-down areas.

Blue-chip

The Isle of Dogs, in London's docklands and under the authority of an urban development corporation rather than a local authority, has benefited from its position and managed to attract a number of blue-chip companies, some of which will produce a large number of jobs. It is expected that a plant for the Dally Telegraph, for instance, will eventually employ over 2,000 people.

Two extensions to the area of zones have been aunounced by the Government, one in Wakefield and the other in Dudley. Wakefield was, as originally designated, a small zone of just 138 acres so that an exnsion made ser the area's needs. It has had relatively few incomers compared

work brought forward on defar, over 500 new jobs have been created.

Liverpool always faced one of the more difficult problems because it had both the enorformer TR7 car plant each with over 1m sq ft of space under their roofs. The zone has attracted 55 companies, 42 of Most of those setting up in which are in EIE advance factories. Four of those 55 have gone to the Dunlop plant and nine to the BL works.

Of the 55 it has been calculated that 22 have moved from another part of Liverpool, 11 are new starts, eight have come from Mersyside itself and eight from outside the county. The zone has 631 workers of whom 130 are net gains. Manufacturing and service industry there the companion in agree! the companies in equal proportions.

First out of the starting blocks, Swansea continues to lead the way. It has attracted more than £12m in private investment covering more than rovesiment covering more than 700,000 sq ft of space, with as much again in the pipeline. Big names attracted include Marks and Spencer, Renault and Ford (both dealerships). New Jobs created have amounted to 365 with slightly more from com-pany locations.

The Belfast zone has managed to attract a surprisingly high proportion of private investment and has gone a long way towards meeting the city's shortage of small workshops. Although the number of jobs created is small in relation to the city's—and the province's— needs the authorities have been gratified by the response.

Salford/Trafford was also the focal point of the greatest opposition from the developers, largely because of the enormous development at Trafford Park, which it was thought would be damaged. Derelict land clear ance has gone ahead and work undertaken to open up the Man-chester Ship Canal's development land in the docks.

Anthony Moreton

PROFILE: HERMAN SMITH

# 'Suddenly, the red tape was removed'

MANNA FROM HEAVEN," is now Mr Michael Herman-Smith enthusiastically describes the enterprise zone concept. He says he has good reason to be thankful for the "blip" in the Dudley enterprise zone that means four out of the 13 acres It enabled his company, Herman Smith-founded in 1895 and one of the West Midlands highly-regarded but traditional precision engineers—to move quickly into high techno-

logy.
With the onset of recession in 1980 and the decline of the long-established markets—the labour force had to be chopped from 575 to 430 Michael Herman-Smith saw the way forward as moving away from the convenmetal-bashing of the into "composite tional region region into "composite materials"—the complex combinations of glass, carbon and resins that offer the benefit of lightness and strength, the quality much in demand in the aerospace, defence and high technology industries.

Agreement

Herman Smith believed it had the reputation, expertise and necessary markets to exploit the potential. What it needed was to break quickly into the new technology of composites. Time was short.

was short.
The search for a suitable partner led across Europe to the U.S. and Hitco, a group of subsidiaries of Armeo, specialising in composite fabrications suitable for aerospace, industrial and commercial applications not

and commercial applications not only in the UK but throughout the Common Market.

An agreement to form a jointly-owned British company, Herman Smith Hitco, on a 50-50 basis was signed in October 1981. Within three months con-struction work was underway on the first 54,000 sq ft phase of the new factory at Dudley. The technology has been trans-ferred successfully and the new plant came on stream to the plant came on stream in the spring of this year.

Mr Brian Walker, managing director of the new plant, currently has a staff of 24 which will almost double by the end of the year. He says the target



Michael Herman-Smith: "We are increasingly confident we have taken the right decision to move the company into even higher technology"

of the factory—each of 40,000 sq ft—within five years. Employment will rise to around

He maintains a key factor in the growth of the new company has been the speed at which it has gained official Ministry of Defence approval for the quality of manufacturing, "We already have important orders in the bag and many more under negotiation."

Mr Herman-Smith says it was

ar Herman-Smith says it was the designation of the enterprise zone that made possible the whole deal with the U.S. com-pany. "Suddenly the red tape in getting such a project under-way was removed."

Approval

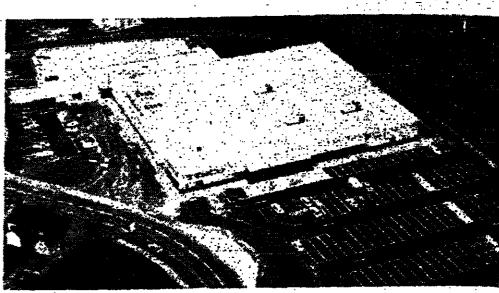
He argues that industrialists in the West Midlands could previously have expected to spend up to two years negotiating for an industrial development certificate and detailed planning consent. "In this case all we had to do was design the building and get engineer-ing approval. We were not forced out of the area we know. We wanted to develop here where we have the land, the labour and the skills."

Mr Herman-Smith says the

£1.75m investment committed to the new company was aimed at the medium term not at a quick profit. "A good invest-ment, like a rose, takes time to

grow."
"The burden of the start-up cost had to be borne by the parent company. But we always new that would be the case. We are increasingly confident we have taken the right decision to move Herman Smith into new markets and even higher technology in order to ensure its

Arthur Smith



Tesco's supermarket in Swansea enterprise zone. Swansea-was the first EZ to open its doors for business. It is considered to be among the most successful

PROFILE: PP PROFILES

# Efficiency tightened

engineering company PΡ Profiles highlights some of the problems and some of the benefits of moving into and operating from an enterprise

Mr Ian Clark, owner of the company which employs just seven people was working from a converted mill in Walkden, north of Manchester, but had been wanting to buy a good, previously-owned factory also in the Greater Manchester area. He had had great difficulty in finding one and "paying rent was eating me up," he says.

He approached Salford City Council when the enterprise zone was designated. The result was that in May this year Mr Clark moved into an 3,000 sq ft factory he had designed himself and which he bought for f120,000 repayable to the bank. That, he says is a minor point. over 10 years. He also pur- More serious, however, is the

£34,500 out of his own finances.

The company, which makes their finishing by other engineers, is now much closer than it was to the centre of the Greater Manchester engineer-ing belt yet is still near enough to existing customers in north Manchester

The premises, which include an 8,000 sq ft concrete yard, provide the basis for a much more efficient operation and the company has a rates free period

But apart from the difficulties of obtaining orders in a reces-sion-hit industrial sector Mr Clark has faced some special problems. The site he moved onto was the home for 24 terrace houses when he first saw it and he believes the enter-prise sone was created before

chased the 0.6 acres of land for power supply. Mr Clark says an £34,500 out of his own finances. inadequate electricity supply the company, which makes has forced him to downgrade a profiles from steal plate miles to profiles from steel plate prior to crane and has prevented him other from installing some grinding machines. He is hopeful, how-ever, that new discussions with the city council might pro-vide a solution to the problem.

Mr Clark also shows a little exasperation at the number of non-manufacturing companies which have moved into the zone. "My next door-neighbour is a tast firm," he says. It would have been much better for his business if other engineering companies had moved in. "As it is I haven't got a customer in the whole zone."

Mr Clark is gled he moved and is delighted with owning his own factory. However, he says he probably would have come to the Salford area without the fillip of the enterprise

Nick Carnett

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66An excellent site, dean air environment, good communications and the best possible financial package: finding all this in one location meant it had to be Chwyd ?? Derek Cross, General Manager. Optical Fibres.

Optical Fibres make light of communication in more ways than one. As a company they are

dedicated to the volume production of high quality, low loss optical fibres for all communications applications. Optical fibres also make full use of Clwyd's

communication network. Being only 2 miles from the start of the M56 and the national motorway network, means that they can reach around 60% of the UK population in just

Other factors that convinced Optical Fibres and many other companies that Clwyd was right for them include:-Financial aid equal to the best in

mainland G.B. A reliable, trainable and co-operative ' Modern sites and premises.

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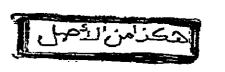
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the degree of infrastructure work which has been carried out

by local authorities and the

degree of support offered within

Some zones, on the other

there is evidence that deve-

lopers are becoming increasingly interested in this kind of project due to the financial advantages

These relate mainly to tax

they offer.

Repayments

In addition, the investor may have borrowed £25,000, on which

he would also receive tax relief,

while rental income from the tenant would cover or more than

This scenario, outlined by tax consultants Williams Jeffrey

cover the interest repayments.

A Comment of

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of a transithe first \$\vec{y}\_i\$

the lin Block Mass

··· Calling Asset,

We are rather different from the other zones because of this link between three Council

PRIVATE development work on facilitated by the lack of restric-Britain's enterprise zones varies tions for tax purposes of the widely from area to area, depending partly on the attrac-

Mr Brian Williams, managing tiveness of the site, but also on director of Williams Jeffrey the degree of infrastructure Barber also a director of Enterprise Zone Developments, says that this avoided a great deal of anxiety over the Inland Revenue's decisions outside the zones on whether tax allowances hand, have seen almost all the development work being carried out by private concerns, and would be granted.

He says that there was increasing interest from bigger investors in enterprise zones, despite the smaller sizes of most properties, though institutions had not generally been very active through his company.

These relate mainly to tax allowances available on buildings of over 1,250 sq ft which may be claimed when inside the zone for almost any use other than non-profit making occupancy, whereas the allowance can only be claimed outside the Enterprise Zone Develor-Enterprise Zone Developments has been responsible for the construction of nearly 40,000 sq ft of property on the Swansea zone, 9,000 sq ft at Wakefield and has a 1.2 acre site at Rotherham on which it plans to build 18,500 sq ft.

zone when the building is used for manufacturing or processing. Although a high proportion of development work on zones has This means that a company or individual investing say £60,000 in a building within a panies, there is an increasing number of developers who are zone will receive a tax allow-ance of that amount. Tax on the £80,000 would have been around £35,000, so the real cost of the investment has been only about £25,000. operating nationally, naturally preferring the more active zones and those which have been strongly supported by local authorities and development

agencies. Clydebank's enterprise zone has seen the leading role taken by the Scottish Development Agency, and 600,000 sq ft of new or refurbished space has been created, and now it is more actively seeking the par-ticipation of the private sector

developer.
The first of these is Whyke-Barber (which has specialised in lands of Hull, which is going enterprise zone work) provides ahead with a 22.5m development only a rough guide, and tax of 100,000 sq ft, which will be rates differ depending on marketed by the development whether the investor is an individual or a company.

The agency points out that it

However, it indicates some of has effectively "primed the the advantages private pump" for the success of the developers have in being able to zone and is now seeking more sell buildings in enterprise private investment in it, such zones to private investors, often as the £1m office block built on before they are even completed. it by National Westminster A major factor is that letting is Bank.

As in other zones, much which 85 per cent was private, depends on the ownership of land in achieving this, At Clydebank a high proportion is owned by the Clyde Port Authority, the district council and British Rail, with most of the rest in private hands.

Agencies and local authorities must therefore seek to encourage owners to seek developers for their land or develop it themselves, although this is not always easy, given the random type of companies which are

involved.

This problem has been avoided at Swansea, where the council now owns well over 90 per cent of the 750 acres, of which about 450 acres remains to be developed. Development at Swansea has been very largely by the private

Pace of development quickening

The Swansea Centre for Trade and Industry, the council's industrial promotion arm, has been primarily concerned with managing growth, such as by ensuring that the land is well serviced and that plots are available in the right sizes.

A spokesman for the centre said that development on the site had been divided almost equally between speculative buildings and those constructed for owner occupiers,

However, this success comes against a background of heavy investment in infrastructure, with a comparatively large sum having been spent on the acqui-sition of land, land clearance and the provision of services. A sector. In total more than £18m further £2m will be spent this has been spent on buildings year and another £5.5m over covering more than 1m sq ft, of the next three years.

Overall, the degree of private let to a cross section of com-development on enterprise panies which took units ranging zones appears to relate very from 1,500 to 28,000 sq ft in largely to location, as exemplified by the fast rate of growth at Swansea, and to the policy pursued by the authority in charge of each zone.

#### Encouragement

The fast provision of roads and services, backed up by active encouragement to developers, has worked in many cases. At the Dudley zone near Birmingham, the building company and A. and J. Mucklow, which owned land on the site, wasted no time in making use of its assets.

the attitude of investors, but it would appear that the suspicions surrounding the zones have now been largely dispelled by experience, and that the pace of development will now quicken.

A total of 56 units covering 175,000 sq ft were built rapidly, despite some problems with old mine workings under the site, and 53 of these have since been

The company attributed its success to the flexible approach on unit sizes and a belief from the earliest stages of the enterprise zone scheme that industrial companies would respond quickly to the cost advantages of being located within a zone

Future development will depend to a large extent on

Lorne Barling

#### THE INCENTIVES

- RATES: Exemption on industrial and commercial property.
- LAND TAX: Exemption from development land tax.
- ALLOWANCES: 100 per cent allowances for corporation and income tax for capital spending on industrial and commercial
- TRAINING: Exemption from industrial training levies and from the need to supply information to industrial training boards.
- PLANNING: Simplified planning procedures with concession on planning procedure.
- ADMINISTRATION: Greater speed in dealing with remaining controls.
- INFORMATION: Fewer Government forms to fill in.
- CUSTOMS: Certain Customs facilities are processed as a matter of priority.

# Benefits for builders

developer operating inside an enterprise zone are contained in the Industrial Buildings Allowance (IBA) rules. Whereas outside a zone purchasers of industrial property can only claim the 100 per cent first year allowance if the unit is less than 1,250 sq ft in size, the rule inside is that all industrial property, regardless of size, qualifies for the relief for the relief.

IBAs give an allowance of

75 per cent of the relief for larger units elsewhere, of course, and given the rule that owners can also claim an extra 4 per cent in each succeeding year up to a maximum of 100 per cent some developers point out that the advantage of taking 100 per cent in the first year is not all that greet

is not all that great.

The really major attraction for developers inside an enterprise zone, however, is that

allowances the tenant does not have to be an industrial user. This means that the landlord ultimately has a much wider market — and thus a chance of getting retail tenants such as Marks and Spencer (which has taken 25,000 sq ft in the Swansea Enterprise Zone). Generally speaking, owners of units outside zones only

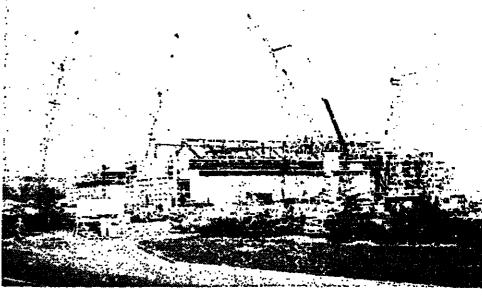
qualify for allowances if the user is in manufacturing. A significant change was made following a test case involv-ing Crusabridge Investments, which extended the qualifying conditions to take in com-panies using the units as a warehouse for materials ulti-mately going into a manufacturing process. Many investors, however, nevertheless consider this a significant handicap and not unnaturally would rather opt for the greater freedoms inside an

enterprise zone.

If developers cite IBAs as the key incentive for enterprise zone activity—the exemption from Development Land Tax (DLT) can also be useful for say farmers with land inside the zone—the chief carrot for tenants is undoubtedly the freedom from rates.

Big companies like Marks & Spencer are no doubt happy to cash in on this bene-fit but the measure is likely to have a bigger impact on new business. In the early years when cash flows are under pressure the removal of one traditional overhead can provide welcome breath-ing space. Other attractions of locating inside a zone are easier accesss to bonded ware-housing and the exemption from the requirement to fill in most Government forms

Tim Dickson



Part of the enterprise zone in Middlesbrough

#### ADVERTISEMENT—

# North Kent — Britain's best zone so far

The North West Kent Enterprise Zone is all set to be the most successful in Britain—even before it officially begins operating later this year.

It gives a cold Grangesham Chief Gillinghum Chief Eventive.

The initial response to the mouncement of this zone in the South-and at that the prospereus South East has been as dramatic as pundits predicted when the application from the Garden of England's industrial heart became known.

Certainly it is an ideal location, just 43 minutes from London, close to Gatwick and within easy reach of Heathrow. Equally the continent is easily accessible thanks to the ports in the south east, and indeed the industrial east, and indeed the industrial east, and indeed the industrial centres of western Europe are as close as the middle of England. The motorlabour relations are outstanding. with a highly skilled, able and

with a highly skilled, able and young workforce.

This rush to cash in on what many regard as a surprising decision by the Government—probably created by the Government's desire to reduce the effects of the closure of the Chatham Dockyard—has been such that North Kent is quickly heading for top position in the

success league of zones.

The Economic Development
Consultant for North Kent, Mr David Homewood, explained: "Even before the zone officially gets under way later this year we expect to have created 1,000 new jobs. That is likely to be a record none of the others can

first announced the go-shead enquiries tripled. We now receive two or three serious

receive two or three serious approaches every single day from companies seeking to relocate here.

"In this short space of time we have reached a situation where 30 companies are now negotiating to move on to sites. About half a dozen have already finalised agreements even before the zone begins operating.

inalised agreements even before
the zone begins operating.
"By the end of the year a
high percentage of existing
available buildings will have
been taken up and construction
work on new premises will be
started on at least two of the
available sites within the zone."
"It is all moving very fast,
and it is not over-stating the
case to say that inside three case to say that inside three years we expect to have created more jobs and attracted more companies than all the other

rones.
"It is largely because our rondon and location, next to London and on the doorstep of Europe, is so vital to many firms. We have everything going for us, and to have been granted zone status an extremely pleasant

The five North West Kent Enterprise sites are in the neighbouring areas of Rochester Upon Medway City Council and Gravesham and Gillingham Gravesham and Gillingham Borough Councils. The sites are: Springhead Road Industrial Estate, Northfleet; Imperial Business Estate, Gravesend: Estate, Gravesend: Manor Estate and ry Enterprise Park, Strood; and Gillingham Business Park.

all sizes," said Gravesham Chief Executive, Mr Ron Dewar.

"The road and rail communi-cations with London and the coast are first rate, and then of course we are only 40 minutes from Gatwick and slightly more from Gatwick and slightly more from Heathrow. That combined with the port facilities on the Thames and Medway puts us in an ideal position. On top of all that we are of course right next door to Dover, Ramsgate, Folkestone and Sheerness." Chatham Dockyard is also mighty rising from the ashes.

Chatham Dockyard is also quickly rising from the ashes. English Industrial Estates is taking over the industrial side and the Medway Ports Authority has already taken on one of the docks. The historic side of the yard is now hopefully going to become a £50 million living museum under the auspices of a trust.

Gillingham Chief Executive, Mr Glyn Jones, and his counter-part at Rochester Upon Medway City Council, Mr Richard Painter, both agree: "There are a variety of reasons why we are such a successful area. A key attraction is that it is a well established and thriving industrial area, but situated right in the Garden of England some of the most bear countryside around.

"There is also a good range of housing—at the lower end of the market there are some of the cheapest homes in the whole of the South, but, equally, luxury accommodation is readily available. This is backed up by good education and representant facility.

"This is why there is a broad base of skill available and a

# Company chiefs give their vote of confidence after sustained success

nationally. Their enthusiasm is backed up with hard finance and in many cases more staff are being taken on to cope with their increasing business.

Lloyds of London has moved 50 per cent of its administration to its new Chatham offices and is now seeking more accommodation to allow further expansion. Lloyds Chief Executive at Chatham, Mr Allan Pollard, explained their view: "Medway fulfills all our requirements—it is a very good centre for service industries to develop. It has good communications, good education standards and high quality staff

are available." Once again Marconi Avionics has picked up a Queens Award for Export and another for Technology this year. The firm's North Kent base employs 6,000 people and is widely regarded as one of Britain's best ambassadors in industry. The main benefits to us in

EXISTING companies in North Kent are the fact that Kent are continuing to invest in expansion programmes in the area and claim they see it as one of the most secure options nationally.

North Kent are the fact that our staff turnover here is lower than at our other two factories and the location is ideal," said Marconi Assistant Managing Director, Mr Bill Alexander. Rugby Portland Cement has just completed a £25 million

plant. With its extendent roan and rail access, we are confident that our works in North Kent is perfectly placed to supply the south-east," said Managing Director, Mr Maurice Jenkins.

The Chairman and Group Managing Director of Ring Managing Director of Blue Circle Industries PLC, Mr John Milne said: "While the prime reasons for our presence in North Kent are historic and geological, one can't fail to appreciate the very sound business advantages of the area."

The Managing Director of Akzo Chemie (UK) of Gillingham, Mr Ivor Butler, is clear about his firm's future: "We have just opened an extension to our plant creating more jobs. This is an ideal location for one business to ensure close links with the Continent and ease of distribution in Britain,"

#### Trade leaders see continued growth

centres in the past decade.

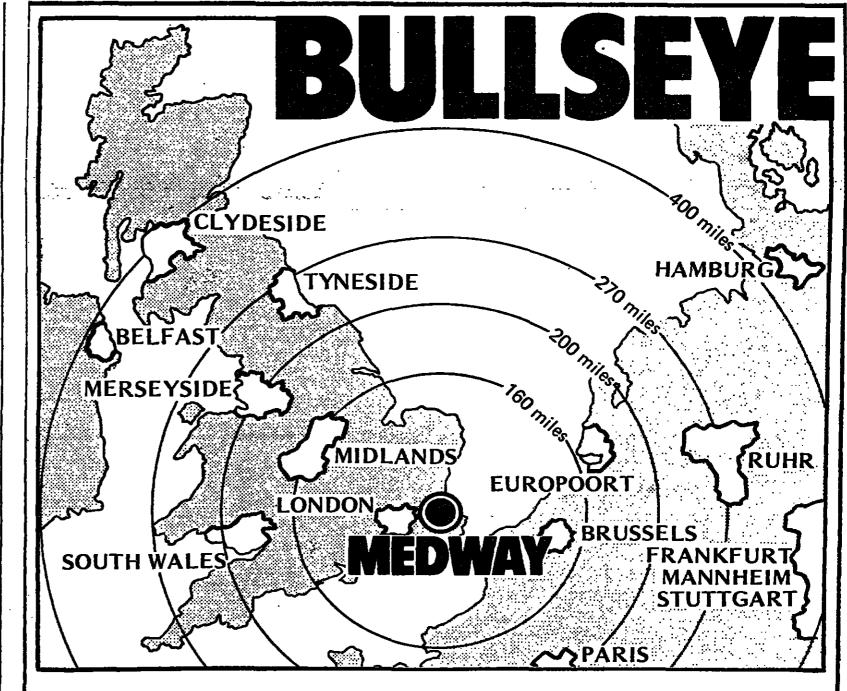
The Chief Executive of the Medway and Gillingham Chamber of Commerce, Mr Tony Bridger, said: "This is an indication of the underlying confidence in this part of the south-

areas. It means we are able to east.

We are very optimistic indeed, offer a complete range of "We have felt a gradual impossible sites to companies of provement in industry and combining. Mr Jackson Millist.

NORTH KENT has proved to be one of the commercial boom areas of the country with its rapid expansion of shopping sive future."

There are now super centres in Gravesend, Gillingham and Chatham, which attract shoppers from all over the south-east as well as the continent. "Now we can see a similar future on the industrial front.



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Gilbert Johnson

MOST companies are well aware of the potential effect on profits if buildings collapse or a factory is destroyed or damaged by fire, flood or other perils. But all too often when insurance is considered businesses completely ignore their most valuable assets, namely key personnel.

The need to take out "key man insurance" as a precaution against the early death or disability of a crucial employee is nevertheless more widely appreciated than it used to be. Indeed bankers strongly recommend that such arrangements are made when companies are negotiating loan or overdraft facili-ties (they can insist on it where

the loan is unsecured).

The impact on a medium sized business of losing a key employee is bad enough but the consequences for a small, newly formed company can be nothing short of disastrous.

Take, for instance, a small manufacturing venture formed by three young entrepreneurs to produce a specialised computer

One executive is responsible for the manufacture of the product-the hoffin whose technical knowledge would be difficult to replace at short notice.

The second is responsible for selling the product in a very competitive environment. Since it is a small firm he has very little help with his selling and covers the whole country. He is virtually irreplaceable.

# How to protect your most valuable assets

Eric Short explains key man insurance

finance director. His less glamorous function is every bit finance director. as vital as the other two in ensuring that the company can continue in operation.

The impact on profits if anyone of these key executives disappears through death, dis-ability, illness or accident is immeasurable.

New technology companies, however, are not alone in being vulnerable to tragedies of this kind. If a partner in an established professional partnership dles the partnership is faced with the double costs of paying his or her spouse for the share in the partnership and then finding a replacement of similar calibre at short notice.

So the first problem in any organisation is defining the key people. They are more likely to be salesmen, technicians or researchers rather than someone like the chief executive.

The next step is to work out the likely impact on profits and the cost of a replacement should he die or become disabled. Most companies will probably only be able to guess. For it is not until disaster strikes that the effect on performance can



In order for companies to claim the premium as a business expense, insurance com-panies use one of two methods of valuation which are acceptable to the Inland Revenue. The first method is to assume that the salary paid to the key man the salary paid to the key man-reflects his worth to the com-pany and that the impact on profits would be a multiple of his salary. The most common multiple used is ten, so that an employee earning £50,000 would be insured for £500,000.

The other is to estimate how much profit is derived from the key man's functions. If a project has yet to come on stream, this may be little more than an inspired guess. The insurance company will need details of operations, turnover, profit-ability and salaries in order to come to a decision.

Another important variable is the period of insurance, which should relate to the terms of employment. Many executives are on a limited period contract, say five years, whereas pariners would expect to be in the parmership up to normal retirement age.

So the period of insurance would normally be the length of employment, with some option to renew. Convertible renewable term contracts, which enable insurance cover to be renewed regularly for increasing amounts without evidence of health is a very suitable contract for death cover.

The cost is comparatively low, especially where death cover is concerned. All the leading life companies in this field give substantial premium

reductions if the key man is a non-smoker. For example, a 35-year-old non-smoking executive could be covered for a sum of £100,000 over five years

at an annual premium of £820. In the event of a claim, the proceeds must be paid to the company. To be allowable as a business expense, this and three other conditions must be met. There must be a genuine employer/employee ship, which extends to partner ships. There could however be problems in a closed com pany where the key employee is also a leading shareholder. • The cover must be for loss of profits only for which the com-

pany has to provide evidence, But the cost of finding a replacement can be included since this is also a drain on profits, • Insurance must be for protection only, with no savings element. Thus insurance must be confined to term assurance

and/or permanent health insur-

ance. No surrender value is

Money paid on a claim would most likely be treated as income since it is replacing profits. But the tax position needs to be cleared with the Inspector of Taxes.

Indeed, this is a complex area and there is a need for expert guidance through an insurance broker who specialises in this field. For further guidance contact the British Insurance Brokers' Association, Fountain House, 130 Fenchurch Street, London EC3M 5DJ (Tel 01-623 9043).

Small businesses everywhere should consider three types of innovation based on micro-

electronics: Process Innocation: anything from automation in the produc tion line to robots, numerically controlled machine tools and other mechatronic equipment designed to cope with a wide range of products with small production volumes.

Product Innovation: Each small business should concentrate on one limited field and seek to develop a new unique product in that field. Management innovation: This

includes office automation, production and storing of informa-tion by means of computers

Brian Jenks The author is a partner in

Touche, Ross and is on part-time secondment to Conservafor German firms using new time secondment to Conserva-technologies in developing tive Central Office as an adviser

# When putting your back into it pays off

BY IAN HAMILTON FAZEY

director of CIBA-Geigy, and

Christmas card company, Fine Art. Coincidentally, Walking-

shaw, whose wife had gone to school with Dean's wife, was looking for a job because a Finnish paper company of which

he was production director had just closed down its UK

Each of the five put up £500,

with Walkingshaw becoming the company's only employee

and taking space in a renovated

clockworks in Southport. Walkingshaw has since doubled

the payroll, his sole assistant's job being the final assembly of

Backfriend, now being turned out at a rate of 50 a week to

Component manufacture, as

as production m's other T

among . .

designed health care products,

is all sub-contracted around

The other fast-seller in the

Medesign range is a sling that enables nurses to lift patients

out of bed without risking back

strain. Nurses have long been among Troup's most numerous

Troup-

small

retail at about £25 each.

Medesign's

Workforce

of two

place for the back support to do its job. It is even effective lapsible and most uncomfortable. But far from being put for sitting up in bed. there to persuade VAT inspectors to leave quickly, their pur-pose is to show off Walkingfor Medesign came from the shaw's main product.

Called the Backfriend £25,000 business competition profiled back support hinged by for working out how to make leather though to a moulded seat a chemical cloning agent in compase—it transforms any chair mercial quantities for genetic engineers. He suggested he and into the perfect shape for opti-mum back support and comfort. Troup should start their own It is the brainchild of Dr Duncan Troup, an orthopaedic surgeon who is also an ergonocompany and roped in two friends for advice—Graham Anthony of the Engineering Council and former commercial mic expert and a leading inter-national authority on back problems at work. John Wilkinson, marketing director of the mail order and

Frustrated by the refusal of British manufacturers to put his ideas and designs into production, Troup set up Mede-sign himself with the support of Dr Peter Dean, a biochemist at Liverpool University where Troup also teaches, and after receiving a £75,000 loan from the Co-operative Bank under the Government's Loan Guaran-

Manufacture of Backfriend started in earnest last April after six months of developnent work on production methods and output is now being built up behind a care-fully nurtured and controlled growth in market demand. The first year's turnover is expected to top £60,000 and the whole venture looks like being one in the eye for National West-minster, which turned it down. Because it folds flat has a built-in carrying handle, and weighs less than 4 lb, the Back-friend is portable enough to be

Indeed, one satisfied, wealthy customer has already carried hers all over the world pursuing her hobby of watching international sport. Not only has her Backfriend seen service at Lord's, Wimbledon, Flushing Meadow and various Davis Cup venues, it has, she says, made long hours of air travel more bearable.

What makes the device especially effective is the rela-tionship between the seat base injury. and the back support. What-ever the angle between the two, the shape of the base ensures

THE VISITORS chairs in Ian that the user's spine is always are ridiculously simple and Walkingshaw's office are collocated in exactly the right made from pieces of non-toxic, lansible and most uncomfort, place for the back support to food grade industrial conveyor belting with strategically placed hand grips. Moulds have now Much of the early impetus been ordered to enable high volume production using advanced injection moulding vigorously entrepreneurial Dean; who last year won a

The Backfriend, bowever, has the widest potential sale and here marketing strategy reveals the big business background among Medesign's directors. Rather than dash for growth

by promoting to the general public—thus risking a cranky image on the fringes of medicine—Medesign has gone for carefully controlled promotion to professionals so as to establish the product's reputation.
It is now stocked by most of

the leading medical retailers in Britain and Ireland, and by 15 aid centres for the disabled spread throughout the country. At the same time it is being recommended by hospital consultants, physiotherapists and osteopaths in 30 areas.

Word of mouth is proving especially effective among back pain sufferers and now Walking shaw is trying mail order promo-tion in carefully selected upmarket magazines.
He has also found increasing

success with the medical departments of large companies, which ments of latter companies, which have been buying in ones and twos to try them out and then coming back for many more. These customers now include IBM Marks and Spencer, British Telecom, Shell, Mobil, Birds Eve and Walls.

With careful build-up, sales-led production has also meant that the company appears to its bankers a model of financial prudence. Only £10,000 of the loan has actually been used so far, £40,000 on the money market to keep down interest charges and £25,000 has yet to be taken up. Meanwhile, growing sales are providing profitable cash flow.

When all the money is used cases of work-induced back it will go to financing dramatic injury.

but real growth. With lumbago The slings have just completed successful trials in British industry and completed hospitals and sales are merce. Medesign must surely now likely to mushroom. They have found itself a winner.

# New ways to close the technology gap

small enterprises all over the world could widen dramatically if new ways to transfer and apply modern technology to smaller firms cannot be found. This warning was delivered at last month's 10th International Small Business Congress of the state of economic sluggish them. Small Business Congress in Singapore where delegates heard details of several govern-ment initiatives aimed at meeting the challenge.

nical guidance, testing and analysis facilities, co-operative and small businesses in the U.A. visues same and small information. Perhaps recent technological exchanges recent survey of small the most dramatic of all, 1,000 between businesses in the U.A. visues same and small businesses in class technical advisors. There is a wide range of training for small business technicians administered by local governments and more advanced "training of the trainers" There are numerous forms of federations of small businesses and the government-owned

small Even Japan. ness, a trend towards unversa-fication of product and a higher Korean Small and medium quality of product, all in a time Industry Promotion Corpora-tion (KSMIPC) provides trainquality of product all in a unit of rapid development of technical innovation centring ing at management and work-product in the force level. The Korea Institute In Japan there are 191 around micro-electronics; this force level. The Korea Institute regional testing and research has left many small businesses for Industrial Economics and institutes which provide technically inefficient. If this is Technology acts as a think-tank

> let alone introduction of any-nical, to form an elite group in thing connected with micro-the business sector and motielectronics, in the last two

grants for research and cheap with each other to develop technologies and improve facilities. A government project has been launched to encourage small them to concentrate on the assembly of end products.

vate other small firms. Financial years. Support for modernisation of In Korea the Korean Federa-small business is provided by tion of Small Business has means of long term and low in-established industry-specific terest loans through KSMIPC ● In Germany there have been

measures to encourage small businesses to transfer technology abroad with the inten-tion that it shall then be correctly applied in a way which is commercially attractive. The government has set up an institution called the German Appropriate Technology Exchange which pro-vides advice, conducts research and technology in response to specific problems and identi-fies technological requirements in other countries. The word "appropriate" in the title indi-cates that the technology must match the local technical economic and social conditions. In addition the Technical Programme of the Ministry of Co-operation provides for very low interest loans (1 per cent for the first five years) through the German Development Bank

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A FINANCIAL TIMES SURVEY

# EUROPEAN SMALL BUSINESSES

1983 has been the European Year of Small and Medium-Sized Enterprises. This major initiative acknowledges the role of the small business which embraces 90% of all Community firms and provides over 60% of all Community jobs. To commemorate the Year the Financial Times proposes to publish a survey entitled European Small Businesses on Tuesday 20th December 1983.

The provisional editorial synopsis is set out below:

1. Introduction. Interest in small businesses throughout Europe is widespread among politicians, bankers, economists and academics. What has been achieved by policymakers in recent years—particularly during the 1983 European Year for Small and Medium Sized Enterprises—and what do lobbyists feel still neds to be done? Comparisons between member states, based on a major new study currently being compiled.

2. European Community Support. Most public sector aid for small firms is provided by national governments but there is a range of schemes initiated by Community officials and administered from Brussels. A look at European Investment Bank loans, European Coal and Steel Community loans, the new European Innovation Loan and Coal Conversion Scheme together with tables showing the proportion allotted to small

2. Venture Capital. The current buzz words on every banker's lips. In spite of conferences galore and a travelling circus of U.S. experts round Europe, there is surprisingly liftle genuine venture capital in member states outside the UK. Traditional financial institutions, however, realise that they have to find new ways of backing the high technology companies of the late 20th century. This section will look at initiatives aimed at filling the gap, particularly in continental Europe.

4. Statistics. A summary of the best European research, showing the importance of small firms to the economies of member states, life cycles, failure rates and numbers

5. Exports. Many small firms increasingly have to look beyond their national frontiers from an early stage of development. A look at initiatives by the European Community to encourage cross border co-operation and the ways in which national governments, local government and small firms organisations help promote overseas sales.

6. Correspondents will then outline small business policies and the environment for small businesses in the following areas: France, Germany, Italy, the Netherlands, Spain/Portugal, Scandinavia: This section will include case studies of individual

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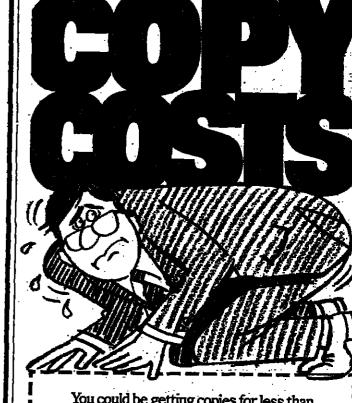
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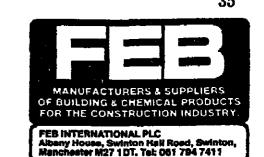
NEW YORK "TOCK EXCHANGE 36-38 AMERICAN STOCK EXCHANGE 37-38 **WORLD STOCK MARKETS 38** LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE 39-41 UNIT TRUSTS 42-43 COMMODITIES 44 CURRENCIES 45 INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS 46

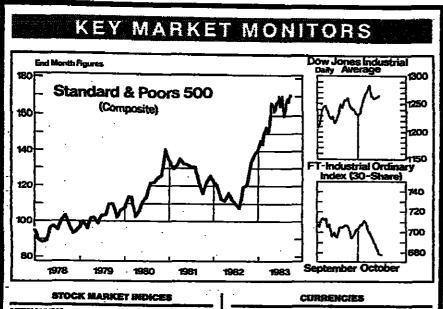
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# SECTION III - INTERNATIONAL MARKETS **FINANCIAL TIMES**

Tuesday October 18 1983





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-	STOCK	MARKET	REDICES		,			CLIBB	ENCIES		
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WALL STREET

# **Good results** provide impetus

A BUSY session on Wall Street had traders digesting both the completely unex-pected fall of \$1.1bn in M1 money supply announced late on Friday and a wave of corporate results which included trading statements from a number of major corporations, writes Terry Byland in New

The Dow Jones Industrial average, depressed at first by the fall in IBM, a major constituent, later turned sharply higher, as favourable trading news poured in from major companies. At best the Dow Jones Industrial average was above 1274 but it closed at 1268.70, a net 5.18 up on moderate turnover of 77.9m shares. Profit-taking over the broad range of the market showed itself in a near balance of 848 shares with gains and 753 with losses, as well as in small falls in the indices for both the American Stock Exchange and the NAS-

Economic analysts at several major investment houses expressed favourable views of the money supply trends which were seen as indicating that money sup-ply is under control and will enable the Federal Reserve Board to leave market interest rates to move lower.

Short-term rates consolidated yesterday around the lower levels which followed a fall of 10 basis points after Friday's announcement. At the longer end, yields restored around seven basis points of Friday's 15 basis point fall.

IBM stock, which had fallen after the announcement of third-quarter results on Friday afternoon, was delayed at yesterday's opening by further selling orders. The stock opened one hour late at \$130% later rallying to \$131% unchanged on the day.

Imperial Chemical continued to top the Amex active list but at \$8% the shares were \$% off in much reduced

On the Big Board, the main frame computer sector also saw stock in NCR ease \$% to \$132% following the secondquarter results, but similar news left Data at \$50 fell by \$1 on lacklustre profits. Honeywell gained \$3% to \$131% on higher third quarter profits. The Dow Jones Transportation index

rose by more than 11 points as railroad issues moved higher behind Burlington Northern, \$3% up to 104% after a strong buy recommendation from Morgan Stanley. CSX gained \$% to \$74 and Union Pacific \$% to \$57%.

Prospects for the results season at the major chemical groups were boosted by Celanese, \$2% higher at \$79% after a turnround in profits and accompanied by a bullish statement from the chair-

Union Carbide at \$86% gained \$% and Monsanto put on \$2% to \$115%.

Some recent buyers of Lockheed were disappointed by the outcome for the third quarter and at \$41%, the shares were \$1% off.

Other defence stocks such as Rockwell at \$31 and General Dynamics at \$56% were little changed, however. North American Philips added \$% to \$73% on higher profits but General Signal at \$46% gave up \$% on lower earnings figures.

Financial issues featured in American Express, which fell \$2 to \$35% when good trading figures were marred by the insurance division's performance. Chase Manhattan at \$47% dipped \$% after the results but Republic NY Bank at \$43%

lost \$1% on unimpressive profit figures. Motor issues continued to benefit strongly from the latest sales figures from the industry. Ford, which split its stock last week, added a further \$1% to \$69%, while renewed demand for General Motors took the stock up by \$% to \$78%. Chrysler too was wanted and gained \$% to \$31%.

In the credit market, investors were encouraged by a fresh fall in the key Federal Funds rate to 9% per cent. At this level, the Federal Reserve announced customer repurchase arrangements of \$1bn. At the close Fed funds were trading in the range of 9% to 9% per cent

Short-term rates drifted easier during the morning and the three month Treasury Bills were at a discount of 8.64 per cent, with the six-month bills at 8.70 per

The key long bond, opened with a further fall to stand at 103% against Friday's final quotation of 104 1/2. Some support appeared at this level, however, and although retail interest remained slim. the long bond recovered to close at 104 to yield 11.50 per cent, unchanged from Friday night.

#### **EUROPE**

## **Foreign** demand aids Frankfurt

STRONG FOREIGN demand for motor and chemicals issues fuelled a rally in Frankfurt in one of the most active sessions of the year. The Commerzbank index rose 8.4 to 981.8 - only just below its 23 year high of 986.3 achieved in early

The stimulus was provided by the lower dollar following last Friday's unexpected fall in U.S. money supply and by the Bundesbank's latest monthly report. This showed that central bank money stock growth had slowed to 8 per cent in the year to September from 8.5 per cent in the period to August. The report also presented an optimistic outlook for corporate profits.

Among motor issues, Daimler saw the largest gain, rising DM 21 to DM 638. BMW added DM 2.50 to DM 400 but VW slipped back 30 pig to DM 233.20. Tyre maker, Conti Gummi continued to b

sought and added DM 1.10 to DM 119.40. In the chemicals sector, Hoechst added DM 4.60 to DM 168.80, drawing encouragement from a newsletter recommendation that Hoechst stock is worth DM 200 a share. BASF was DM 2.80 higher at DM 157.10 and Bayer DM 3.30 at DM 157.80.

Among electricals, Siemens put on DM 3.80 to DM 382.50.

Bond prices gained across the board although trading remained mainly among the banks, with little obvious interest shown by private customers or in-

A cut in the French call money rate by is point to 12% per cent helped trading in Paris and prices ended mixed to higher after an active session.

Banks, motors, oils, constructions and chemicals were steady, while foods, stores and metals turned mixed. Engineerings and electricals were slightly

In Zurich, the lower dollar encouraged sentiment but failed to inspire general buying and shares were steady in thin trading.

Among transport issues, Swissair rose SwFr 10 to SwFr 870, while the major banks gained ground. In industrials, chemicals continued higher with Sandoz Bearer up SwFr 100 at SwFr 7,100 and Ciba-Geigy held recent gains.

Investors remained on the sidelines in Amsterdam, waiting to see whether Wall Street would rise in response to the latest U.S. money supply data. Internationals in particular, found little demand as the lower dollar restricted foreign inter-

Unilever was down Fl 1.50 at Fl 236.50, Royal Dutch Fl 1.10 at Fl 133.10 and KLM Fl 2 at Fl 158, while Akzo added 10 cents at Fl 77.20 and Hoogovens at Fl

35.50 was unchanged.

Dull trading left shares mixed to lower in Brussels with holding company and electrical holding company stocks leading the decline.

In Milan, the bourse month ended with a further price dip amid active selling prompted by fears of new fiscal measures arising from a cabinet meeting being held later in the day.

Stockholm began the week higher in moderate trading. Saab Scania led the advance, adding SKr 17 to SKr 266 following its improved eight month results announced on Friday.

#### **TOKYO**

# **Discount** cut hopes give boost

RENEWED EXPECTATIONS of a cut in the official discount rate stimulated investors to select speculative issues in Tokyo yesterday, writes Shigeo Nishiwaki of Jiji Press.

The Nikkei-Dow market average climbed 36.56 from last week to close at 9,420.90, regaining the 9,400 level. However, turnover was sharply down to 239.08m from last Friday's 426.64m, because investors issued small-lot buy or-

The Nikkei-Dow barometer moved in a wide range of more than 50 in successive days last week. This reflected uncertainty about the future political situation in Japan following the guilty verdict on Mr Kakuei Tanaka, the former Prime Minister, for his part in the Lockheed bribery scandal and declining expectations of a reduction in the Japanese cen-

tral bank's discount rate. Last Friday, foreign investors sold Matsushita Electric Industrial, Hitachi and other blue-chip stocks in small lots, sending the key barometer 148.72 lower to the 9,300 level. This marked the year's

largest fall. But the yen's strong appreciation against the U.S. dollar once again sperked investor expectations that the Bank of Japan would cut its discount

rate in the immediate future. As for bonds, investors still remained uncertain about the possibility of the discount rate cut. City, regional and trust banks sold their holdings in small

amounts. The yield on the barometer 7.5 per cent government bonds, maturing in

January 1993, fell sharply to 7.66 per cent from last weekend's 7.74 per cent and then rebounded to 7.69 per cent.

#### **HONG KONG**

THE WEEKEND announcement of measures to support the local currency provided the stimulus that helped shares to open firmer in Hong Kong. But after some later profit-taking the market closed off its best. The Hang Seng index ended 33.04 higher at 771.55 after a day of moderate

trading. However, analysts say that the underlying mood remains one of uncertainty ahead of the latest round of Sino-British talks on the colony's future, which are scheduled to open tomorrow

#### SINGAPORE

FURTHER RELUCTANCE to take new positions ahead of the Malaysian budget later in the week left shares mixed in Singapore.

Price changes were mainly small and the Straits Times industrial index closed 1.31 lower at 947.15 in light turnover.

Motor related shares suffered losses following stiff motoring tax increases while the most active share, Cerebos, rose five cents to SS1.91 on expectations of higher results.

#### **AUSTRALIA**

SHARES EASED in moderate trading in Sydney despite a further promising report from an oil exploration well in the

The BHP-led consortium reported that its Jabiru 1A well off the northern coast of Australia had a flow of 7,500 barrels from a top zone which had not been expected to produce oil.

However, BHP declined 15 cents to A\$12.05 and its partners were also lower. Weeks Australia slid four cents to 97 cents and Ampol Exploration fell five cents to A\$3.45.

#### SOUTH AFRICA

A FLURRY of selling near the close brought most gold shares lower in Jo-hannesburg yesterday on an easier bul-

lion price. Heavyweights, such as Southvall at R62, shed up to R1.50 while lightweights lost up to 10 cents. A 23.8 per cent drop in third-quarter pretax profits at the four gold mines of the Rand Mines group left investors uneasy.

#### CANADA

WEAKNESS IN the golds, oils and metals sectors pulled prices lower overall in Toronto. However, some gains were recorded in the media, real estate and utilities indexes. The overall weakness was also evident in Montreal where industrials and banks were lower although utilities and papers posted slight gains.

#### LONDON

# **Equities drift easier**

AN UNEXPECTED contraction in U.S. money growth sent London gilt-edged securities higher yesterday but did little for leading UK equities, which drifted easier for the seventh consecutive trad-

Pessimism about the Government's scope for future tax cuts and its caution about the duration and strength of the recovery, combined with continuing worries about the lengthening rights issue queue, were other deterrents to in-

After posting a loss of around 1.8 for

much of the session, the FT Industrial Ordinary share index recovered slightly in the later stages to close 0.9 down on balance at 677.6, its lowest since July 13.

Afternoon publication of September's record retail sales figures failed to influence sentiment and the later easier tendency was more a reflection of lower U.S. bond values early yesterday. Final gains among the longs ranged to %, but the shorts stayed close to the day's best with rises extending to 1/6. Details, Page 39: Share information Service, Pages

Official timekeeper of the Olympic Games in Los Angeles and Sarajevo.

Some see it simply as handsome design. For us it is also a guarantee of water-resistance.

Note the four clases on this new Omega Constellation! They press the sapphire crystal against the case to assure the watch's reater-resistance. This novel way of making a watch water-resistant might have passed totally

unnoticed had it not produced such a stunning combination of elegance and sportiness, of discretion and originality, of tradition and innovation.

This recent Omega Constellation is a quartz chronometer with an official performance certificate. It is available in gold, gold and stainless steel, and stainless steel. For men and women.

New boldness in the art of watch design—for those fascinated by functional

Continued on Page 37

## YORK STOCK EXCHANGE COMPOSITE CLOSING PRICES

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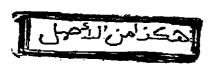
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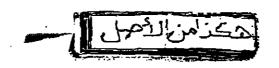
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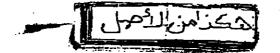


## AMERICAN STOCK EXCHANGE COMPOSITE CLOSING PRICES

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# WORLD STOCK MARKETS

AMERICAN STOCK EXCHANGE CLOSING PRICES	CANADA  (Dissing Prices)  Oct. 17  Oct. 17  Oct. 17  Price + or Kor 2 - ANZ Group
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Hundreds of newspapers and magazines in 35 countries are already using the Financial Times Syndication Service. Proof enough that you ought to find out more?  The FT Syndication Service provides publications of all sizes with access to the FT's worldwide news-gathering resources and univalled editorial expertise. As a subscriber, your publication could benefit in several ways. You could receive a constant flow of international and City news, You could reproduce  The CST's framy well be less than you think. To find out more, please contact our Syndication	Corp.   Corp



#### LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

#### MARKET REPORT =

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# Surprise fall in U.S. money supply helps Gilt-edged

but equities drift lower again

tendency was more a reflection of lower U.S. bond values early yesterday. Final gains among the longs ranged to 1, but the shorts stayed close to the day's best with rises extending to fig.

Index-linked stocks were quieter and a shade mixed;

Treasury 2½ per cent IL 2020 closed at £301.

Weekend Press articles suggesting that UK equities were

the duration and strength of the recovery, combined with continuing worries about the lengthening rights issue queue, were other deterrents to investors. After posting a loss of around 1.8 for much of the session the FT Ludgstrial strengths and strengths around 1.8 for much of the session the FT Ludgstrial strengths around 1.8 for much of the session the FT Ludgstrial strengths around 1.8 for much of the session the FT Ludgstrial strengths around 1.8 for much of the session the FT Ludgstrial strengths around 1.8 for much of the subject of a 65p per share partial offer from Exent, firmed 1.8 for much of the subject of a 65p per share partial offer from Exent, firmed 2.8 for much of the subject of a 65p per share partial offer from Exent, firmed 2.8 for much of the subject of a 65p per share partial offer from Exent, firmed 2.8 for much of the subject of a 65p per share partial offer from Exent, firmed 3. to 85p, after 87p, following 2.8 for much of the subject of a 65p per share partial offer from Exent, firmed 3. to 85p, after 87p, following 2.8 for much of the subject of a 65p per share partial offer from Exent, firmed 3. to 85p, after 87p, following 2.8 for much of the subject of a 65p per share partial offer from Exent, firmed 3. to 85p, after 87p, following 2.8 for much of the subject of a 65p per share partial offer from Exent, firmed 3. to 85p, after 87p, following 2.8 for much of the subject of a 65p per share partial offer from Exent, firmed 2.8 for much of the subject of a 65p per share partial offer from Exent, firmed 2.8 for much of the subject of a 65p per share partial offer from Exent, firmed 2.8 for much of the subject of a 65p per share partial offer from Exent, firmed 2.8 for much of the subject of a 65p per share partial offer from Exent, firmed 2.8 for much of the subject of a 65p per share partial offer from Exent, firmed 2.8 for much of the subject of a 65p per share partial offer from Exent, firmed 2.8 for much of the subject of a 65p per share partial offer from Exent, firmed 2.8 for much 677.6, its lowest since July 13.

#### Banks better late

The major clearing banks, dull during the "House" session on continuing concern about world debt problems and revived fears

**EQUITY GROUPS** 

& SUB-SECTIONS

COMSUMER GROUP (198).
Brewers and Distillers (23) ....
Food Manufacturing (22) .....

Insurance (Composite) (10)

insurance Brokers (7). Merchant Banks (12).

Other Financial (18) ...

Mining Finance (4) ....

2 5-15 years

3 Over 15 years

Food Retailing (13) ..... Health and Household i

Leisure (23) ...

Tobaccos (3).

Option

\*First Declara- Last Account Dealings tions Dealings Day
Oct 3 Oct 12 Oct 14 Oct 24
Oct 17 Oct 27 Oct 28 Nov 7
Oct 31 Nov 10 Nov 11 Nov 21

\*"Now-time " dealings may take place from 9.20 am two business days earlier.

An unexpected contraction in U.S. money growth sent Giltedged securities higher yesterday but did little for leading UK equities, which drifted easier for the seventh consecutive trading session. Last week's surprise fall in the U.S. basic money supply measure, MI, and the bond market's sharp late rally on Friday, initially supported London stock market sentiment.

Revived hopes that American short-term interest rates would furm lower because of the slowing in money growth and thus ease recently increased upward pressures on UK rates helped the gilt-edged market shrug asside recent upward to shy away from the colony following the growth and thus ease recently increased upward pressures on UK rates helped the gilt-edged market shrug asside recent upward to shy away from

Revived hopes that American short-term interest rates would turn lower because of the slowing in money growth and thus ease recently increased upward the gilt-edged market shrug aside recent worries concerning the outlook for inflation.

Longer-dated Government stocks opened as much as 1 up with the emphasis on Treasury 10; per cent 1989, dealt in special ex-dividend for the first time yesterday. Interest was quite lively but, considering the stock's relative attractions, the overall volume of business left some traders disappointed and gilt-edged quotations began to slip from the best.

Afternoon publication of September's record Retail Sales figures failed to influence sentitendency was more a reflection of lower U.S. bond values early vesterday. Final pains awang

but some manutechnical recovery modestly lower on balance. But clircle ended 5 off at 405p, as did BPB Industries, at 248p. Tarmac, a couple of pence easier initially, picked up to close without shed 5 to 240p. Bryant Holdings shed 5 to 240p. Bryant Holdings reacted to a 1983 low of 49p ixed; before closing a net 4 down at 50p following preliminary prosessing at the lower end of market while Wettern while Wettern while Wettern while Wettern while Wettern similar reason. Call option but similar reason. Call option situation Kraft Productions 15 to 175p. In contrast, Superdrug 1983 low of quieter and a shade mixed;
Treasury 2½ per cent IL 2020
closed at £308.

Weekend Press articles suggesting that UK equities were in the early metamorphic stages of a bear market did not install confidence into prospective equity investors. The new trading Account therefore started on a quiet but steady note. Buyers, however, continued to hold off and, with the institutions seemlogly short of funds, most leading shares began to drift lower for want of support.

The CBI's pessimism about the Government's scope for future tax cuts and its caution about the duration and strength of the recovery, combined with continued to the company's offer the recovery, combined with continued to the duration and strength of the recovery, combined with continued to the company's offer the lower end of market to a 1805 low of pop following preliminary profits at the lower end of market to a 1805 low of market to a 1805 low of market down at 50p following preliminary profits at the lower end of market end of market to support.

Stimates, while Wettern business lifted rumoured "shell" situation Kraft Productions 15 to 175p. In contrast, Superdrug Stores slipped 10 on persistent business lifted rumoured "shell" situation Kraft Productions 15 to 175p. In contrast, Superdrug Stores slipped 10 on persistent market did not install the company's Stock Exchange listing.

UEM softened a penny to 123p; the Norcros offer closes town row. Milbury, in which dealings resumed last Friday after publication of the company's offer future tax cuts and its caution about the recovery, combined with con-

around 1.8 for much of the session, the FT Industrial buying, encountered sporadic Ordinary share index recovered domestic profit-taking and eased slightly in the later stages to 6 to 568p. Other Chemicals also close 0.9 down on balance at lost ground, Allied Colloids softening 5 to 255p and York, shire Chemicals 4 to 73p. Against the trend, British Benzel im-proved 11 to 17p.

FT-ACTUARIES SHARE INDICES

and the Faculty of Actuaries

Mon Oct 17 1983

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FIXED INTEREST

Day's change %

+8.19

+0.50

+0.25

+0.60

78.32 -0.03 78.53

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137.54

151.04

184.27

116.71

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+0.26 | 129.36

+0.32 | 137.85

Gross Div. Yield % (ACT at 30%

4.13 13.33 4.89 11.31 13.40 15.24 6.69 7.81 4.78 11.68 5.59 9.22 11.68 5.59 12.79 4.68 12.96 5.15 12.96 5.29 11.27 5.89 7.64 4.69 15.59 5.89 7.64 5.69 17.11

FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES

	0ct_ 17	Oct. 14	Oct.	Oct.	Opt.	Oct.	ago Aest.
Government Segs	81,26	81.10	81.06	81,40	81,66	81,88	83,48
Fixed Interest	84.29	84,46	84.44	84,50	84,90	84.83	84,31
Industrial Ord	677,6	678,5	686,0	692.1	698,2	701,1	620,4
Gold Mines	541.9	551,1	548,9	649.1	572.7	570,9	408.5
Ord. Div, Yield	4.98	4.98	4,94	4,88	4,85	4,79	4,60
Earnings, Ykd.% (full)	9,88	9,88	9.78	9,68	9.60	9,52	10,19
P/E Ratio (net) (*)	12,68	12.68	13.80	12,94	13.04	13,15	11.78
Total bargains,	20,021	20,917	19,695	20,024	19,819	19,987	25,031
Equity turnover £m.	_ ·	279,90	245.09	195,55	160,66	171,52	195,86
Equity bargains				15.031			
Shares traded (mi)	_	176.8	156,2	117.7	103.9	103,2	121.4
	71 -	- 272 7	Near	. e7e 7	1 6	76.0	

10 am 578.5, 71 am 676.7. Noon 676.7, 1 pm 676 9. 2 pm 676.7. 3 pm 677.4. Basis 100 Govt. Secs. 18/1/26. Fixed Int. 1928. Industrial 1/7/35. Gold Mines 12/1/58. SE Activity 1974

HiG	HS A	AN	ID L	.ows	S.E.	ACT	IVITY	
	1985		 5	Since Compi	lat'n		Oct.	Oct
	High	:	Low	High : L	ow		<u> </u>	13

Govt. Secs. 83.60 77.00 127.4 49.18 Git Edged Bargains... 179.5 156.0 (1841) (241) (21185) (61175) (21185) (61175) (21185) (61175) (21185) (21186) (21175) (21186) (21176) (21186) (21 day's worst. MFI firmed 4 to 132p; the shares will be quoted ex-the rights issue today. Wearwell attracted renewed specula-

Against the general trend, leading Electricals were inclined firmer with GEC improving 6 to 186p and Thorn EMI rallying 5 more to 573p. Cable and Wireless, reflecting the Hong Kong currency moves, put on 7 at 280p.

BSR rose 8 to 140p amid reports that the menaging director of the company will be visiting various brokers soon, but UEI remained an unsettled market following the interim results and fell to 165p before settling at 175p, down 20 on balance. Sound Diffusion met with nearly drifted 8 lower to 407p. Tesco lost 4 to 159p and Argyli cheapened 2 to 126p. Elsewhere, Danish Bacon "A" which leapt 57 on Friday following the announcement that the company was in bid discussions with Essfood, encountered profit-taking and came back 15 to 110p. Peek Holdings. ing awaiting Thursday's interim figures, but after dipping to 99p closed only 3 off on the day at The major clearing banks, dull during the "House" session on continuing concern about world debt problems and revived fears about a further windfall profits tax, staged a useful technical rally in the late dealings. Double figure falls were erased and sometimes replaced with net proved 1½ to 17p.

Leading Retailers continued to drift lower with sentiment again unsettled by a broker's again uns

Thurs Oct 13

jođen No.

21.93 525.07 11.08 416.37 9.22 417.79 8.60 339.46

13.33 429.17 433.45 436.35 11.31 426.56 427.25 435.76 8.99 676.06 455.20 497.35 15.24 1556.89 1599.81 1551.39 7.81 418.50 423.01 424.49 9.64 126.79 187.29 189.82 9.74 192.98 151.65 154.24 196.88 131.25 111.29

111.25 111.89
528.66 537.24
428.94 425.51
428.94 425.62
340.35 342.89
977.37 78.62
694.67 698.61
552.85 567.29
940.90 945.24
191.65 136.77
380.72 396.48
295.38 425.11
429.39 425.48
385.61 386.63
584.42 586.67
184.38 185.88
745.81 785.81
745.81 785.87
496.88 497.94
429.95 428.12

Wad 이다 12

Tees Oct 11

A poor market last week, Hawker traded on a steadler note at 278p, up 2, awarting tomor-row's interim figures. Among the row's interim figures. Among the occasional movements elsewhere in the Engineering sector, Parkfield Foundries were outstanding at 40p, up 12, following a bout of speculative buying. Bullough, in contrast, weakened 15 to 218p in a limited market, while falls of 10 were marked against Haden, 1980, and A. Cahen, 370p. Tace 1980, and A. Cohen, 320p. Tace, a rising market of late in sympathy with Goring Kerr, encountered profit-taking and eased 4 to

and came back 15 to 110o. Peek Holdings, however, attracted fresh support and put on 3 to 41p.

#### Glaxo rally

With the exception of Glazo, which railied 23 to 733p on revived occasional buying after last week's setback on disappointing preliminary figures, leading Miscellaneous Industrials rarely strayed from Friday's closing levels. Elsewhere, the moves to protect the Hong Kong dollar gave a welcome boost to Hong Kong equities, Swire Pacific "A" rising 11 to 115p and Jardine Matheson 4 to 73p. Still reflecting Victor Technologies' problems, Applied Computer met with further selling and gave up 17 lems, Applied Computer met with further selling and gave up 17 more at 338p. Other Computer issues continued to give ground with Star down 20 at 255p. Francis Sumner eased a penny to 73p on the heavier interim loss, but favourable Press mention prompted gains of around 4 in Neill and Spencer, 26p, Walker and Homer, 19p, and Continuous Stationery, 36p. London and Liverpool edged up a couple of pence more to 51p after Friday's pence more to 51p after Friday's a thin market. late revival. Occasional selling The late weakness in gold and left Associated British Ports 7 gold shares unnerved other

down at 200p, while Scapa Group fell 10 to 272p and Fisons 16 to 647p, the last-named despite the private U.S. convertible notes

private U.S. convertible notes placing.

Press comment prompted a couple of bright spots in the Leisure sector, Medminster firming 3 to 58p and Intervision Video hardening a penny to 27p. Elsewhere, 21st Century Distribution rose 18 to 168p.

Group Lotus added 3 for a gain of 6 to 66p since last Friday's announcement that Mr David Wickins had been appointed chairman.

Solidated rose 3 apiece to 545p and 215p respectively but Gold Continued West German buying interest prompted good gains in Plannums. Rustenburg put on 15 to 700p. Impala 10 to \$20p and Lydenburg 5 to 515p.

Anstralians continued to drift in idle trading although there were one or two firm spots in the speculatives, notably Australis.

ness in recently-buoyant Fleet
Holdings, which dipped 10 to
116p. Reed International, firm
last week on the proposal to hiveoff the Mirror Group, reacted 6
Proposed change of residence for to 322p: Fleet and Reed hold 12 per cent and 7.8 per cent respectively of Renters. B.P.M. closed 4 to the good at 102p following the sharply improved preliminary profits.

Selected Property issues attracted support following Press comment. Land Securities edged up a couple of pence to 295p, while MEPC hardened a penny to 208p. Further consideration of the interim results left Hammerson "A" 5 dearer at 710p. Elsewhere. Trust Securities, a rising market recently on speculative interest, shed 3 at 39p, but Espley Tyas, a couple of pence easier initially, picked up to close unchanged on balance at 78p after news of a substantial property sale. Selected Property issues

#### Oils quietly steady

Interest in the Oil sector failed to expand from the recent low levels, but the majority of quotations traded on a quietly firm note. Shell edged up a couple of pence to 568p, while Britoil were similarly dearer at 224p. Elsewhere, Jackson Ex-ploration met fresh speculative support and put on 5 more to 92p. Lotus Car

MOTORS (1)

Overseas Traders were dominated by Tozer Kemsley and Mill-bourn which rallied 3 to 26p in response to the weekend an-nouncement of the disposal of its Price and Pierce subsidiary to Sears Roebuck of the U.S. Harrisons and Crossield eased 13 timer.

#### Late falls in Golds

South African Golds made a Fluor Corp. AMERICANS (1) bright start to the new Account bright start to the new Account and edged higher throughout the morning as local and overseas interest followed another steady performance by bullion markets.

However the afternoon Herris Queensway NSS News. brought about marked weakness in silver prices which, in turn, unsettled gold. The share market promptly fell away owing to an initial mark down which was quickly followed by persistent American offerings.

The transatlantic selling continued up until the after-hours trade when short covering arrested the decline. Nevertheless losses were suffi-cient to cause a 9.2 fall to 546.9 in the Gold Mines index.

in the Gold Mines index.
Bullion, which held above \$400
an ounce for most of the morning, fell to \$391 at one point
before rallying to close a net
\$4.625 easier at \$394.625. In the leading heavyweights falls ranged to £1½, as in Rand-fontein, £78½, after £80½, and

Vaal Reefs. £70, while Western Holdings, due to declare a final dividend on Thursday, gave up } to E31).

Marginals were highlighted by Durban Deep, which closed i off on balance at £17%, after £18%. Wit. Nigel continued to move against the general trend and added 13 more at 173p owing to renewed Johannesburg buying in

retreated from a firm opening to close 3 cheaper at 535p ofter 540p. Angle American Corpora-

tion gave up i at fill and Gencor a like amount at fist.

In the London-registered Financials RTZ and Charter Consolidated rose 3 apiece to 545p and 215p respectively but Gold Field disperse for the first 
of 6 to 66p since last Friday's announcement that Mr David Wickins had been appointed chairman.

Adverse comment regarding the valuation of stakeholdings in Reuters prompted marked weakness in recently-buoyant Fleet Holdings, which dipped 10 to Mr. Land 15 to the good at 23 p and Cultus, which added a like amount at 15 p, the latter following favour able Press comment.

tax purposes and the deal with the Perak State Development Corporation Traded Options attracted 2,559

trades, with business almost evenly split between calls and puts. Courtaulds, due to announce interim results next month, attracted 229 calls, the majority of which were struck in the soon-to-expire October 86 series, and 212 juts. A similar two-way business developed in Grand Metropolitan where 120

#### **NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1983** NEW HIGHS (26)

BRITISH FUNDS (1)
E1CHOF. 3C: 1984
"OM\*WEALTH & AFRICAN LOANS (1)
N.Z. 71,9C '83-85
AMERICANS (2)
Colt Inds.
BREWERS (1)
Inth Dubling Irish Distillers
CHEMICALS (2)
Horcher Ciba-Gelgy Boc 1981-94 1981-94 STORES (1)
Ramar Textiles
ENGINEERING (2) INDUSTRIALS (3

Lotus Car NEWSPAPERS (1) Cradley Print TEXTILES (1)

Shaw Carpets TRUSTS (4)
Safeguard Indi. Select Mkt. Ptg. Rd.
Bremar Trust Mkt.
Pref.
Merc. Common Mkt.
OVERSEAS TRADERS (1)
Mitchell Cotts
ANTATIONS (1)
Lawrie Plant. MINES (2)
Kalbara Mining Admiral Mines

#### NEW LOWS (41) Fluor Corp. BREWERS (3) Forshaws Burton of Marston Thol Highland Distilleries BUILDINGS (3) Newarthill

1987-92 Relyon TEXTILES (1) Martin (A.)

#### RISES AND FALLS YESTERDAY

TRUSTS (2)
M&G 2nd Dual Cap. Littl. Comp. & Tech.

British Funds Corpns. Dom. and	Rises 79	Falls 5	Same 18
Foreign Bonds	27	4	40
Industrials,	185	452	750
Financial and Prop.	83	128	308
Oils	20	39	55
Plantations ,	2	5	74
Munes	30	70	68
Others	40	88	51
Totals	456	791 1	,304

Option

Barclays Bank (\*417: 420 460 500 550

Oct. Jan.

#### RECENT ISSUES =

ENLITTES

Seco	Amount and up	Renune.	<b>—</b>	Low	<sup>1</sup> Stock	Closing	+_or	Net E	Covered	Orces Yield	P.E.
10	F.P.	7.1	24	201-	<b>♣A. &amp; M.</b> Hire 10p.,	21.		60.1	11 1	0.7	13.5
4120	F.P.		116	106	+Acom Computer 1p		- 2				25.2
-55	F.P.	=	160	105	Assoc. Teleconi	107		b2.0	3.1	2:	17.1
€230	F.P.	_	290	237	Atlantic C'mp'ters lop		42	62.25	ь.3		14.0
435		10.2		190	Bnt. Petroleum	192		20.25	ĩ.s		11.9
200	F.P.		215	195	"1Bryson Oil & Gas20p		· ·				
	F.P.	_	170	165	-Cent'i IndTVN,VS0p	165		_	_	_	55.8
105	F.P.		108	107	Con Inds, 10p.,	107		3.3	2.3	44	13.5
.60	F.P.	_		- 75	"-DJSecurityAl' mailip			12,1			
140		4.1	1 170			148			~		2.3
-60	F P	15 1	75	. 65	*Freshbake Foods 5p	71		bg1.7	27		
200	F P	26 1	233	203	Goring Kerr IDD	230	3	65.0	71	3 1	21.9
125		23 9	187	154	Int. Signal & Control A		- 6	uQ2c	Ξ'n		
	F.P.			55	Ivory & Sime 0.1p	64	- ĭ	u0.25			
-	F.P.	11 1		21	Lon, Midland IndD'Id					-:-	
163	F.P.	31 I	71	68	Mainmet Hidgs 10p			-	_	_	75 4
•	F.P.		100	90	Milbury.		5	4.9	1.6	7.8	11.5
150		4 1		156	+PCT Group 10p.	158	· •	64.6			
46	F.P.		37	32	P'sonal Assots 13 sp		• I		_		-
185	F.P.		254	214	Telemetrix Sp.,	224	. 1 .	61.4			
100	F.P.		100	94	Tottenham Hotspur	44	- 1	D-1,0	1.9	5.8	10,7

#### **FIXED INTEREST STOCKS**

price . E	Amount paid up	Latest Remuhe date	19i High		Stock	Closing Pirce &	+•
99.296		29 11		22	Allied Lyons 11 '4". Deb 2000		
98 *100		78 10	1017	96 114	Bristol 111/27 Red. 2008 Bristol Waterworks 6,51 Red. Prf. 1388		- 14
96.95	F.P.	21 10	99.	94 .	C.C.C. Economic 12'47 Gtd. Ln. 2015. Cigna Overseas Finance 15: Ln. 2025	PB .	- '-
	F.P.	27 10	104 '	101	E'thourne W'rworks 121, pcR Dob.2004	104	
••"					Floming Am, Inv Tet 71 Cnv Uns Ln 99 Fuller, Smith & Turner 81, 2nd Cni. Prf		, ° '
97.268	125		25 %	25	Ireland 124: 2008 .	31 .	- 12
	23p		100	1001 <sub>P</sub>	Nationwide 114: Bds 20 8.64	100	٠.
_	F.P.		100 110-0-	99 "	Do 11: Bds 3 9 84. Oceonics 10'17 Cum, Red. Pref. 1993	100 -	
:100 98,579	F.P.	7 10	103p	940	Rockware 7.7: Cum. Cnv. 2nd Prof. Trafford Park Est. 113:12007 11.	94p	- 4
97.941	F.P.	14 10	101	9614	Transport Dev 121 t Ups Ln 2000	34,1	
99.124 * 100	£25 F.P.	25 10 17 11	28°3 102	101	Westland 12 4? Dob 2008 York Waterworks 6.75pc Red. Prf. 1843		' • ' · 

#### "RIGHTS" OFFERS

	buce	Ę	. Rei	sunc. Ate			Stock	2 ± +2
		∢ ₽	•		High	Low	:	5 <sup>-</sup>
1		F.P.	_	28 to	119	1041:	Angle Indenesian	109 • 1
-	IR35	Nat	_	-	· 8pm	7pm	Aran Energy 20p	8pm .
	80	F.P.	•	25:11	95	89	Aran Energy 20p Assoc. Paper Barlow Rand 10cts	912
	1250cts	F.P.		7:10	801	755	Barlow Rand 10cts	770 - 11
	1	NI	_	19.10	51 <u>: pr</u>	ng '.pm	Bridgend Proc. 'A' Ord. 1p	5pm — 1;
	23	F.P.	_	30:11	4pm	2pm	C. H. Industrials 10p	2pm .
	48	F.P.		28 10	48 4	46	Cambrian & Gen, Sec	46
	65	F.P.			68	64	., Gap. /¹₂p	66 – I
	50	Nil		11:11	_11pm	1 4pm	<b>∔Coloman Milne 10p. ,</b>	11pm
	20cts	NII	: -	-	812 pm	וחקייו	Eagle Corp'n, 10cts	pbw j
	440	· F.P.				502	Exco Int'l, 10p Floyd Oil 10p	525 -10
1	82 '	· F.P.	·	28:10		70	-Floyd Oil 10p	72
1	83 -	F.P.				83	Garnar Bootn	84 +1
	17 .	· F.P.			20	18		18
-	20	Ni			32 pm		inter-City Inv. 20p	25pm + 2
1	50	F.P.	_		88	65	Marinex Pet, 10p	65
1	35			25:11	: 45	4012	Munton Bros. 10p.	411: -1
1	AS2	Nil		7.11	75pm	ı 60pm	Not, Com. Bk Aust. SAI	60pm
1	80	F.P.		21:10		BO	Nesco Inva. Parkdale 10p	83
			15/9	21/10	30			
		F.P.		25-11	41	15	≰Parkfield Foundries 5p	
	120 ·	F.P.		11:11	129	122	Pritchard Serve	125 -2
	812	Nil	• -		Bi⊵pm	51 pm	#Sampang Java 21 p Tate & Lyle 11	6pm21
	310	F.P.	' —	25:10	368	340	Tate & Lyle 11	840
	21D .	F.P.	, <del>-</del>	11.11	240	225	Utd. Newspapers	

Renunciation date usually last day for dealing free of stamp duty, & Figure and yield based on prospectus or other official estimates for 1983-84. Q Gross. ‡ Cover allows for conversion of shares not now ranking for dividend or ranking only for restricted dividends. © Figures or report awared. § Placing price, p Pence unless otherwise indicated. § Issued by tender. Il Offered to bolders of ordinary shares as a "rights." \* Issued by way of capitalisation. §§ Re-introduced. TI Issued in connection with reorganisation memory of takeover. TI Introduction. I Issued to former preference holders. Mathematications (or fully-paid). © Provisional or parity-paid elletment lutters. \* With warrants. ‡ Effective issue price after scrip. † Formerly dealt in under special rule. †† Dealt in under Rule 163 (3).

#### **ACTIVE STOCKS**

	Above average activit	y was r	oted
	the following stocks ye	storday.	
	-	Closing	Da
	Stock	Drice	cha
	BSR Int'1	140	+
	Bryant Hidgs	50	_
	Cable and Wireless	280	<u>+</u>
1	Commercial Union	151	_
	Dee Corpn	326	-1
	Eagle Star	450	+
	Fluet Hidgs	116	-1
	GEC	186	+
	ICI	568	_
•	Sampang (Java)	142,	_
	Sound Diffusion	105	_
	16/or merall	91	_

#### FRIDAY'S **ACTIVE STOCKS**

	Based on bar Exchange Office		corded	in Stock
	Cothange Calc	No of	Fri.	Day's
	Stock	changes	close	change
	Eagle Star	. 28	445	- 5
	1C1		574	<del>-</del> 16
me	GEC	. 18	180	— š
3	Hoover A		217	+ 12
	Danish Bon A		125	+ 57
)	Glavo		710	+ 5
•	Grand Met		303	- ă
3	Reed Int'l		328	- 4
3	Cons Gold Fide		507	- 6
	Lon & Liv Tsi		49	+ 5
ĭ	N Kalgurh Mns			+ 15
•			541 <sub>2</sub> 566	- 10°
•	Shell Trans			
:	Bartinys Bank		423	- 12
•	Ingram (H.)	. 14	238	- 12

**LONDON TRADED OPTIONS** 

Apr.

#### **OPTIONS**

First Last Last For Deal- Declara- Settle-Dealings ings Oct 10 Oct 21 Jan 12 Jan23 Oct 24 Nov 4 Jan 26 Feb 6 Nov 7 Nov 18 Feb 9 Feb 20 For rate indications see end of Share Information Service

Call options were arranged in Premier Oil. Yelverton, Bula. Trust Securities, Kean and Scott. Southwest Resources. Ramar Textile, First National Finance, Tottenham Hotspur, Metal Sciences, Brown and Jackson, London and Liverpool, Kraft Productions, Strong and Fisher, GRA, Arlen, Barratt Developments, Generale Oriental and Duport. A put was completed in London and Liverpool, while doubles were taken out in Tricentrol, UKO and Forer Brothers Clothing.

Nov. Feb. May Nov.

Oct. 17, Total Contracts 2,559. Calls 1,277. Puts 1,282.

#### **EUROPEAN OPTIONS EXCHANGE** Nov. Feb. May

ı	0 -2: 4 -0/	11.6	5	4.56 4.72	21.93 11.08	525.07 416.37	528.68 429.28	537.2% 425.51	599.12 499.33 495.53	367.48 389.99 431.13	EU	ROP	EAN	OP'	TIONS E	XCHAN!	GE
	2 -14 8 -0/			5.52 5.93	9.22 8.60	417.79 339.46	420.04 340.54	342.80	344.16	334.09	Seri	es.	Vol.	lov. Last	Feb.	May Vol. Last	: Stock
	M -1/	7.6	-	271	16.78	958.04 694.80	972.37 694.47	976.62 698.61	990.68 707.88	\$13.07 676.78					35 24 A	1 36.50	# 394.50
	B +1.			3.04 4.94	18.34	549.43	552.85	567.29	573.51	442.56	COLD C	8400 8425	15 5	, 8.50 3 A	66 11	8 20,50	
	G -1			5.15	12.96	95.66	940.00	945.24	953.99	548.18	GOLD C	8450 8475		0.10	8 7A	10 14,90	
	S -1.			5.29	11.27	159.72 374.05	191.45 380.72	186.77 398.48	189.42 395.26	148.32 353.11	GOLDC	\$500	2	0,10	-   -	<b>-</b> · -	:
	55 -0. 13 -0.			4.08 5.87	15.53 8.99	198.89	202.27	202.75	201.93	175.58	GOLD C	\$550 \$375	22	0.10	17 7	2 9	
	2 -1	——		7.64	4.68	472.85	430.78	435.IL	45530	459.97	GOLD P	5400	26	! 12	6 14	'	
_	12 -0.			4.85		431.17	429.30	425.98	424.59 384.39	299.88 275.58				Dec. : 0.55	March 1 10 ( 1.10 A	June   _ : _	-510.11
	79 -Q			453	14.95	3(8.43 52.84	385.61 564.62	388.63 559.67	500.07 557.61	2035 365.91	SILY C	\$10 \$11	18	0.20	13 0.65	/ =	710
	22 -1 3 -1			5.06	13.48	103.17	184.38	185.88	104.61	99.84	SILV C	\$12 \$13		0.10 0.07 A	19 0.40	3 0.45	A
	B -1			5.63	17.11	734.52	745.81	753.67	757.B	536.47	SILV P	\$10	ė –	-	. – : –	3 . 0.90	B. ,,
	97 +O.			4.15	13.98	491.28	494,48	497.94	901.94	374,66	SILV P	511 812		1.10 B 2.15 B	; =: =:	8 1.45	B <sub>]</sub>
-	29 -0.			4.50	12,27	419.64	423.95	428.12	439.77 993.46	392.89 781.97		4.0	Oc		Jan.	Apr.	•
_	<u> +0.</u>		-	6.18	10.41	963.99	990.17 470.65	988.98 475.21	477.85	423.95	AKZO C	F.60	1 27	,17,20	2 19	- 1	:F.77,20
	<u> </u>		5	6.19	11.89	318.16	312.94	317.30	329.20	267.81	AKZO C	F.65 F.70		12,40	35 14 45 10,20	4 : 12	; ~
	75		. I	8.02	4.04	316.57	322.88	324.72	331.04	27257	AKZO C	F.80	204	0.20	104 4,50 A	91 1 7	"
	75 -	<b>7</b>	- 1	911	_	297.76	365.03	319.20	315.71	330.65	AKZO C	F.90 F.70		: =	66 1.60 105 1.50	103   3.60	1 2
	54 -0.	4 L —	Į	517	_	6425	435.98	446.64	447.13	327.91	AKZO F	F.80	. 46	5 A	88 (5.90 )	1 7	
	77 -0.		ŀ	7.46		207.01	269.18	212.48	2522	126.73	AMRO C	F.55		7.10 3.20	<u> </u>	1 7.50	F.62.60
	92 -0.		9	5.22	11.24	560.62 185.68	563.82 186.61	547.A2 187.34	566.95 188.63	565.45 144.32	AMRO C	F.60 F.65		0.10	62 2.80	28 . 3,70	1 7
	87 -0. 58 +0.		, [	5.83 4.18	20.69	47.17	449.24	6246	455.77	422.89	AMRO P	F.50		i –	30 0.70 30 1	2 2.10	! **
	25 -C			5.98	9.74	227.23	228.32	232.79	236.00	175.67	AMRO P	F.60 F.160		3.50	14 10,50		F.163.50
	74 - ō.		7	412		430.79	432.68	G5.29	439.43	349.35	HEIN C	F.130	19	1 2.90	41 1 9.20	= .~=	;F.182
	16 —	· ,		5.47	11.79	267.19	267.57	271.87	278.86	225,60	HEN C	F.140 F.110	·	: =	58 4,70 30 0,70 A	53 9,20	
	<u> 12 – 1.</u>		4	7.99	20.11	475.23	470.46	474.21	47819	375.15	HEIN P	F,120	_ =	[ _ :	32   1,30	10 : 2.20	; ; ;
J	<b>66∤</b> 0.	2	ı	5.03	ı <del></del>	175	431.99	G£44	439.42	382.00	HEIN P	F.130 F.35	47 34	0.60	55 3.80 5 3.20 1	_ ; <b>_</b>	F.35.50
-							1				KLM C	F.150	74	7,70	50 16.50	1 . 84	F.158
					CE GR			Mon	Fri d	Year ago	KLM C	F.160 F.170	72 23	0.10	28 10.30 43 7	5 17.50 10 10.60	! !! !
			ı	KEVE	aption <sub>.</sub>	ANETOS	•	17_	14	(approx)	KLMP	F,140		! -	34 1.70	_   ' _	1 7 1
			L.,				<del></del> +				KLM P NATN C	F.150 F.180	=	: = 1	28 4A 32 8.50	2 7.50	F.178
ı	wi seli.	nd and			COVERNI		1	9.86	9.87	828					1   7.70 A	10 ; 9.50	£.46.90
1	today	1983	1	Coupon		5 years 15 years		10.19	18.21	7.61	PHIL C	F.40 F.45	42 '265	: 5.90 B	1 7.70 A	58 6.50	F.40.50
ł		to date	3	Conpa	-	25 WH.		9.90	9.95	9.86	PHIL C	F.50	{ -	-	422 9.30 1 65 1.20	75 3.90 62 2.20	į ;
1			4	Median		5 years-		1126	727	10.46	PHIL G PHIL P	F.55 F,45	68	0.30	115 2,20	_   '	! :
1		9.27	5	Çemper	6	15 years.		ne	1782	10.46	PHIL P	F.50	275	; 4 !	43 5 5 1 94 10.20 .	16 5.50 13 14.10	- 155
١	0.09	11.74	6	١		25 years		10.47	10.48	10.12 19.43	RD C	F.130 F.140	!392 ∣ 37	3.20 0.10	115 5,40 .	35 i 9	F-122
1	8.55		8	High Counce		years. ¥a¥		11.22	nz	1949	RD C	F.150	17	0.40	82 : 2.50 : 167 : 3.80 :	34 5	ļ <del>-</del>
1	0.76	12 19	١٥	اللجمال	_	5 yes.		10.5	19.51	10.31	RD P	F.130 F.140	:110	1 7.30	148 8,50	17   8,50	
	- 1	2.90	10	Interdes	addes_		t	9.84	9,89	9.94	UNIL C	F.220 F.240	40	16.20 0.50	11 20.50 28 7.10	16 10.90	F,236
ł	0.71	11.22	11	Debs i	Lotes	5 years		12.35	12.13	11.49	UNIL C	F.240	! =	; [	48 ! 1.50 !	6 3.50	: "
1	0.26	9.06	12			15 years		11.99	12.02	11.66	UNIL P	F.220 F.150	1 =	: = :	59   9,30 Bi	= 1 =	F.147.31
	رسو		13			25 years		11.91	11.%	11.72	EOE C EOE P	F.140	ļ <u> </u>	i - 1	20 1 1	=   =	
1	6.29	5.97	14	Prefer	<b></b>			12.52	12.47	12.49	EÖË P	F.145	i —	· - 1	1 1 2,20	<b>-</b> : -	1 " 1

TOTAL VOLUME IN CONTRACTS: 7,780

ı	Brit, Petroleum (*424)	Imperial Group (*124)
I	360 66 76 — 112 3 — 390 36 48 58 116 8 14 420 11 26 36 7 26 30	110 16 20 22 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1
Į	460   112   11   20   40   46   52	LASMO (*280)
ı	Cons. Goldfields (* 497) 550   11 <sub>21</sub> 25   37   60   70   82	250 40 5 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
l	550   1 <sup>1</sup> 2   25   37   50   70   82   600   1   10   15   110   112   117   650   1   3   8   160   162   165	280 - 88 50 - 25 3 300 12 28 38 30 35 4
	Courtaulds (*88)	330 6 15 125 65 60 6
l	66   22   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -	80 17 1 15 1 412 412 412
	86 4 9 - 2½ 4½ 7	100
	96   1   412   -   9   11   -	P. & O. (*226) 180   148   55     1   2   -
į	100 - 5 - 14 110 0:1 2 2:2 23 25 27	200 29 37 43 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
	Commercial Union (*158)	<u>240   3   13   18   19 [ 22   2</u>
	130   22   1   1   5   6	Racal (*186) 180   15   24   32   6   9   1
į	160 112 9 11 12 17 20 160 012 5 4 31 34 36	200 5 14 22 16 18 2 210 2 - 24 - 24
	G.E.C. (*186)	220 - 8 15 - 34 3
i	180 114 24 34 4 3 1 8 1 19	230   1½ 5   11   44   44   4 R.T.Z. (*544)
ı	220 [ 1 ] 6   11   34   34   34	500   52   70   -   -   10   - 533   28   52   -   14   25   -
١	240   1   2   5   54   54   54	550   20   40   57   23   36   4
I	Grand Met (*501. 300 [ 10 ] 24 [ 34 ] 6   16 ] 21	583 10 27 - 45 67 1
ı	350 1 12 17 32 83 37 360 012 4 9 62 62 65	90   1612  -   -   2   -   .
į	390 04 2 4 92 93 93	
ı	I.C.I. (*570)	120 1 712 10 17 22 2 130 03 4 6 26 28 3
	430  152  164   -   1   2   -   460  112  124   -   1   5   -	CALLS PUTS
	500 74 84 90 2 5 10 550 24 48 54 3 17 28	Option Dec. Mar. Jun. Dec. Mar. Ju
	600 4 21 28 32 44 52	Bescham (*305)
	Land Securities (*295)	300   20   33   43   14   20   2
ı	280   17   26   33   11 <sub>2</sub>	355 4 8 - 66 57 3
ĺ	330 1 1 6 1 10   37   41   44	385   3   3   — 85   87   — Bass (*295)
	Marks & Spencer (*199)	300   18   24   35   16   20   2
ı	200 4 14 18 512 11 13	
	220   1   512   10   22   24   26	De Beers (*\$805) 800   54   87   105   40 : 52 : 7(
ı	Shell Transport (*568) 460 (110 (118 ( — ) I ( 2 ) —	850 35 62 75 67 85 10
	500   70   80   -   112   6   -	Guest Keen (*160)
ı	600 2 13 84 36 46 50	155 160 - 19 27 - 12 12
	650   1   6   11   86   90   92	175 6 2 2 17 2 4
	CALLS PUTS	Hanson (*215)

Sounds Grp. 59 . Erth Mee Bell (erth Sp. 10 . 10 p. 10 141<sub>2</sub>m -1<sub>2</sub> \$1.96 - 73 241<sub>6</sub>m -1<sub>1</sub> \$2.00 - 45 1100 - 45 6.3

Assen AB A.
Assentonic 23 pt.
Autorized Sec. 10p
BICC 50p...
BSR Item 10p...
Held Becomes 10p.
Held Becomes 10p.
Bowthorpe 10p.
Bowthorpe 10p.
Bouther A' 5p...
ACPU Computer 5p.
Calle and White Side
Canal Eggs 22 pt.
CAS.E. (20p.)
¿Cass Epp 10p...
Chloride Gru.
Do Rectau Com. Pl. CAMADIANS

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Cart. Sherred. Sp.
Crainway ind. Jack
Chamfan Pa. 10p
9Chin Light WISS.
Shirister T. 10p
Glinba 20p
Clarke (Clemed.)
Code Serbon
Control fich 10p
Contl. Gart. St.
Com. Sailor y 10p
Contl. Gart. St.
Com. Sailor y 10p
Contl. Gart. Sp.
Cope Allman Sp.
Copyder 10p
Commod Sp.
Counted Sp

Financial Times Tuesday October 18 1983

INDUSTRIALS

35.00

(Miscel.)

HOTELS AND CATERERS

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NG | SSUES | 11.50 | 11.90 | 11.90 | 11.90 | 11.90 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 11.91 | 1

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100. 20 | L. 96 ...

100. 21 apr. Crw 99 ...

100. 21 apr. 1.1. 2003.

100. 20 | L. 2004.

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102\(\frac{1}{2}\) Australia 13\(\frac{1}{2}\) Fixiant 10\(\frac{1}{2}\) Australia 13\(\frac{1}{2}\) Fixiant 10\(\frac{1}{2}\) Australia 13\(\frac{1}{2}\) Fixiant 10\(\frac{1}{2}\) Australia 13\(\frac{1}{2}\) Fixiant 10\(\frac{1}{2}\) Australia 12\(\frac{1}{2}\) Cong. 10\(\frac{1}{2}\) Int. Bank 13\(\frac{1}{2}\) Soc. 10\(\frac{1}{2}\) Int. Bank 13\(\frac{1}{2}\) Soc. 10\(\frac{1}{2}\) Do. 1\(\frac{1}{2}\) Aug. La 23\(\frac{1}{2}\) Soc. 10\(\frac{1}{2}\) Aug. 12\(\frac{1}{2}\) Cong. 10\(\frac{1}{2}\) Mityla 12\(\frac{1}{2}\) Gr. 10\(\frac{1}{2}\) Do. 13\(\frac{1}{2}\) Cong. 10\(\frac{1}{2}\) Soc. 13\(\frac{1}{2}\) Cong. 13\(\frac{1}{2}\) Do. 13\(\frac{1}{2}\) Cong. 13\(\frac{1}{2}\) Do. 13\(\frac{1}{2}\) Cong. 13\(\frac{1}{2}\) Do. 13\(\frac{1}{2}\) Cong. 13\(\frac{1}{2}\) Do. 13\(\frac{1}{2}\) Cong. 13\(\frac{1}{2}\) Do. 13\(\frac{1}{2}\) Cong. 13\(\frac{1}{2}\) Cong. 13\(\frac{1}{2}\) Aug. 13\(\frac{1}2\) Aug. 13\(\frac{1}2\) Aug. 13\(\frac{1}2\)

INT. BANK AND O'SEAS GOVT. STERLING ISSUES

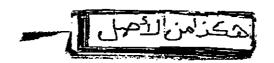
**CORPORATION LOANS** 

COMMONWEALTH AND AFRICAN LOANS

6.02 8.78 9.29 11.24 8.32 11.89 4.38 15.60 8.43 14.29 15.69

331, 329 2,92 3,06 3,03 2,99 2,89 2,89 2,89 2,89

**CANADIANS** 



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The Add (May) i va

Financial Times Tuesday October 18 1983 41 INDUSTRIALS—Continued INVESTMENT TRUSTS-Cont. **LEISURE—Continued** PROPERTY—Continued OIL AND GAS—Continued **NOMURA NEW-ERA INVESTMENT AND UNDERWRITING** OFFICES WORLDWIDE 5 Gracerburch Street EC5V 04D Telephone (01) 283 8811 MINES—continued
State Proc | W Br. CW 67 **Australians** 11 12 1 12% Tins -10 t095c 10 t
-10 200 14 71
-210 4 52
-15 02 134
-1 v01c 0.9 46
-1 v01c 0.9 46
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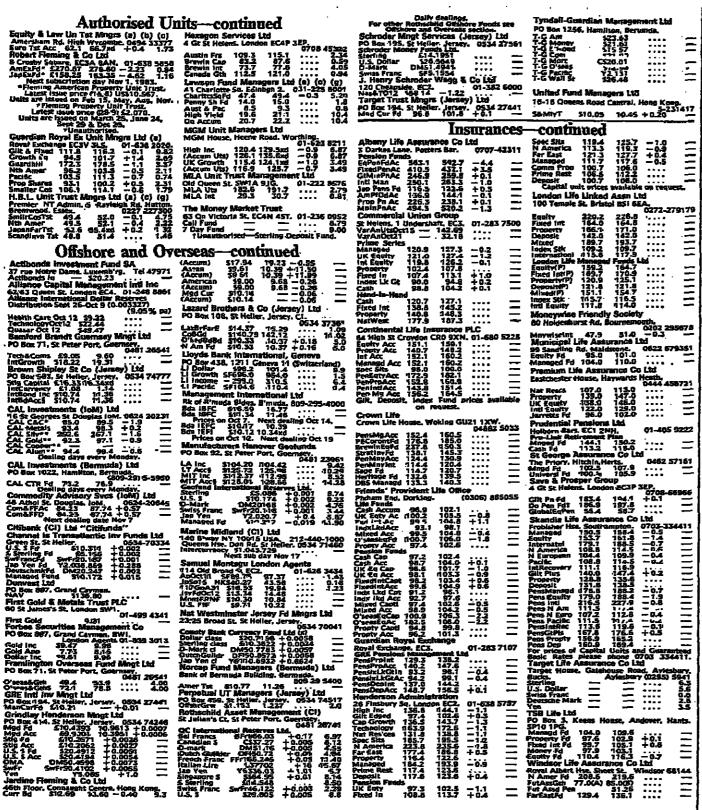
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PACE PROPERTY. NOTES INSURANCES 



# Are you one of Europe's top 500 companies?

The FT European Top 500 survey gives the Financial Times a publishing first.

The FT has devised a way of measuring the value and performances of European companies – a way that is realistic and enables you to compare diverse companies offering a kaleidoscope of products and services.

The yardstick is market capitalisation - the value of each company's share (based upon information from leading European stock exchanges) multiplied by the number of shares in the company. And the survey ranks the top 500 companies. 13 European countries are represented in this year's list. Britain leads with 233 followed by West Germany with 79, on down to Norway. Finland and Ireland with less than 6.

The FT's tables rank the top publicly-quoted companies, including banks throughout Europe. And one table ranks the top UK companies, with an analysis of major UK trends.

The articles which accompany the figures explain some of the surprises – for instance why Marks and Spencer comes No. 48 measured by sales, but shoots up to No. 4 measured on the FT's market capitalisation scale.

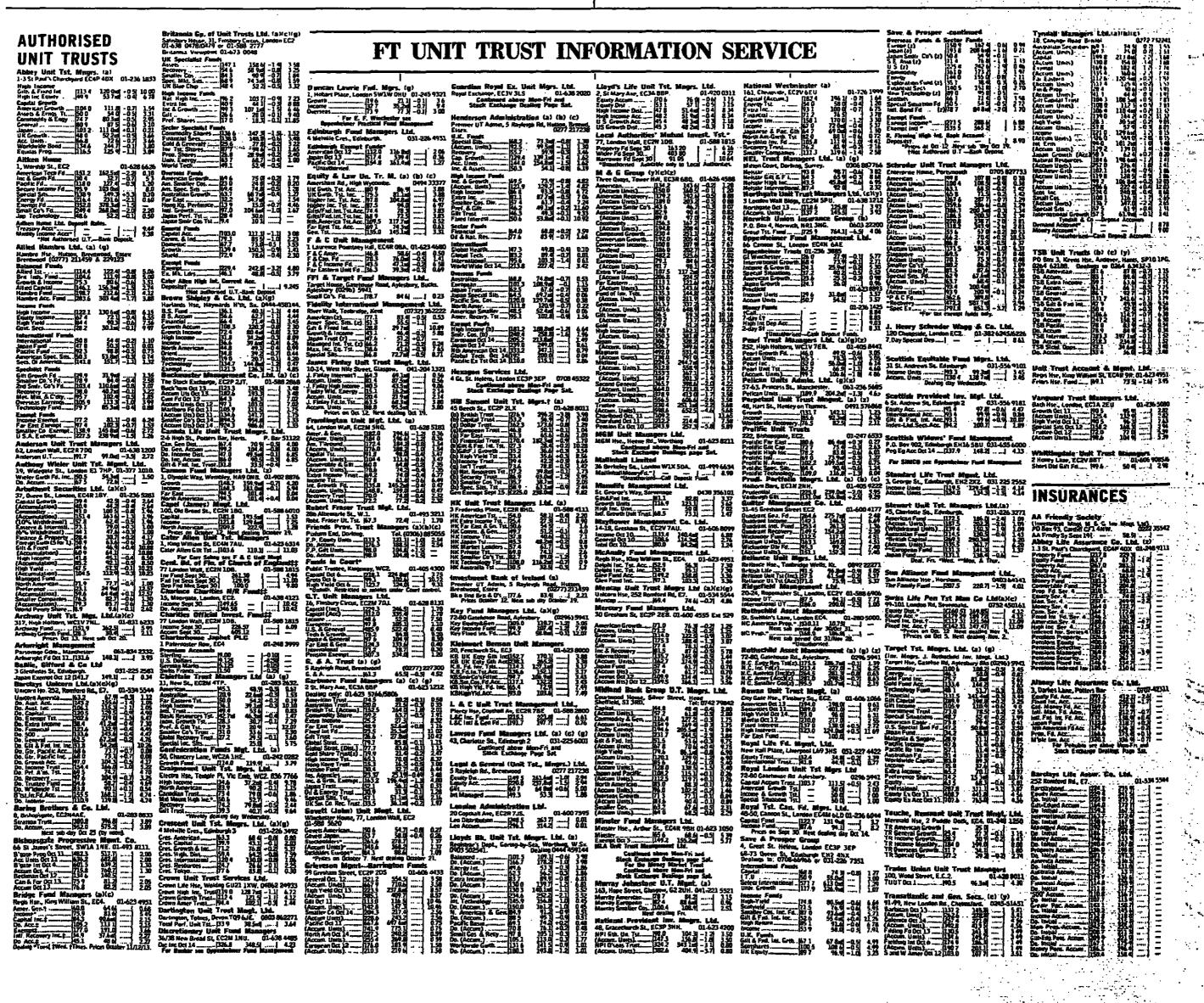
The FT survey is a double-first. The first time European companies have been measured in a way which makes comparisons meaningful. And the first of what will now be an

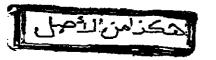
annual survey.

This 8-page survey gives you the base for future reference. Reprints are available price £2.50 from the addresses below.

No FT... no comment

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Free Landing

SEAS MANAGED FUNDS

Sincered Life Assumance Courseless Set 19 Ministry interestioned Set 19 Ministry in the Set 19 Financial Times Tuesday October 18 1983 **INSURANCE & OVERSEAS MANAGED FUNDS** INSURANCE & OVERSEAS MANAGED

STATE OF THE S Pecs. Far Estra. Cap. 126.8 S.8.8 +1.1 —
Pecs. Far Estra. Cap. 127.6 202 +1.4 —
Pecs. Far Estra. Cap. 127.6 202 +1.4 —
Pecs. Far Estra. Cap. 127.6 202 +1.4 —
Berta. Cap. 127.7 —
Berta. Cap. 127.7 —
Berta. | Link | Drexel Burnshors Landbert 77, London Walt, London, EC2. 00-628 5200 Windhester Diversified Ltd. NAV Sept 30 \$21.61. Windhester U.S. Reserves Ltd. NAV Sept 30 \$71.6. Windhester U.S. Reserves Ltd. Current yield 8.6. 

# Iran/Iraq ceasefire hints trigger falls in gold and base metals

METAL PRICES seesawed an ounce and fell to 671p in the next two months. violently yesterday, falling afternoon.

Lead was held sharply in the afternoon after On the London Metal Exthat LME wareho opening strongly in the morn-

ceasefire, triggered off a sudden turnround in gold and the base

armround in gold and the base
tetal markets.

There was a similar pattern in
aluminium, lead, nickel and
cold, which reached a high of zinc. However, zinc still ended \$402, fell to below \$392 before the day marginally higher, closing at \$394.625 an ounce, down \$4.625. the day marginally higher, boosted by news of the fire at Mitsui's smelter in Japan, which Spot silver on the London is expected to result in a 10,000- creased by 150,000 to 37,370 bullion market opened at 698p tonne loss of production in the ounces,

Lead was held up by news opening strongly in the morning.

Heavy speculative selling of silver in New York, reportedly on rumours of an Iran/Iraq ceasefire, triggered off a sudden change, the three-months price last week by a hefty 20,000 of higher grade copper reached a high of £999 in the morning to 198,075 tounes. Aluminium before declining to close at connes; nickel by 3,475 to 242,075 tounes; nickel by 3,475 to 25,878; tin by 95 to 41,750; and zinc by 825 to 109,800.

> However, copper stocks rose, for the twelfth consecutive week, by 8,000 tonnes to 405,500 Mitsui's smelter in Japan, which and LME silver holdings in-

#### Kaiser intends to trade in aluminium futures

ALUMINIUM futures trading received a boost yesterday when leading producer Kaiser Aluminum confirmed it plans to trade on both the London and the forthcoming New York (Comex) con-tracts, writes John Edwards. Kaiser said it had 'tready begun trading on the London Metal Exchange and proposed to do so when the Comex contract is launched, probably

Mr T. K. Sircer, president of Kaiser International, noted

that the company has been trading copper and tin on the futures markets for 10 years. This is the first time a leading aluminium producer has formally confirmed it is trading on the futures markets. It raises the question of whether question of whether aluminium producers will start basing their prices on the futures quotations. This February, Kaiser changed to

setting an artificial producer quotation. Alean also uses transaction prices in the U.S. although it sets a world price in dollars and a sterling

Highly integrated producers like Alexa and Alexa tend to use most of their ingot production themselves. But companies which have shut a proportion of their smelting capacity, such as Kalser and Reynolds are more concerned with international trading in

#### Sunflower seed threshold system outlined

what is called "transaction"

pricing—to reflect real market conditions rather than

THE EUROPEAN Commission been exceeded. yesterday gave details of its proposals to subject durum wheat and sunflower seeds to a month of the costs of disposing of surpluses.

Other cereals, together with colza and rape seeds, are threshold threshold would be based on threshold threshold would be based on threshold would be similar to that for colza and rape seeds and will be compared with the same period in 1982, with 29,292,333 continued to subject durum posals form part or une posals

Oct. 17 + or Month 1985 — Month

afternoon. In Zurich gold closed at \$393-396 from \$398-401.

Turnover: 522 (687) lots of 100 troy

Oct, 14

LONDON FUTURES

50,000 tonnes produced above this threshold.

# Coffee hits six-month

By Our Commodities Staff

peaks

COFFEE VALUES on the London futures market bounced up again yesterday reversing Friday's late decline and establishing new six-month peaks. But dealers said there was no

fresh fundamental news and attributed the speculative buy-ing which lifted the January position £28,50 to £1,903 a tonne to bullish cart patterns. Physical business was quiet, they added.

• THE National Farmers Union and the Country Landowners Association have asked other groups directly affected by the Agricultural Holdings Bill to meet them for discus-

 PRIVATE traders should be allowed to compete freely with the Australian Wheat Board, recommends the Government's Industries Assistance Commis-

 GHANA IS to start largescale soyabean cultivation with help from Brazil.

• BRAZIL has an export target of 400,000 tonnes of frozen con-centrated orange juice for 1983-84, compared with 442,000 tonnes the previous year.

● COCERAL, the European

# Tea producers plan new talks on quotas

renewed effort to reach agree- attempt to work out export

MAJOR TEA producers will Kenya with 100,000 tonnes— price for tea, based on the The tex group's conference meet here again in January in a would be getting together in an prices in the five main producer report noted; Exporting countries considered that the currence effort to reach agree attempt to work out export countries. But Mr Richard Thomas, the rent average level of tea prices

ment (Unctad), tailed once again to agree on export quotas. Kenya, still opposes restrictions on its expanding industry.

But Unctad officials were encouraged that the major exporters—India with 1982-83 exports of 200,000 tonnes, Sri movement on what should be estimated that the agreed indicator market were not needed.

fail to reach consensus, the March meeting will be tanMarch meeting will be tanMarch meeting will be tanThe United States, however, on the indicator price—UK was firmly against any regulation on supplies, arguing that or movement on what should be and that therefore controls movements in the market price.

ment on allocation of tea export
quotas.

If the January talks among
these countries are successful
the auspices of the UN Conference on Trade and Development (Unctad), failed once with consumers,
ment (Unctad), failed once with consumers,
again to agree on export quotas.

But Mr Richard Thomas, the rent sverage level of tea prices
tea group chairman, says:
"Until the problem of quota when factors such as inflation on negotiations. If producers when factors such as inflation fail to reach consensus, the were taken into account.

Con technical issues, it was March meeting will be can-

yffi

#### **Indian output increasing**

BY P. C. MAHANTI IN CALCUTTA

INDIAN tea output totalled public. 339.19m kilograms at the end of Mean last August—about 17m kg packet higher than output a year earlier.

However, domestic consump-tion continues to rise at the rate of 15-20m kg annually and this higher local demand could cause a drop in the exportable surplus unless output rises dramatically.

As a precaution against the

likely shortage for exports, the Indian government is considering bringing in imports solely for re-exporting in value added

Mr V. P. Singh, the Commerce Minister, has already made an announcement about the Government's intentions but details have not yet been made sharply.

Meanwhile, India's drive for packet tea exports suffered a sharp setback during 1982, when only 10m kg could be exported, compared with 38m kg two years before. The plan was to raise the volume progressively to 100m kg in four to five years.

India's bulk tea exports during the first three months of the current financial year have started on a disappointing note. The total quantity shipped came to only \$2.61m kg, compared with \$9.74m kg at the same time last year.

India's shipments for the India's shipments for the

Singapore auction have also been low key, so total offerings at the new international auction centre have so far fallen fairly

**Poverty wages accusation** 

BY BARBARA DALZELL

JAMES FINLAY, the Glasgowof paying poverty wages and allowing appalling conditions on the tea estates it controls in Bangladesh.

Unacceptable Faces of Tea, a pamphlet published yesterday by the World Development Movement and SEAD Campaigns, a Scottish group, says that several years' research shows that conditions for workers in Finlay's Bangladesh gardens are among the worst in the world.

James Finlay would not com-

Mr Roger Jeffery, who did based multinational, is accused much of the research for the pamphiet, said yesterday that Finlay estate workers were paid about 8.5 taka (23p) a day. Housing and food was also provided, but this was believed to be of a very low standard.

He said James Finlay's profits had gone up by 205 per cent since 1978. In the same period, the real wages of the company's Bangladesh estate workers had gone down by 24 per cent,

He urged the company to defend its "atrocious" record and to provide documentary evidence of what it was doing ment yesterday on either the and to provide documentary pamphlet's contents or a World in Action IV report shown last to improve the living and worknight on the Bangladesh tea ing conditions of its Bangladesh

# World consumption continues to exceed supplies

WORLD CONSUMPTION of working countries tea in importing countries continued to exceed supply last year, the latest Annual Bulletin of Tea Statistics from the International Tea Committee (FTC) shows. Con-sumption totalled 1.274m tonnes compared with exportable production of 1.242m tonnes. But the consumption total, which excludes produc-

ing country usage and is des-cribed in the bulletia as "absorption," was down from 1981's 1.286m, the first fall since 1973. In the 11 years since 1971

exportable production has in-creased by an annual average of 2.68 per cent while annual absorption has been rising at an average rate of 3.34 per

156.3p per kilo. This slipped supply, however, until 1981. This has resulted in an upturn in prices but they remain below the freak peak reached in 1977 when relatively tight supplies of good-quality tea

coincided with a severe coffee shortage.
In 1977 the average price for all tea traded at London and European auctions was

back to 96.1p in 1980 before recovering to 99.3p in 1981 and 110.5p last year. The stronger market has continued this year with the all tea price averaging 130.76p a kilo in the January-August period, according to the ITC's monthly statistical summary.

33: CR

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#### PRICE CHANGES =

In tonnes | Oct. 17 | + or | Month unless stated | 1983 | - | ago

£8647.5 —17.5£8436 £8635 —25 £8530 \$77.52 872.17

Latest

LONDON OIL

SPOT PRICES

CRUDE OIL-FOB (\$ per barrel)

PRODUCTS—North West Europe Cif (8 per tonne

**GOLD MARKETS** 

Gold fell \$41 an ounce from Friday's close in the London bullion market yesterday to finish at \$3941-395. The metal

finish at \$3941-395. The metal opened at \$4011-402 and was trading around the \$400 level ahead of the New York opening. Early trading in the U.S. saw gold positions liquidated on a large scale and the metal fell sharply to a low of \$3911-392 in London before recovering slightly at the close. Dealers were at a loss to pin-point the reason for the decline, suggesting that a fall in the dollar and U.S. interest rates would normally

**EUROPEAN MARKETS** 

Wheat—(U.S. S. per tonne): U.S. Two Red Winter Oct 160.50, Nov 162.50, Dec 164, Jan 166, Feb 167.50, March 170. U.S. Northern Spring 14 per cent protein Oct 187, Nov 187.50, Dec 189.50, Jen 194, Feb 197, March 197. U.S. Three Amber Duram Oct 10/ Nov 10 200, Nov 200, Dec 202, April/ May 210. Canadian Western Spring Oct 20/Nov 206, mid-Nov/mid-Dec 208. Misize—(U.S. S. per tonne): U.S. Three Yellow affoat 164, Oct 163, Nov 162.50, Dec 162, Jan/March 163, April/ June 163.50 sellers. Argentine Oct 172

Gold Buillon (fine Ounce)

| Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17 | Second Coins Oct. 17

(£262 4 263 4) \$399 398 2 (£266 4 267 4) \$399 3 400 4 (£266,644) \$400,75 (£262,685) \$398,75

#### BRITISH COMMODITY MARKETS

#### BASE METALS

dasti-METAL PRICES were mixed on the London Metal Exchange. All the metals moved ahead at the outsat but subsequently encountered persistent selfing pressure as gold and silver fell sharply in the attendon. Copper touched 1999 but reacted to close at 1988, owing to mainly American selfing, white Aluminium dipped to £1,087, Nickel to £3,232.5 and Lead to £290, the fast-named despite the sizeable stocks decline. Zinc closed merginely firmer around £585, after touching £593 following news of a fire at Mitsul's smelter in Japan. Buffer stock support left forward standard Ter at £8,630 and high grade at £8,740.

#### COPPER

5 5 6	Soyabean (U.S.) \$550.9x	stocks decline. Zinc closed marginally firmer around £585, after touching £585 following news of a fire at Missui's ameter in Japan. Buffer stock supported forward standard Tim at £5,630 and high grade at £5,740.  COPPER								
,	Fut. March £1428.57-80 £1499.5 Coffee Ft. Jan. £1903 4 +28.5 £1737.5 Cotton A. Index 87.25c-5 89.50c	COPPER Official - Unofficial -								
	Gas Oll . Nov \$252.25 \$257.26 Rubber(kijo) 77,75p \$257.26	High Grde & £ £ £								
	Sugar (Raw) 1165xu +0.5 £144 Woolt'ps 64 z. 400p kilo 400p kilo 4 Unquoted. w Nov. u Dec. v Jan. x OctNov. y NovDec. † Per 16 lb flask. • Ghana cocos. n Nominal.	Cash								
	GAS OIL FUTURES  Ouring a very quiet morning the marker traded slightly higher, reflecting firmer talk on physicals. Weakness on the New York opening pushed prices down, with arbitrage selling a major feature. A short-lived rally was followed by more selling, reports Premier Man.  Month Yest'day's of Business close Done	L.S. pro'dl — [ "77,5-5 ]  Amaigamated Hetal Trading report that in the morning cash Higher Gratraded at 1973, three months 1995, 94,50, 95, 96, 95,50, 97, 97,50, Cathodes: Cash 1950, three month 1973,50, 74. Karbs: Higher Grad Three months 1988, 87,50, 98, 93, Ahnoon: Higher Grade: Three months 1990, 89,60, 89,50, 89, 89, 50, 89, 89, 60, 89,60, 89,60, 89,60, 89,60, 89,60, 89, 89, 89, 89, 89, 89, 89, 89, 89, 89								

per tonnel	144
Oct	TIN Official - Unoffic
Jan	High Grate & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &
bar was fixed at \$400.75 unchanged from Friday. In Paris the 121-kilo bar was fixed at FFr 102.600 per kilo (\$402.24 per ounce) in the afternoon compared with FFr 102,600 (\$401.78) in the morning and FFr 103,500 (\$401.14) on Friday afternoon.	Tin—Morning: Standard: months £8,645, 50, 45, 40, 45; 26 Grade: Three months £8,750, Kerba: Standard: Three months 35, 40, 50. High Grade: Three £3,740. Afternoon: Standard: months £8,650. 45, 40. High Three months £8,650. Kerba: St Three months £8,630. Turnove tonnes.

months £8,645, 50, 45, 40, 45, 20. High Grade: Three months £8,750, 25, 28, Kerbs: Standard: Three months £8,630, 35, 40, 50. High Grade: Three months £8,740. Attamoon: Standard: Three months £8,650. 45, 40. High Grade: Three months £8,740. Kerbs: Standard: Three months £8,630. Turnover 1,905 trainse.

	l				
į	LEAD	a.m. Official	+ or	p.m. Unofficial	+ or
,	91, 91.50,	281,5 foming: 81, 90,50,	_2.5 Three 90, 8	2 283-5 291-2.5 35-8 months 9, 68, 89, 6	9.50,
	89. After 89.50, 89,	1100m: Thi 90, 89.50 140 month	96 M D, 90,	onths £286 91, 91,50 2, 91. Turi	3. 89 <u>.</u> 3. 91.

ZINC	a.m, Official	+ or	Unofficial	+_9
Cash 5 months Settlem's Primw'ts	590.5-1 577		574-5 588.5-9 46-,75	+2.
90.50, 90 months & £590, 88 88.25, 69	, 89, 90, 590. Afte .50, 89, 8 , 88.50.	90.50. moon 18.50, Karba	months Kerba: Three mi 90, 89, 6 Three mi 800 tonnes	Three on the 18.50 on the

#### ALUMINIUM

KETS mid-Oct/mid-Nov 172 sellers.	Aluminim a.m. + or p.m. + or Conficial
Soyabeans—(U.S. \$ per tonne); U.S. Two Yellow gutfports Oct 344.90, Nov 344.90, Dec 349.80, Jan 354.80, Feb 358.60, March 360.80, April 361.40, Moy 361.40, Nov 261, Dec 286, Jan 293 sellers. Argentine Oct 344.50 sellers. Soyamasi—(U.S. \$ per tonne); 44	Spot 1060-5 = 5.25 1058-9 -4.1 3 months 1088-5 -4 1086-7 -2.5 Aluminium—Morning: Cash £1.059-50, 60. 60.50, three months £1.051, 90, 89,
per cent afloet 276. Oct 276. Nov 279, Dec 281, Nov/March 285 solitera. Petilets Brazil afloat 295. Oct 288, Nov 304. Dec 306 sellers. Petilets Argan- tine Oct 289, Nov 288.50, Dec 294, Jan 299 sellers.	88, 87.50, 87, 88, 88.50, Kerbe: Three months £1,089, 88. Afternoon: Three months £1,084, 85, 96, 85.50, 86, 84, 85, 86. Kerbe: Three months £1,089, 87, 88, 87, Turnover, 11,400 tones.

NICKEL	a.m. Official	+ or	p.m. Unofficia	+ 0 
špot š months	\$170-80 8245-50	-2.5 -1.5	3163-8 3236-6	22 27
Cents On the	bes bon	nd. Inoffic	# MS per ial close.	kijo

# Nickel Morning: Three months £3,250, 45. Kerbs: Three months £3,245. Afteroon: Three months £3,236, 40, 38, 35, 40. Kerbs: Three months £3,235. Turnover, 996 tennes.

<b>~:=::</b>
Silver was fixed 6.05p an oz lower
for spot delivery in the London buillion
market yesterday at 691.95p. U.S.
equivalents of the fixing levels were:
spot \$10.4, down 3.2c; three-month
\$10.64, down 3.2c; six-month \$10.902
down 2.9c; and 12-month \$11.422, down 2c. The metal opened at 697-
693p (\$10,49-10.53) and closed at 670-
672p (\$10.06-10.10).
auch fairme

per troy oz.	fixing price	1 — í	p.m. Unoffic	- 1
Spot	724.35p 757,35p mover 7	-6,60 -4,60 -4,60 5 (56	_ i) lots	10,0
06.8. Kerb noon: thre 86.0. Kerb	three ments	nonths s 687.	708.5. 0, 87.5	Aft

session fut active after and closing	a lightly tures ease moon saw I levels w	d £10. renewa	A mo d sellin
COGOA	Yesterday Close	)+ or	Busine
Dec			

-	A	. :	
	*pertonne	۰ ۰	
Dec	1415-17	-31.0	1468
March		-20.0	1441.
		-15.5	
May			
July	1465.57	r—15.0	1472
Sept		-17.0	1483
Dec	1477-88	j-19.0;	
Marchi	1488-06	-12,6	1500
Sales: 3.0	81 ,3,396) 1	lots of 10	) tanne
	licator pri		
per pound)	. Daity o	rica for	Dat 1
94,11 (96.37			
		<b>GARLGRA</b>	101 0
18: 95.52 (9	5.92).		

Burnham above rece lished fres positions and trade retracement	nt resists h contrac before d selling in	nce pa t high: ealer p	ints est in m isg-silon
COFFEE	Yest'day Close	+ or	Busine Done
Nov	1921-23		:1927-9
January March	1811-12		.1911.7 1814-8
May	1751-52	+28.0	1753-3
July	1712-16	+28.0	1718.0

+2.5 +2.5  £590, Three	19.25, Jan 123.60-2.50, h 5.30, May 129.35-8.35, Jul Sept. 117.75 only. Sales: 100 tonnes. Barley: No Jan 120.60-19.90, March May untraded, Sept untrad lots of 100 tonnes.	y 131.90 281 lo v 117.40 123.3
88.50, 100ths	YVHEAT  Yestrday's + or 'Yestrday's - or 'Yestrday's + or	stday's

Aluminimi a.m.	+ or	p.m. Unoffici	+ 0     al
Spot 1060-5 3 months 1088-5	-6.25	£ 1058-9 1086-7	2.5 -2.5
Aluminkum—Morn 60, 60.50, three mo 88, 87.50, 87, 88, 8 months £1,089, 88.	anths 8.50,	£1,091, : Kerba:	90, 89, Three
months £1,084, 85, 84, 85, 86. Ke	86, 87	, 96, 85.	50, 85,

DILVER
Silver was fixed 6.05p an oz lower for apot delivery in the London bullion market yesterday at 691.95p. U.S. equivalents of the fixing levels were:
spot \$10.4, down 3.2c; three-month \$10.64, down 3.2c; six-month 510.902, down 2.9c; and 12-month \$11.422,
down 2c. The metal opened at 697- 693p (\$10.49-10.53) and closed at 670- 672p (\$10.08-10.10).
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

•		. —	. ' 1		ŧ
	SILVER per troy oz.	Buillon fixing price	i — I	LM.E. p.m. Unoffic't	i -
	Spot 3 months 6 months 12 months	707.45p 724.35p	-5,65 -5,60	686,05p	_20 _26
	UME—To	: three n	mon nonth: 687	ths 707.5, 5 708.5.	08. Afta

session fut active after and closing lows, moon	lightly taged tures essed £10. The control of the c	A mo
COCOA	Yesterday's Close + or	Busine

,	<b>Epertonne</b>	e i	
Dec		_31.0	1488-1
March			1441.8
May			1465-3
			1472-5
July			
Sept	1467-68		1483-6
Dec	1477-88	<b>:19.0</b> :	<b>51495-8</b>
March		-12 B	1500
Caless 9.0	04 9 9001 1	46	
	81 ,3,396) [		
ICCO-IR	ficator ori	ces (U.	S. cens
per pound)	. Daily o	rica for	Oct 17
94.11 (96.37		santa81	101 OC
18: 95.52 (9	5.92).		
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house buying moders Burnham above recalland fres positions and trade	te volume Lambert, nt résistar h contract before de selling ini	d a sha , repo A bi ice po ; highi saler ; fluence	rp advancerts Draw reakthroughints estal s in more prolit-takind d a mine
COFFEE	Yest'day's Close	+ or	Busineer Done
	_		

# Sales: 2.804 (2.591) lots of 5 tonnes. ICO indicator prices (U.S. cents per pound) for Oct 14: Comp. daily 1979 136.02 (135.20) 15-day sversge 132.77 (132.25).

Business done- 19.25, Jan 123.50 5.30, May 129.35-8 Sept, 117.75 only 100 tonnes. Bar Jan 120.60-19.90, May untraded, Sep	-2.50, March 1: I-35, July 131.90 I Seles: 281 lo Iey: Nov 117.40 March 123.35 R untraded, Sali	1
lots of 100 tonnes	•	
WHEAT	3.5	ų
Yestrday's	er Yestday's	

#### NICKEL

NICKEL	a.m. Official	+ or	p.m. Unofficial	+ or
Spot months	5170-80 8245-50	-2.5 -1.5	3163-8 3236-6	22 27
* Cents on the	bes bon	nd. noffic	MS per al close.	kijo.

SILVER
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672n (\$10.08-10.10)

00.0. KBD.	Tiles Mourill Miles
COCO	A
session fut active after and closing lows, report	e lightly theded mornis tures eased £10. A mo moon saw renswad sellic playels were at the rece ts Gill and Duffus.
COCOA	Yesterday's Close + or Busine

		'	LIGHT
	£pertonne		Polic
Dec		້_31 ດ່	1438-1
			1441-8
March			
May			1465-3
July	1465.57		1472-5
Sept	1467-68	-17.0	1483-6
Dec		:19.0:	1495-8
March			1500
Caless 9.0	04 9 9001 1	46	•
	81 ,3,396) 1		
	licator pri		
per pound)	. Daily o	rice for	Oct 17
94,11 (96.37			
40. 05 50 40			00

## COFFEE

COFF	<u> </u>		
During a house buyi in modera Burnham above rece liahed free positions and trade retracement	ta volume Lambert, int resistar h contract before de selling in	dasha , repo A bi ice po high: saler p	rp advancerts Draxer reakthrough ints estab in mos prolit-taking
COFFEE	Yest'day's Close	+ or	Business Done
Man.	1001.07		1005.05

# GRAINS

Butiness done- 19.25. Jan 123.60-	-Wheat: Nev 120.30- 2.50, March 126.10-
5.30, May 129.35-8	35, July 131.90-1.30, Sales: 281 lots of
100 tonnes. Berl	ey: Nav 117.40-6.75.
Jan 120.60-19.90, May untraded, Sep	March 123.35-2.65, t untraded, Salas: 89
lots of 100 tonnes	
WHEAT	BARLEY
Yestrday's +	or Yestday's + or

# +1.05 117.40 +1.10 120.60 +1.15 125.25 +1.10 125.15 +1.00 -

•	Dark Nacharn Spring No. 4 44 and
	Dark Northern Spring No. 1 14 per c
	Oct 135. Nov 138, Dec 137 quoted tra
	shipment East Coast. English feed
	Oct 123.25, Nov 126 East Coast selic
	CILLIA AND IN FAST COSSE SELL
	Maize: French first half Oct 144, seco
	half Oct 144,50, Nov 145 transchipme
	man mar served land lan transpolitibility
	East Coast sellers. Barley: Engl
	feed tob Uzt 118.75, Nov 121, Ja
	Manual 1941A France Control Inc.
	March 124.50 East Coast seliers. R
	Unquoted.
	Wheat saw quiet early trade be!

# **POTATOES**

Prices felt gradually through the morning and efter finding support at £224 basis April firmed a little in the afternoon to close about steady, reports Coley and Herper.

# £ per tonne

# Nov...... 155.80 157.00 157.40.51.00 Feb...... 189.30 187.50 188.80.51.00 April 226.20 237.50 237.50.23.80 Nov...... 81.50 182.00 Sales: 1,112 (594) lots of 40 tonnes.

RUBBER The physical market opened easier, attracted no interest throughout the day and closed idle, reported Lewis and Pest. The Kuela Lumpur November fob

cents a kg for SMR20 213.5 (215.5).								
No. 1 Yestday R.S.S. close	s Previous close	Business Done						
Nov 780-790 Dec 785-790 JanMch 794-796 Api-Ine. 814-816 Jly-Sept 828-830 Oct-Dec 842-849 JanMch 858-867 Api-Ine 675-882 JlySept 891-900	P er tonne 790-800 790-810 804-805 821-822 835-837 849-853 866-869 896-903	790 814-810						

# Sales: 5 (120) lots of 15 tonnes, nil (2) lots of 5 tonnes. Physicsi closing prices (buyers) were Spot 77.75p (79.00p); Nov 78.75p (79.50p); Dec 79.00p (80.00p).

trading, rep	et opened corts T. G.	21.00 Rodd mixed	up in dull ick. Prices I selling.
	Yestday's close	+ or	Business Done
October Dec April June August October	197,70 98,40 198,80 99,80 198,00 98,20 188,00 98,56	-0.70 +0.55 +0.85 -0.40 -1.50	198,00-96 50 196,00

SUGAR LONDON DAILY £163.00 (£162.00) Dec shipment V (£175.00).	a tonne fo	r Oct-No
No.4 Yest day's Con- tract	Previous ciose	Busines done

# Sales: 1,780 (3,663) lots of 50 tonnes. Tate and Lyls delivery price for granulated basis suger was 2273.03 (E272.50) a tonne for export. International Suger Agreement (U.S. cents per point fob and stowed Caribbean ports). Prices for Oct 14: Daily price 10.08 (9.75); 15-day average 9.85 (9.77).

TEA AUCTIONS LONDON TEA AUCTIONS

LONDON TEA AUCTION — 26,674.
packages were on offer in this week's sale including 2,200 packages in the offshore section. The market continues very strong. Assams CTCs again came in for keen competition, perticularly medium types and dusts which showed substantial gains. Best liquoring sorts were fully firm to dearer. Sylaets sold readily and coloury lines utwanced. African teas were an especially strong feature and closed 49-7p higher. Bright Ceylons moved dearer white others showed little change. Offshore teas must good demand at generally dearer rates. Quotations: Quality 190a a kg (190p). medium 175p a kg (170p), low medium 155p a kg (150p).

# LIVERPOOL — Spot and shipment sales amounted to 232 tonnos. Ranewed pressure for supplies was exerted. Useful buying was recorded in a wide variety of styles including Middle Eastern qualities. Russian and Turkush types attracted attention.

**WOOL FUTURES** SYDNEY GREASY WOOL—Close (in Ider: buyer, seller, business). Aus-

# trallan cents per kg. Oct 554.0, 556.0, 561.0-656.0; Dec 564.0, 566.0, 564.5-564.0; March 583.0, 594.0, 586.0-584.0; May 583.0, 689.0, 598.0-596.0; July 605.0, 606.0, 612.0-606.0; Oct 500.0, 612.0-610.0; March 520.0, 622.0, 622.0, 612.0-610.0; March 520.0, 622.0, 622.0, 622.0; Saies: 176. LONDON NEW ZEALAND CROSSBREDS—Close (in order: buyer, seller, business). New Zealand cents per kg. Oct. 412. buyer only, nil: Dec. 418, 422. 417. Jan. 5\*7, 420, 418; March 421, 423, 420-419; Bary 429, 430, 422-427; Aug. 440, 442, 441-440; Oct. 441, 445, 442; Dec. 446, 450, 446; Jan. 448, 454, nil; March 458, 442, nil; Salos: 43.

#### INDICES FINANCIAL TIMES

Out 14 : Oct 13:66"th ago, Y'ar ago 290.15 : 286.54 287.16 231.42 (Base: July 1 1952-100) REUTERS

#### Oct. 17,Oct. 14 M'th ago Y'ar ago 1902.0 1900.6 1876.6 | 1512.8 (Base: September 18 1931 - 100) MOODY'S

Oct. 14 Oct. 17 Mith ago Yearago 1041.1 1041.3 1081.4 981.9 DOW JONES Dow Oct. Oct. Month Year Jones 14 13 ago ago

#### (December 31 1931 = 100) MEAT/FISH

MEAT COMMISSION—Average fatstock prices at representative markets.
GB—Cartis 95.53p per kg iw (—0.17).
GB—Sheep 134.97p per kg est dcw
(+4.21). GB—Pigs 76.85p per kg iw
(—0.72).
SMITH-FIELD—Pence per pound. Beeft
Scotch killed sides 62.0 to 87.0; Ulater
hindquarters 86.5 to 95.0; Eire hindquarters 93.0 to 98.0, forequarters 59.5
to 82.5. Veal; Dutch hinds and ends
142.0 to 145.0. Lamb: English smell
62.0 to 67.0, medium 63.0 to 65.0, heavy
62.5 to 64.0; imported: New Zesland
PL 90.0 to 61.0, PX 56.5 to 57.5. Perki:
English under 100 ib 52.0 to 57.0, 100120 ib 49.0 to 52.0, 120-160 ib 44.5 to
49.5. MEAT COMMISSION-Average fat-

PL 60.0 to 61.0, PX 58.5 to 57.5. Pork: English under 100 lb 52.0 to 57.0, 100-120 lb 49.0 to 52.0, 120-160 lb 44.5 to 49.5.

GRIMSBY FISH — Supply poor, demand good. Prices at ship's side (unprocessed) per stone: shelf cod £5.00-8.00, codlings £5.00-6.00; targe haddock £5.00, medium £4.00-4.50, amail £3.00-4.00; medium pleice £5.00-8.60, small £5.30-6.70; skinned dogfish (large) £14.00, (medium) £9.00; lamon soles (large) £15.00, (small) £12.60; rockrish £2.80-3.60.

English produce: Apples—Per pound, Bramiey new sesson 0.10-0.16. However, and \$1.00-1.00. Stramberries—8 co 0.40-0.80 according to quality. New Portaboes — 3.80-4.80. Mushrooms — Per pound. Open 0.70-0.90 according to quality. New Portaboes — 3.80-4.80. Mushrooms — Per pound. Open 0.70-0.90, closed 1.00-1.20. Lattuce—Per tray round 0.80-1.40. Webb's 2.20-2.40, Cos 1.80-2.20, Icaberg per dozen 6.00-7.00. Onforse—Per 55 lb 4.00-4.20. Cabbegos—Per 25 lb Celtic 2.50-3.00. Greens—28 lb Kent 2.00-2.50. Cauliflowers—21's Lincoln 3.60-4.00, Kent 4.20-4.50. Cucumbers—25 lb 2.00-2.50. Cauliflowers—22's Lincoln 3.60-4.00, Kent 4.20-4.50. Cucumbers—28 lb 2.00-2.50. Cauliflowers—28 lb 2.00-2.50. Stramper 28 lb 2.00-2.50. Cauliflowers—28 lb 2.00-3.00. Swedes—29 lb 1.20-1.50. Capsicians—Green per pound 0.22-0.25. Lasis—Per pound 0.25-0.30. Garaptess—Per pound 0.25-0.30. English 2.00-4.50. Cucumbers—28 lb 2.00-2.00. Strick Beans—Per pound 0.77-0.22. Fermel—Per pound 0.25-0.30. Calabress—Per pound 0.50-5.00. Greek: 15 kg 7.00-8.50. Turkish: 7.00-8.00: talian: carron 7.00-8.00: Turkish: 7.00-8.00: talian: carron 7.00-8.00: Turkish: 7.00-8.00: talian: carron 7.00-8.00: Turkish: 7.00-8.00: talian: carron 7.00-8.00. Turkish: 7.00-8.00: Covert 10 kg boxes 6.00-7.00. Lamone—Outspan: small sizes 60 fee.00: talian: carron 7.00-8.00. Turkish: 7.00-8.00: Cyprus: 10 kg boxes 6.00-7.00. Greek: 15 kg 7.00-8.50. Dominican: 5.00-6.50: Dominican: 5.00-6.50: Dominican: 5.00-6.50: Dominican: 5.00-6.50: Dominican: 5.00-6.50: Dominican: 5.00-6.50: Cyprus: 10 kg boxes 6.00-6.50: Domin

#### AMERICAN MARKETS = NEW YORK, October 17

NEW YORK, October 17

Precious metals came under heavy pressure after a weaker coening and spant the test of the day working their way higher an local and professional buying, both cold and professional touring, both cold and raced slightly lower going into the close. Copper prices were under moderate pressure but benefited from the late raily in the financial market and recovered all their early losses, to close marginally higher, Heating oil traded lower all riey as cash markets ware quiet and the trade was disappointed with the official 30-day weather forecast indicating above normal temperatures, but a short-covering raily on the close lifted prices above the previous day.

Coffee prices closed higher athough

Coffee prices closed higher although NEW YORK

COFFEE "C" 37,000 lbs, cents/lb

COTTON 50,000 lbs; cents/lbs

High 78.30 79.49 80.20 80.40 75.10 74.65

High 400.0

Close 78.20 79.39 80.10 90.40 75.35 74.55 75.40

GOLD 100 troy as, \$/troy az

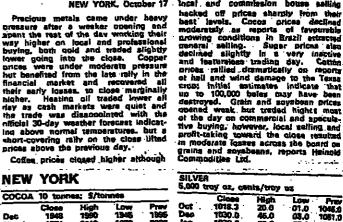
421.6 428.7 435.9 443.2 451.0 458.9 467.0

HEATING OIL 42,000 U.S. conta/U.S. gallone

Close 81,75 83,02 83,28 82,25 80,25 79,00 77,60 77,00

Nov Dec Jan Feb March April May June

High 81,80 83,10 83,40 82,35 80,25 78,40 77,50 77,00



CHICAGO LIVE CATTLE 40,000 lbs. cents/th. LIVE HOGS 30,000 the, conts/lb

65.10 65.40 67.25 68.80 67.95 71.70 74.85 75.50 40.76 40.67 44.05 44,77 50.20 51.20 50,55 52.00 40.70 43.87 44.72 49.95 51.75 51.25 50.70 61.80 MAIZE 5,000 bu min; coms/86 to-bushel PORK BELLIES 38,000 fbs, cents/b High Low Prev 61.37 58.76 59.37 61.50 58.80 59.50 63.30 60.70 61.30 63.62 61.20 61.82 62.32 60.45 60.45

392.0 395.0 401.5 408.0 418.0 422.0 432.6 438.0 447.6 SOYABEANS 5,000 bu min; conts/60 lb-bushel 468.0 SOYABEAN MEAL 100 tons: \$/ton.

Close 125,35 121,25 119,50 118,75 118,60 117,20 115,75 16,75 PLATINUM 50 troy oz. \$/troy oz Close 400,3 404.0 405,8 407.8 413.8 420.8 427.8 440.0 High 400.0 409.5 416.0 415.5 424.0

SUGAR WORLD " II " 112,000 ib; cents/ib

Close Hon 22.25 32.80 32.45 32.70 32.65 32.90 32.65 32.90 32.65 32.90 30.30 30.45 28.50 28.60 25.90 26.00 Jan March May July August Sept Oct Dec Prev 402.0 404.0 409.6 416.0 424.6 434.0 5,000 bu min, cents/80 to bushe SPOT PRICES—Chicago Ipoes 17.00 (seme) cents per pound. York de 566.0-606.0 (593.0-601.0) per pound.

65.90 66.96 67.90 69.40 70.75 72.20 74.85

Low 76.95 78,15 79.00 79.50 75.05 74.20 Prev 399.8 401.7 403.6 416.7 424.0 431.5 438.4 448.5 453.7 462.8 471.3

Close 234.0 239.6 240.0 241.7 242.1 243.0 232.0 220.0 194.0 187.0 High 238.2 243.3 244.7 248.5 248.0 238.0 228.0 198.0 200.0 Low Prev 24.40 124.50 20.25 120.40 118.30 118.30 18.35 179.00 18.30 118.30 18.75 179.00 — 118.50 — 117.00 — 116.00 SOYABEAN OIL 60,000 Ib: cents/ib

10.66 11.12 11.50 11.90 12.03 12.16 12.40 13.04 Pre-10.76 11.36 11.71 11.98 12.18 12.34 12.41 13.13

P/ov 238.8 241.8 242.2 243.7 244.1 243.6 232.0 222.8

1000N 1

CURRE!

Training Services For

#### CURRENCIES, MONEY and CAPITAL MARKETS

#### FOREIGN EXCHANGES

# Partial dollar recovery, but yen weak

The dollar rose steadily yesterday afternoon, to finish around its highest level of the day, but this week. The U.S. currency opened on a weak note following the unexpected fall of \$1.1bn in U.S. MI money supply, and signs of easier credit conditions in New York as Federal funds finished at 9 per cent on Friday, the lowest level of the week. Treasury bonds opened weaker than expected however, and after a firmer start prices on the Chicago futures market also declined, pushing the dollar up on the foreign exchan-

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dollar up on the foreign exchan-Recent comments by various U.S. officials and economists, such as Dr Henry Kaufman of Salomon Brothers, helped to underpin the dollar, which was also supported by tension in the Middle East and Korea.

Sterling weakened against Continental currencies on lack of further news from the Gulf about the war between Iran and Iraq, but did not appear to suffer from the Government's recent problems

problems.

The Japanese yen lost ground to the dollar, sterling and Continental currencies following indications that the Bank of

#### OTHER CURRENCIES

Oct. 17	ł	ļ		£
	2	8	i	Note Rates
Argentina Peso		i 14.508-14.322	Austria	27.55 27.65
Australia Dollar	1.5355-1,6375	1.0900-1.0905	Belgium	80.40 81.20
Brazil Cruzelro	1.187.5-1.172.6		Denmark	14.08 14.22
Finland Markka	B.4450-8.4640	5.6825 5.6375	France	11.88.12.00
Greek Drachma.		92,50-92,90	Germany	3.8812 3.9212
Hong Kong Dollar	11.89 to .11.99 to		Italy	
tran Riel	129.75	86,90	. Jack	348-353
KuwaltDinar(KD)	0.43545-043580	0.25965-0.289RD	Netherlands	4.3514.4.3914
Luxembourg Fr.	79,60-79,70		Norway	10.92 11.02
Majaysia Dollar	3.5190-3.5250		Portugal	188 205
New Zealand Dir.	2.2530-2.2630		Spain	2194.2344
Saudi Arab, Riyali	5.2285.5.2315	3,4799.3,4802	Sweden	11.65,11.75
Singapore Dollar				3.144-3.174
Sth.African Rand			United States	1.49 4 1.51
U.A.E. Dirham,			Yugosiavia	194-206

\* Selling rates.
October 14: The rate for the Australian \$ against the pound should have read 1.6450-1.6470. The rate for the Cruzeiro against the pound should have read 1,161.5-1,168.5.

#### THE POUND SPOT AND FORWARD

Oct 17	Day's spread	Ciosa	One month	% p.a.	Three months	% p.s
U.S.	1.4985-1.5060	1,5010-1,5020	0.02-0.07e dis	-0.38	0.09-0.14dls	-0.3
Canada	1.8460-1.8520	1.8490-1.8500	0.02-0.08c dia		par-0.10dis	
Nethind.	4.36-4.39	4.38-4.39	13-1c pm		37-37 pm	3.0
Belgium	79.15-79.70	79.50-79.70	8c pm-2c dis		5 am-5 dia	
Denmark	14.09-14.15	14.13-14.14	2.65-3.70ore dis		7.10-8.25dis	
Ireland	1.2540-1.2620	1.2590-1.2600	0.27-0.35p dis		0.85-1-00dia	
W. Ger.	3.89-3.92	3.901-3.911-	1'-1pf pm		34-34 pm	3.4
Portugal	186,00-187,25	186,25-186,75	225-490c die		760-1370dis	
Spain	150.85-151.25	150.95-151.05	280-350c dis			15.5
Italy	2.365-2.377	2.374-2.376	151-171/ice dis		491-521- dia	
Norway	10.94-10.99	10.97-10.98	4,35-5,00ore dia		10.85-11,65	
France	11.90 - 11.95	11.93%-11.94%	31-41-0 dia		15-17 dis	-5.3
Sweden	11.662-11.703		3.05-3.60ore dis		7.70-8.35dis	
Јарап	348-351	34912-35012	0.96-0.75y pm		2.50-2.30 pt	
Austria	27.37-27.57	27.45-27.50	8½-6½gra pm		231-181 pm	
Switz.	3.14 - 3.18	3.163-3.774	17-14c pm		43-37 pm	5.2

Six-month forward dollar 0.18-0.23c dis. 12-month 0.47-0.57c dis.

DOLLAR—Trade-weighted index (Bank of England) 125.9 Swiss franc, but improved to against 122.5 six months ago. The dollar has retreated from the peaks touched in August, amid hopes that a sustained fall was against the dollar in 1983 is imminent, following better 16245 to 14540. September money supply figures and a slight average 1.4991. Trade-weighted easing in interest rates. A large U.S. budget deficit is likely to restrain the fall in interest rates and the dollar, but downward said the dollar, but downward said the pound has ago. The pound has against the dollar in 1983 is previous close, and 82.9 six months ago. The pound has against the dollar in 1983 is 2,7315 to 2,3320. September

**EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES** 

	ECU central rates	Currency amounts sqainst ECU October 17	% change from central rate	% change adjusted for divergence	Divergence limit %
Balgian Franc	44.9008	45.8965	+2.22	+1.77	±1.5447
Danish Krone	8.14104	8.15896	+0.22	-0.23	-1.6425
German D-Mark	2.24184	2.25456	+0.57	+0.12	+1.0542
French Franc	6.87456	6.89302	+0.27	-0.18	±1.4052
Dutch Geilder	2.52595	2.52624	+0.01	-0.44	±1.4964
Jrish Punt	0.72569	0.72752	+0.22	-0.23	<b>≟1.6699</b>
Italian Lica	1403.49	1370.32	-2.36	-2.36	±4,1505
Change: weak co	s are for E	CU, therefore djustment celc	positive chi ulated by F	inge denotes inancial Times	a L

#### **CURRENCY RATES**

Oct. 17	rate	Drawing Rights	Currency Unit
Sterling U.S. 8 Canadian8 Austria Sch Belgian F Danish Kr Guilder French F Lira Yen Norwgn Kr Spanish Pta Swedish Kr Swies Fr Groek Dr'ch	9.48 3.4 9.7 4 5 9.1 <sub>2</sub> 17 5.1 <sub>2</sub> 8.1 <sub>4</sub>	0,707506 1.06324 19,4201 56,1170 10,0019 2,76092 3,09190 8,43521 1679.06 246,619 7,76218 180,496 8,26882 2,23578 98,8368	0.577168 0.867975 1.06882 15.8492 45.8985 8.15896 2.25456 2.52624 6.89302 1370.32 201.761 6.33708 131.889 6.75067 1.82865 80.4526

CS/SDR retes for Oct 14: 1,30805.

#### THE DOLLAR SPOT AND FORWARD

Oct 17	Day's spread	Close	One month	7. p.a.	Three months	b-s-
UKt .	1.4985-1.5060	1.5010-1.5020	0.02-0.07c die	-0.36	0.09-0.14d	le -0.31
frelandt	1.1905-1.1960	1.7925-1.1935	D.31-0.26c pm	2.87	0.84-0.77	om 2,70
Canada	1,2305-1,2320	1,2310-1,2315	0.04-0.01e pm	0.24	0.10-0.07	om C.28
Nethind.	2,9080-2,9190	2,9170-2,9190	0.97-0.87c pm	3.79	2.57-2.47	om 3.46
Beigium	52,80-53.06	E3.04-53.06	4 <sup>2</sup> <sub>2</sub> -3c pm	0.85	47-1 pm	0.21
Denmark	9.3965-9.4175	9.4125-9.4175	0.40-0.90ore dis	-0.83	2.80-3.30d	is -1.70
W. Ger.	2,5920-2,6045	2,6025-2,6035	0.98-0.91pf pm	4.32	2.50-2.45	om 3.81
Portugal	124.00-124.60	124,10-124,40	150-320c dis	-22.70	500-900dis	-22.54
Spain	150.80-151.25	150.95-151.05	190-220c dis	-18.29	525-625dis	-15.23
taly	1.577-1.583	1,581%-1,582%	10%-11% lire dis	-8.44	321-331-dia	-8.35
Horway	7.2930-7.3150	7.3100-7.3150	2.40-2.70ore dis	-4.19	6.30-6.60d	s -3.53
France	7.9300-7.9625	7.9525-7.9575	2.20-2.40c dis	-3.47	9.70-10.10	lis -4.98
Sweden	7.7760-7.7970	7.7920-7.7970	1,50-1,70ore dis	-2.47	4.15-4.35di	s -2.18
Japan	231,65-233,10	232.95-233,05	0.64-0.59y pm	3.17	1.84-1.79	m 3.12
Austria	18.24-18.31	18.30-18.31	6.20-5.60gro pm		15Կ-13Կ թ	
Switz.	2.0965-2.1120	2.1095-2.1105	1.18-1.13c pm		2.92-2.87	

t UK and ireland are quoted in U.S. currency. Forward premiums and discounts apply to the U.S. dollar and not to the individual currency.

#### **EXCHANGE CROSS RATES**

Oct. 14	Pound Stirting	U.S. Dollar	Deutschem'	k:JapaneseYen	FrenchFranc	Swiss Franc	Dutch Gulid	Italian Lira	Canada Dollar	Beigian Fran
Pound Sterling	0.666	1,502	5,910 8,604	350,0 233,1	11,943 7,964	5,175 2,715	4,365 2,920	2375, 1582.	1,850 1,232	79,65 53,05
Deutschemark	0.256	0.384	11,17	89,51	8.054	0,811	1,121	607.4	0,473	20,37
Japanese Yen 1,000	2.857	4,290		1000.	34.18	9,064	12.53	6786.	5,284	227,6
French Franc 10	0.857	1,257	5,274	293.1	10.	2.656	3.672	1989.	1,549	56.69
Swiss Franc	0.315	0,473	1,232	110.3	8.764	1.	1.582	748.5	0,585	26,11
Dutch Guilder	0.828	0,348	0,892	79.82	2.723	0.723	1.846	541,6	0.482	18,16
Italian Ura 1 000	0.421	0,682	1,546	147,4	5,028	1,836		1000,	0.779	38,54
Canadian Dollar	0.541	0,812	2.114	189.2	6.457	1.715	2,871	1284.	2,322	48.07
Belgian Franc 100	1,255	1,885	4.909	439.4	14.99	3.983	5,505	2982.		100

#### **MONEY MARKETS** =

# London rates steady

UK clearing bank base lending rate 9 per cent (since October 4 and 5) Interest rates showed little

change in quiet London money market trading, while in New York Federal funds traded around 9½ per cent after the Federal Reserve added \$1bn to 

The Bank of England forecast a money market shortage of £300m. Bills maturing in official hands, repayment of late assistance, and a take-up of Treasury bills from Friday's tender drained £302m, while Exchequer transactions absorbed another £245m despite payment of

Si per cent.

In the afternoon another £16m bills were purchased, through £4m bank bills in band 2 at 9 per cent, and £12m bank bills in band 4 at 8‡ per cent.

In Frankfurt call money

days) at 9 per cent; £74m bank bills in band 3 (34-63 days) at 8½ per cent; and £148m bank at bills in band 4 (64-91 days) at 8½ per cent.

In the afternoon another £16m bills were purchased, through £4m bank bills in band 2 at 9 per cent and £12m bank bills in band 2 at 9 per cent and £12m bank bills in band 4 at 8½ per cent.

In Frankfurt call money supply grew at an annual tate of 8 per cent in September to 1 per cent in the September increase was desserted by the central bank as similar in scope to August, expected to call during the rest although the previous report of the year because of problems grew August growth as about 8½ per cent. The present target is growth. The Bundesbank are not similar in scope to August, over excess money supply grew at an annual table that the rise to 5½ per cent.

In Frankfurt call money supply grew at an annual table that seasonally adjusted that

10   10   10   10   10   10   10   10	Oct. 17 1983	Sterling Certificate of deposit	Interbank	Local Authority deposits	Local Auth. Inegotiable bonds	Finance House Deposits	Company	Discount Market Deposits	Treasury	Eligibie Bank Bills &	Fine Trade Bills &
	night	256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256	848-94 848-94 84-84 84-84 84-84	9-91g 9-91g 91g-91g 91g-91g 91g-91g 91g-91g 91g-91g	934.938 958.914 919.918 1018.954 10-958	914 914 915 934 975	7-914 914-916 94-912 956 956	3-9  9 9 9 876-9 834-9	878-858 		

transactions absorbed another transactions absorbed apother finance control of fixed Rata Export Scheme IV. Average Rata for interest period September 7 to October 4, 1983 (inclusive) 5.719 per cent.

ECGD Fixed Rata Export Scheme IV. Average Rata for interest period September 7 to October 4, 1983 (inclusive) 5.719 per cent.

Local authorities in housing benefit subsidy. These factors were partly offset by a fall in the note circulation adding 1.558m to liquidity.

Total help provided by the authorities was £271m. Before lunch the Bank of England Scheme IV. Average Rata for interest period September 7 to October 4, 1983 (inclusive) 5.719 per cent.

Local authorities and finance houses seven days notice, others seven days fixed. Long-term local authority mortgage factors recent; flow years 114-113; per cent; they sears 114-113; per cent; as nominally three years 107; per cent; flow years 111-113; per cent; flow years 114-113; per cent; flow years 114-114; per cent; flow years 114-113; per cent; flow years 114-114; per cent; flow years 114-11

bought £255m bills by way of £3m cent.

Treasury Bills: Average tender rates of discount 8.8582 per cent. Certificates of Tax Deposits for f100,000 and over held under one month 8½ per cent; one-three months 9½ per cent; three-six months 9½ per cent.

£32m bank bills in hand 2 (15-33

#### INTEREST RATES =

#### **EURO-CURRENCY INTEREST RATES** (Market closing rates)

•		-		•		
Oct. 17	Short	7 days notice	Month	Three Months	Şix Months	One Year
Sterling	9-918 918-938 818-914 548-578 168-178 518-514 1814-1814 718-8	8/4-9/2 94-9/2 84-9/2 834-6/2 15-2 14-6/2 1246-12/6 15/2-17	914-94 915-918- 912-918- 512-515- 512-655- 1256-1276 1514-1712- 814-9	9/8-9/6 9/8-9/7 9/1-9/5 6-61 4/1-4-1 514-5-2 14/8-14/8 17-4-18-4 914-914	9%-9% 9%-9% 9%-9% 6%-8% 6%-6% 5%-5% 15%-16% 184-18%	9% 9 1 975 10 1 965 9 76 6 76 6 76 6 76 6 76 6 76 1
Fin Yen D. Krone Asia & (Sing.)	712-8 64-64- 114-1173 95-912	812-834 676 675 1139-1218 914-912	84-9 68-64 104-11 94-94	914:917 636-612 1076-1136 912-958	934 · 10 636 · 532 1072 · 1136 958 · 934	10-10-4 61g-65g 105g-111- 97g-10

#### FT LONDON INTERBANK FIXING

11.00 a.m. OCTOBER 17)				
5 month U.S. dollars		6 month U.S. dollars		
bid 9 1/2	offer 9 6/8	bid 9 6/8	offer 9 5/4	

The fixing rates are the arithmetic means, rounded to the nearest one-sixteenth of the bid and effected rates for \$10th quoted by the market to five reference banks at 11 km each working day. The benks are National Westminster Sank, Bank of Tokyo, Dautsche Bank, Banque Nationale de Paris and Morgan Character, Tesset

#### MONEY RATES NEW YORK NETHERLANDS LONG TERM EURO \$ FRANCE Intervention rate SDR LINKED DEPOSITS IAPAN **SWITZERLAND** ECU LINKED DEPOSITS

#### FINANCIAL FUTURES

#### Mixed trend

D-MARK — Trading range against the dollar in 1963 is 2.7315 to 2.3320. September average 2.6683. Trade weighted index 127.2 against 130.3 six months ago.

The dollar was fixed sharply leaves Euro-dollar prices LONDON

The dollar was fixed sharply lower at yesterday's fixing in Frankfurt at DM 2.5967 from DM 2.6233 without any intervention by the Bundesbank. The lower trend reflected an unexpected fall in U.S. M1 money supply on Friday. Sterling slipped to DM 3.9050 from DM 3.9200 while the Swiss franc was marginally firmer at DM 1.2352 from DM 1.2334. **CURRENCY MOVEMENTS** 

Morgan Guaranty changes: average 1980-1982 = 100. Bank of England Index (base average 1975=100).

	Day's		0	%	Three	χ
Oct 17	spread	Close	One month	p.a.	months	<u>P-a-</u>
UKt .	1.4985-1.5060	1,5010-1,5020	0.02-0.07c dis	~0.36	0.09-0.14dle	-0.31
frelandt	1.1905-1.1960	1.7925-1.1935	0.31-0.26c pm	2.87	0.84-0.77 pm	2.70
Canada	1,2305-1,2320	1,2310-1,2315	0.04-0.01e pm	0.24	0.10-0.07 pm	0.25
Nethind.	2,9060-2,9190	2.9170-2.9190	0.97-0.87c pm	3.79	2.57-2.47 pm	3.46
Beigium	52,80-53.06	F3.04-53.06	4 <sup>2</sup> ₂-3c pm	0,95	47–1 pm °	0.21
Denmark	9.3965-9.4175	9.4125-9.4175	0.40-0.90ore dis	-0.83	2.80-3.30dis	-1.30
W. Ger.	2,5920-2,6045	2.6025-2.6035	0.98-0.91pf pm	4.32	2.50-2.45 pm	3.81
Portugal	124.00-124.60	124,10-124,40	150-320c dis	-22.70	500-900dis -	-22.54
Spain	150.80-151.25	150.95-151.05	190-220c dis	-15.29	525-625dis -	-15.23
italy	1.577-1.583	1,581%-1,582%	10%-11% lire dis	-8.44	321-331-dis	-8.35
Norway	7.2930-7.3150	7.3100-7.3150	2.40-2.70ore dis	-4,19	6.30-6.60dis	-3.53
France	7.9300-7.9625	7.9525-7.9575	2.20-2.40c dis	-3.47	9.70-10.10dia	-4.98
Sweden	7.7760-7.7970	7.7920-7.7970	1,50-1,70ore dis		4.15-4.35dis	
Japan	231,65-233.10	232 95-233,05	0.64-0.59y pm		1.84-1.79 pm	
Austria	18.24-18.31	1B.30-1B.31	6.20-5.60gro pm		15%-13% pm	3.23
		0 400E 2 340E	4 40 4 434	4 24	2 92-2 97 nm	. 5 En

Belgian rate is for convertible france. Financial franc 53.87-53.92.

# markets worldwide.

Prices were mostly firmer from Friday's levels in the London International Financial Futures Exchange yesterday but finished well below the day's highs after a weaker trend in early U.S. trading. Early business in London saw values marked higher in response to an unexpected fall in U.S. MI money supply on Friday. However prices in Chicago soon retreated from early levels with dealers noting a higher than expected Federal funds rate of 91 per cent. Intervention by the

Three-month sterling deposit futures were a little neglected with 388 lots traded in total. There was little incentive gained from a virtually static market with the December price opening at 90.65 and trading within a four point spread before finishing at 90.64 compared with Friday's close of 90.60. expected rederal funds rate of 91 per cent. Intervention by the Fed later in the day to add reserves had no immediate effect.

The December gilt price opened at 106-00 up from 105-18 and rose to a bleb of 106-18. In the currency sector sterling recorded modest gains, closing at 1.5029 for December delivery compared with Friday's close of 1.4889.

**CHICAGO** 

U.S. TREASURY BONDS (CBT) 8% \$100,000 32nds of 100°.

U.S. TREASURY BILLS (IMM) 51m points of 100°.

CERT. DEPOSIT (IMM) S1m points of 100%

Latest 1.5025 1.5040 1.5070 1.5100

GNIMA (CBT) 8% \$100,000 32nds of 100%

Latest High 90.49 90.54 h 90.08 90.15 — 89.82 89.52 89.58

THREE-MONTH EURODOLLAR (IMM) Sim points of 100%

 Dec
 Latest
 High
 Low
 Prev

 Dec
 90.08
 90.12
 90.05
 89.98

 March
 89.74
 89.73
 89.73
 89.58

 June
 —
 89.51
 89.45
 89.38

 Sept
 —
 89.27
 89.20
 89.15

 Dec
 —
 88.04
 89.04
 88.94

 March
 88.80
 88.80
 —
 88.73

and rose to a high of 106-16 before selling in the U.S. bond market saw values retreat to finish at 106-02.

March
June 89,77
Sept 89,55
Dec 89,33
Volume 2,278 (1,846)
Previous day's open int 7,309 (7,402) Dec 91.08 91.12
March 90.74 90.75
June 90.75
Sept 90.11
March 99.89 89.93
June 89.71 89.75
Sept 89.58 89.58

day's open int 148 (127)

French franc... STERLING £25,000 \$ per £

Dec 1.5029 1.5060 1.5010 1.4989
March 1.5039 1.5060 1.5039 1.5005
June 1.5054 — 1.5020
Volume 448 (257)
Previous day's open int 1,355 (1,388) DEUTSCHE MARKS DM125,000 \$ per DM 

SWISS FRANCS SWFr 125,000

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(Algerian Papular Democratic Republic)

MINISTERE DE L'ENERGIE ET DES INDUSTRIES

PETROCHIMIQUES (Ministry for Energy and Patrochemical Industries)

ENTREPRISE NATIONALE DES TRAVAUX AUX PUITS (National Oil Exploitation Company)

#### NOTICE OF POSTPONEMENT OF CLOSING DATE

L'Entreprise Nationale des Travaux aux Puits (National Oil Exploitation Company), 2 Rue du Capitaine Azzoug, Cote-Rouge, Hussein-Dey, Algiers, Algeria - hereby informs companies interested in International Call for Tenders No. 0293/1K/MEC for the supply of SPARE PARTS FOR CATERPILLAR ENGINES. that the closing date, originally specified as 8.10.1983, has been postponed until 5.11.1983.

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Premium positions avail	lable	

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#### WORLD VALUE OF THE POUND

The table below gives the latest except where they are shown to available rate of exchange for the pound against various currencies on October 17, 1963. In some cases rate is morninal. Market rates are the average of buying and selling rates Abbreviations: (A) approximate rate, no direct quotation evaliable; (F) free rate; (P) based on U.S. dollar partites and going sterling-dollar rates' (T) tourist rate; (Be) basic rate; (bg) buying rate; (Bk bankers' rates; (cm) financial rate; (exC) excha ate rate; (nc) non-commer

C STERLING

PLACE AND LOCAL UNIT	E STERLING	PLAGE AND LOCAL ONIT	L STERLING	PLACE AND LOCAL UNIT	STERLING
Afghanistan Afghan	99.00	Greenland Danish Kroner Grenada E. Caribbean \$	14.135	Peru	exe A'3,122,57
AlbaniaLak AlgeriaDinar	10.15 (A);7.2770	Guadaloune Local Erano	11,9425	Pitoairn Islands   Sterling	: 20.13
Andorra (French Franc	11,9425 4	Guam	1,5105	Pitodim Islands \ New Zealand	
Andorra ISpanish Pesets	225.65 (CM) 45.4115	Guines Svii	1,5105 36.00	PolandZioty	144.17
Angola	4.05	Guinea-Bissau Peso Guyana	62,40	PortugalPortugu'se Escudo Puerto Rico,V.S. 3	186.50
Argentine New Peso (,	21.52	Guyana	4,5125		1,6015
Australia	1.6365	Halti Gourde	, 7,5075	Qatar Qatari Ryal	. 5.4725
Austria Schilling Azores Portugu'se Escuc	27,475	Halti Gourde Honduras Lempira	3.02 11.945	Reunion Island,French Franc	11,9425   (Cm/6,84
Azores Portugu'se Escuc	o 185.60	Hong Kong H.K. \$		RomaniaLeu	N C 20.66
Rahames	1.5015	Hungary Forint	66.54;;	RwandaRwanda Frano	147,09
Sahamas	0,567 226,65	liceland [. Krona	41,7128		4.05
Balearic Isles, Spa. Pesata	1 57.25	India	15.27 1.476.45	St. ChristopherE. Caribbean \$ - St. HelenaSt. Helena £	4.05
Bardages Bardages 9	3,003	iran Riai	1,476,45 129,75(sg)	St. Lucia E. Caribbean & St. Pierre Local Franc	4.05
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l	. 5,005	iraq Dinar irish Republic Lirish £ israel Shekel	122.0	Selvador ElColon Samos American "U.S. 5	3,7650
Benin C.F.A. Franc	697,125 1.5015	italy Ura ivory Coast C.F.A. Franc	2,375.0 597,125	Samoa American "U.S. 5	1.5016 2,375.0
Benin	15,27	Ivory Coast C.F.A. Franc		San Marino	; 58.70
Bolivia Bolivian Peso	10) 300.3		(0)2.68 ((F)4,355	Saudi ArabiaSaudi Ryal Sanegal	5.23 597.125
Botowene Bule	1,6250	JapanYen	350.0	Senegal	10.06.203
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Bulgaria Lev	1,5020	Kenys Kanya Shiffing Kiribati Australian S Korea (Nth) Won Korea (Sth) Won	1.6365	Somali Republic Somali Shilling	' 23.36
Burma	12,04 134,215	Korea (Nth) Won	1,62:11)		1.6795 226.65
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t Canada Canadian 3	1,8495 226,65	Lags	7.7450	North Africa Peseta	226.65
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Cayman Islands, Cay. Is. \$ Cent. Afr. Republic C.F.A. Franc	1,25125	Liberia Liberian 5	1,5016 0,4445	Sudan RepublicSudan £ (u) Surinam	2.6876
Cent. Afr. Republic C.F.A. Franc	597,125 597,125	Libya Libyan Dinar Libya Dinar Libya Dinar	3.1725	Properties and Libertonia	1,6795
Chile Chilean Peso	124,16	Luxembourg Lux Franc	79.65	SwedenS. Krona SwitzerlandSwiss Franc	11.695 3.1725
China	124.16 8.9476 (F) 127.97	Macao,, Pataca	13.00 .	SWILLBIRED	I A) (T:10.00
Colombia	597,185	Madeira	186,50	SyriaSyrian £	· 1.CM-6.20
Congo (Brazzylije), C.F.A. Franc	j 597,125		632,5	TaiwanNaw Taiwan \$	60.35 18.32
Costa RiceColon	(F) 62,30	Malaysia	3.5220	TanzaniaTan. Shilling	\$1.39
Guba Cuban Peso	(F) 65,60 : 1.3085	Malaysia Ringgit Maldive Islands Ringgit Maldive Islands Ruffyaa Malf Republip Malf Franc Matts Martinique Local Franc Mauritania Ouguiya Mauritius M. Rupee	11.54	Thailand	597,125
Cyprus Cyprus £	0.805 4	Man Kepublig Man Franc	1,194,25	Tonga islandsHa'anga	. 1,6365 : 8,6056
1	(foom) 9.80	Martinique Local Franc	11.9425		1.032(sg)
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Faikland Islands Faikland is & Farce Islands Danish Kroner	1.0 14.135	Notherlands Guilder	4,385	VenezuelaBolivar	141 7.73 151 14.90
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(Fi24 .65 Zimbabwe ...... Zimbabwe \$ \* Rate is the transfer market (controlled). ‡‡ Now one official rate. (U) Unified rate. Applicable on all transactions except countries having a bilateral greement with Egypt and who are not members of IMF. (#) Based on gross rates against Russian rouble. (1) Essential goods. (2) Preferential rate for promity mports such as foodstuffs. (3) Non-essential imports and private sector applicants. (4) Preferential rate for public sector debt and essential imports. (5) Free rate for luxury imports, remittances of money abroad and foreign travel. (7) Parallel rate.

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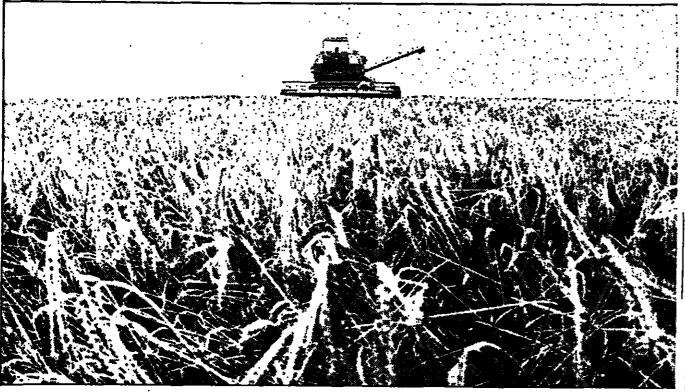
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# INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS

EUROBONDS

# Australia issues £100m

By Mary Ann Sieghart in London AUSTRALIA has followed up its recent \$500m offering in the Eurodollar bond market with a £100m bulldog bond, led by S. G. Warburg.

The bond matures in 2015 and will yield 110 basis points over the 13% per cent UK Government band due in 2004-08. Terms will be set tomorrow afternoon and the price is expected to be around 95, reflecting the current demand for discounted bonds. On yesterday's prices, it would have yielded about 11.88 per cent: £25 is payable now and the balance in four months' time. Despite its size, the issue appeared to

In the dollar sector, only one ne issue was launched: a \$100m box for Industrial Bank of Japan, led t IBJ International with Banker Trost and Morgan Stanley. The eight-year issue has an 11% procent coupon at a price of 99%, givin a yield of 11.93 per cent.

Although it involves an interestrate swap into floating-rate debt, the deal was not thought to be tightly priced and, reflecting the popularity of the borrower, it traded at a 1 per cent discount, well within its selling conversion

The dollar secondary market put in a disappointing performance, considering that Friday's U.S. money-supply figures were better than expected. Turnover was very low and although prices were marked up by %-% point in the morning, when the New York market opened weaker they fell back again and closed about % point up on the day.

"Though everybody is quietly bullish, nobody is willing to put their money where their mouth is," said one dealer. "They are making every excuse under the sun not to deal."

In the German market, Finland is raising DM 150m through a seven-year deal, paying 8 per cent at par. Led by Dresdner Bank, the bond was popular with investors, trading at a small discount of about ½ point. The Province of Quebec became the fourth Canadian province in two months to tap the Swiss franc market yesterday when it launched a SwFr 100m, 10-year public issue through Credit Suisse. The indicated yield is 5½ per cent.

Eurofina, the financing company for railway rolling stock, is raising LuxFr 600m through an eight-year, 10 per cent bond priced at par. Kreditbank Luxembourgoise is leading the deal.

leading the deal.

Prices were marked up by about % point in the D-Mark market after Friday's U.S. money supply news, but turnover was low. In Switzerland, prices of seasoned bonds closed unchanged in moderate turnover.

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## FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

The list shows the 200 latest international band issues for which an adequate secondary market exists. I further details of these or other bands see the complete list of Euroband prices which is published monthly. T following are closing prices for October 17.

	Appex 0/S Fig 10% 90	100	1414	95Vs	+814	-8%	11.38
	Back of Tokyo 11 SD		95 %			-84	
•	British Cal Hyd 1014 88			97%		-8%	19.55
	British Fig. 1174 90	125	\$\$V2		7		11.43
	DITION FOR 1174 3U			25 Va	1864	-876	12.53
	CCCE 1144 97	75	981/2			-84	12.55
	CCCL 12% 95			1377	****		12.57
	Cast Imp Bk Cont 11 90						11.86
ı	Cleans 0/S 10% 98	100		53%		+01/4	
	Cisicora O/S 11-44 SO			. 931/4		-0%	12.19
-	Coca Cola Int 81/4 82	100	117	1244		-1%	11.12
-	Cred Sousse BAN 101/2 90	1501		97Vr		-814	11.18
_	Den Hersk Cred 1144 83	50	1374			-84	12,32
•	Do Post 11% 95	150				-84	11.23
	[ EC.S.C. 11% 80	75		1884		-8Yt	11.88
l	E.O.C. 1134 87	100	10 <del>8%</del>		+8V2		11.45
	E.D.F. 11% 93	100	234		+8%		12.23
•	EEC 11 87	350	9854	9514	+814	-84	11.35
[	ELS. 10% 93	200	92 %	23%	+0%	-04	11.37
	EI.B. 11 91	125	351/2	36	+8%	-8%	11.35
_	ELB. 11% 93			- 95	184	-8%	12.08
5	Electrolar 10 Vz 90	58	\$154	12Va	+814	-814	12.33
	Essentia Fin 115/s 93		961/2	97			-12.18
i	Full let Fin 10% 90		9476	9476		-8%	
	Ger Bec Credit 974 81	100	911/2	22		-8%	
:	SMAC G/S Fin 1012 90	200	96%	97%	8/2	- 87/6	11.18
٠.	SMAC B/S Fin 113/s 90	100	97%	98%	-		11.78
	Honeywell hat 10% 90	100	973A	524	+5%	ŧ -	11.17
1	ladost Bk Japan 10 Va 58	106	57%	97%		-84	
٠ ا	Jases Air Lines 101% 98		52%		+84		
. [	James Air Lines 11 83	75	95%	<b>16</b> Va		+6%	
1	J.C. Pency 11% 90	100	981/2	984	-	·- :	12.01
. 1	J. P. Morpau 117/s 90 WW	150	981/2	99	+61/4	8	11.63
1	Levi Stratuss lot 11 90	75	97Ve		+476	-1%	11,58
П	LT.CB. 1094 90		- 94	541/2 .	+8V4	-8V2	12.03
.	LT.C.B. 121/2 90	85	183	183V2	₫ .		11.78
. 1	Marrill Lyach 104/x 917	200	957	45 W	+844		11.54
1	Micsebishi Corp 184z 90	100	5474	蜗从	+81/2	-044	11.00
1	Mitselishi Fin 114: 90	100	<b>35%</b>		+\$14		†2. <b>5</b> 5
1	Nippon Credit 11 90	100	<b>25</b> 1/2		+0%		12.02 .
.	0.K.B. 10 91	100	<b>9</b> 1		+8%		11,78
1	Cotario Hydro 1014 90	250	SK.		+8%		11.5T
ı	Ontario Hydro 11 Vs 89		190% 1		+87%		11.14
1	Pacific Gas & Elec 12 81	.75	1 <u>014</u> 6 1				1L63
F	Productial C/S 101/a 63	100	<b>55%</b>		+87		\$1. <b>23</b> '
۱	Predential 0/\$-12% 87		183% 1		+6%		11,41 .
ı	Sealatcheman Pr 1074: 90 Sears O/S Fin 114: 93	125 150			+814		
١	S.N.C.F. 111/2 83			91%			11,91
Į	Stir Cal Edison 101/2 90	100 75			+0% +6%		12.89
ı	Sumptome Fin 1074, 90	100			+044 · +842		11.11.
ı	Texases Capital 974-90	150			+8%		11.95 11.14
ı	URC 10.88	. 18A	95%		+844		11.14 12.25
١	U.B.S. 10 88	150	30-76 10176 1		+8%		18.58
ı	World Rank 102h 98	150	.35% .		-174		11.34
۱	World Rank 71 Vs. 88	100	39% .		+81/2 +		11.33
1	1100-2007 1 1 17 0V MANNINE			15 ,	7874		1 1002

| STRAIGHT | STRAIGHT | Strand | Sid | Offer | day | week | Yield | Alf. A.S. & Ye 83 | 100 | 181 \( \text{vs} \) | 107 | 181 \( \text{vs} \) | 8 | 8 | A.A. A.S. & Ye 83 | 100 | 181 \( \text{vs} \) | 107 | 181 \( \text{vs} \) | 108 | 181 \( \text{vs} \) | 109 \( \text{vs} \) | 109 | 181 \( \text{vs} \) | 109 \( \text{vs} \) | 10

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\* No information ampliable previous Ray's price.

† Only one market maker supplied a price.

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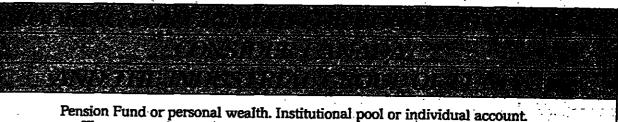
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